

Freewheels

Backstops • Overrunning Clutches • Indexing Freewheels



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Complete Freewheels		Used as		With	Nominal	Bore	Page
Complete ricewneels	Backstops	1	Indexing Freewheel	bearing support	torques up to Nm	up to mm	ruge
for bolting to the face		Jere Jere	<u> </u>				
FB with sprags, available in five types					160 000	300	16
FKh with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off				<u> </u>	22 000	120	18
BD X with sprag lift-off X					42 500	150	20
BD R with rollers					57 500	150	22
with mounting flange							
FBF with sprags, available in five types					160 000	300	24
FGR SF A1A2 with sprags					2 1 5 0	50	26
FGR SF A2A7 with sprags					2 1 5 0	50	26
FGR R A1A2 with rollers					68 000	150	28
FGR R A2A7 with rollers					68 000	150	28
for keyway connection on the outer ring							
BM X with sprag lift-off X				•	42 500	150	30
BM R with rollers				0	57 500	150	32
FGRN R A5A6 with rollers					6800	80	34
with lever arm							
BA XG with sprag lift-off X and grease lubrication					42 500	150	36
BC XG with sprag lift-off X and grease lubrication				0	42 500	150	36
BA X with sprag lift-off X					42 500	150	38
BC X with sprag lift-off X					42 500	150	38
BA R with rollers				0	57 500	150	40
BC R with rollers					57 500	150	40
FGR R A3A4 with rollers					68 000	150	42
FGR R A2A3 with rollers					68 000	150	42
FA with sprags and grease lubrication				0	2 500	85	44
FAV with rollers and grease lubrication					5 000	80	46
with shaft coupling							
FBL for large shaft misalignments, with sprags				•	8000	140	48
FBE for small shaft misalignments, with sprags					160 000	300	50
Housing Freewheels	Backstop	Used as Overrunning Clutch	Indexing Freewheel	With bearing support	Nominal torque up to Nm	Shaft up to mm	Page
for stationary arrangement			-				
FKhG with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off				•	14000	110	52



Basic Freewheels		Used as		With bearing	Nominal torque	Bore	Page
	Backstop	Overrunning Clutch	Indexing Freewheel	support	up to Nm	up to mm	
for assembly with customer connecting parts							
FBO with sprags, available in five types					160 000	300	5
FGR SF with sprags					2 1 5 0	50	5
FGR R with rollers					68 000	150	6
Integrated Freewheels		Used as		With	Nominal	Bore	Page
	Backstop	Overrunning Clutch	Indexing Freewheel	bearing support	torque up to Nm	up to mm	
for bolting to the face			11		•		
FXM with sprag lift-off X					364 000	320	6
FON with sprags, available in three types					25 000	155	6
for bolting to the face, with torque limiting							
FXRV with sprag lift-off X					53 000	320	6
FXRT with sprag lift-off X and with release function					53 000	320	6
Internal Freewheels		Used as		With	Nominal	Bore	Page
	Backstop	Overrunning Clutch	Indexing Freewheel	bearing support	torque up to Nm	up to mm	
for press fit on the outer ring	!				•		
FXN with sprag lift-off X					20 000	130	72
FEN with sprags					4000	100	7
FGK with sprags and bearing support					460	50	7
FCN K/CF with sprags					500	60	8
FCN R with rollers					840	80	82
FDN with sprags, available in three types					2 400	80	84
FDE with sprags, available in three types					2 400	95	8
FD with sprags, available in three types					2 400	95	8
ZZ with sprags and bearing support					325	40	9
ZZ 2RS with sprags, bearing support and seals					325	40	9
ZZ P2RS with sprags, bearing support and seals					138	30	9
ZZ P with sprags and bearing support					325	40	9,
for keyway connection on the outer ring							
ZZ PP with sprags and bearing support					325	40	9
FSN with rollers					3 000	80	9
FN with rollers					3 000	60	98
FNR with rollers and bearing support					3 000	60	10
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Design and Function of Freewheels



Freewheels are power transmission components with particular characteristics:

- In one direction of rotation there is no contact between the inner and outer ring; the freewheel is in freewheeling operation.
- In the other direction of rotation there is contact between the inner and outer ring; in this direction it is possible to transmit high torque.

For example the outer ring of the freewheel shown in figure 1 can freewheel clockwise while the inner ring is stationary. If, however, the outer ring is turned in the opposite direction, there is contact between the inner and outer ring and the inner ring is driven (driving operation).

Freewheels are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

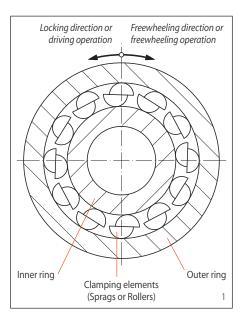
Freewheels can fulfill these functions completely automatically in the most diverse machines. No mechanical or hydraulic operating equipment is required, as for example with external actuated clutches or brakes. Freewheels consist of an inner and an outer ring between which clamping elements are arranged. Clamping elements can be sprags or rollers. We differentiate as follows:

- · Freewheels with bearing support and
- Freewheels without bearing support.

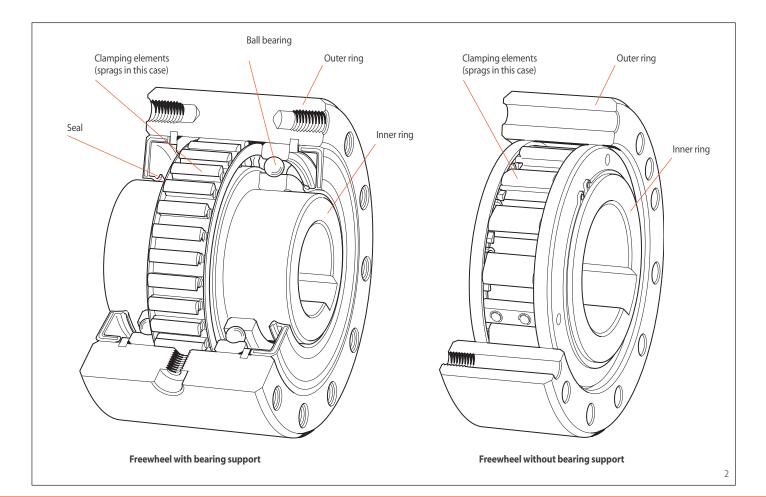
For a freewheel to function, the concentric alignment of the inner and outer ring is required. In the case of freewheels without bearing support, concentric alignment like this must be provided by the customer.

RINGSPANN freewheels are an indispensable design element in the machine building industry as well as in the aerospace industry. Many designs are only economical if freewheels are used. The freewheel as an automatic driving element is preferred to conventional solutions because it offers the following significant advantages:

- operating safety,
- · efficiency and
- · a higher degree of automation.



With more than 50 years experience in the development, production and sales of freewheels, RINGSPANN offers the most comprehensive range of freewheels. A global network of subsidiaries and sales agencies ensures the best possible personal on-site service. Assembly and production facilities in various countries provide fast, reliable delivery.



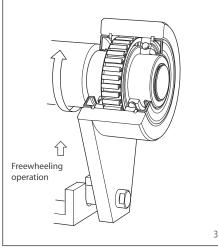
Applications of Freewheels



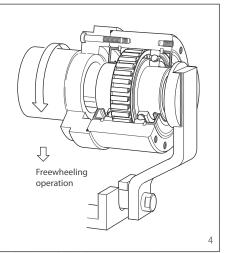
Backstop

Freewheels are used as backstops if reverse rotation of the operating direction is to be prevented. In many machines and installations, for technical safety or functional reasons, it is necessary to ensure that you are working in just one specified direction of rotation. This is why there are legal stipulations requiring a mechanical safety device for the operation of, e.g. conveyor systems.

The normal operating mode of a backstop is freewheeling operation; the locking (torque transmission) is performed at zero speed. The immediate engagement of the clamping elements ensures the required high operating safety.



In general, backstops are used where the inner ring freewheels and the stationary held outer ring prevents reverse rotation (figure 3).



The more complicated designed backstops where the outer ring freewheels and the stationary held inner ring prevents reverse rotation are rarely used today (figure 4).

> Overrunning Clutch

The overrunning clutch engages machines or machine parts and automatically interrupts their contact as soon as the driven part of the overrunning clutch is turned faster than the driving part. In many cases, this can replace a more expensive externally actuated clutch.

With overrunning clutches the engagement takes place in the driving operation (torque transmission), while in freewheeling operation the torque transmission between the inner and outer ring is interrupted. In driving operation the speeds of the inner and outer ring are equal, while in freewheeling operation they are different.

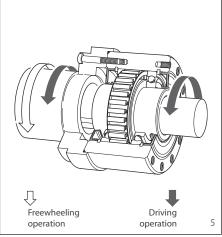


Figure 5 shows an overrunning clutch where in driving operation the power flow is transferred from the inner ring to the outer ring and in freewheeling operation the outer ring overruns the inner ring at a higher speed.

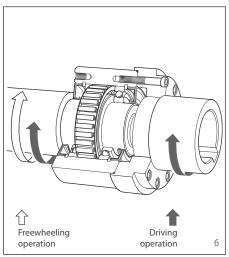


Figure 6 shows an overrunning clutch where in driving operation the power flow is transferred from the outer ring to the inner ring and in freewheeling operation the inner ring overruns the outer ring at a higher speed.

Indexing Freewheel

The indexing freewheel transmits a back and forth motion into a stepped rotation (indexed feed). The RINGSPANN indexing freewheel works precisely and quietly and enables an infinitly adjustable setting of the feed.

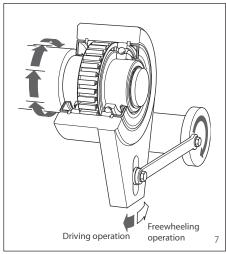


Figure 7 shows an indexing freewheel where the outer ring makes the back and forth motion and the inner ring carries out the indexed feed.

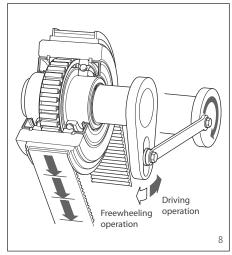
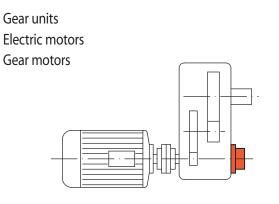


Figure 8 shows an indexing freewheel where the inner ring makes the back and forth motion and the outer ring carries out the indexed feed.

Areas of Application for Freewheels

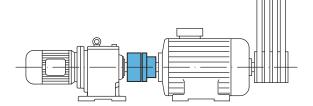
Areas of application for Backstops



The backstop prevents reverse rotation in a drive of a conveyor system when the power fails or the motor is turned off.

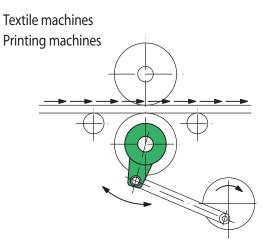
Areas of application for Overrunning Clutches

Textile machines Printing machines

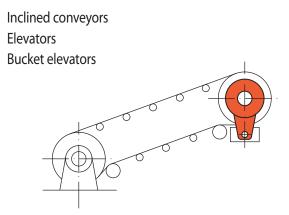


During normal operation of textile or printing machines, the overrunning clutch separates the barring drive which is used for set up from the main drive.

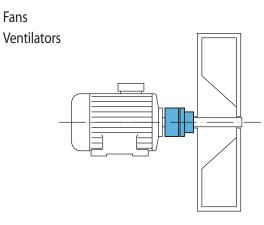
Areas of application for Indexing Freewheels



The indexing freewheel generates an indexed feed in textile and printing machines.

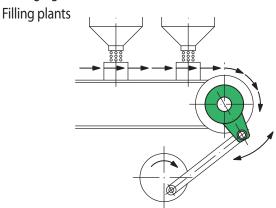


The backstop prevents reverse rotation of the conveyor load if the power fails or the motor is turned off.



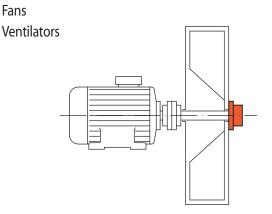
If fans or ventilators are turned off, the overrunning clutch prevents the flywheel mass from rotating the drive.

Packaging machines



The indexing freewheel is used in packaging machines and filling plants for an indexed feed.

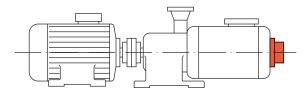




The backstop prevents reverse rotation under the back pressure of the conveyed medium if the motor is turned off.

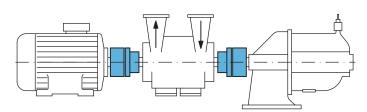
Pumps

Compressors



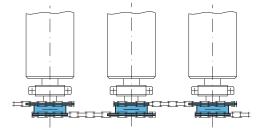
The backstop prevents reverse rotation under the back pressure of the conveyed medium if the motor is turned off.

Pumps Generators



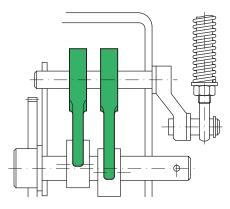
In multimotor drives the overrunning clutch disengages the inactive or lower speed drive.

Roller conveyor



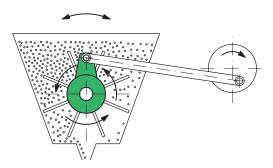
The overrunning clutch ensures that the conveyed material can be pushed or pulled faster over the rollers than the speed of the drive.

High voltage switches



In high voltage switches for tensioning a spring, the indexing freewheel is used in the place of a reduction gear.

Seed spreader

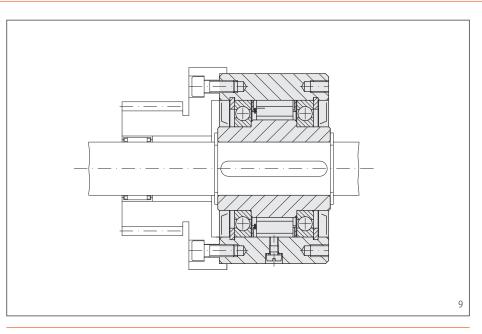


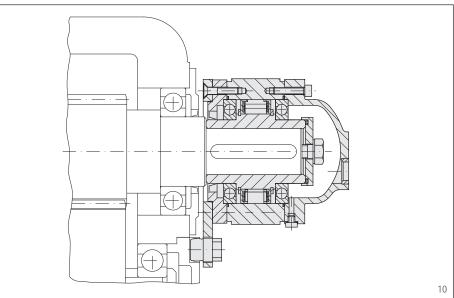
The indexing freewheel replaces a reduction gear in seed spreader.

Categories of Freewheels

Complete Freewheels

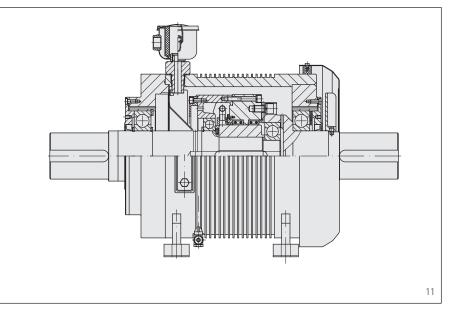
- With bearing support between inner and outer ring
- Completely enclosed
- With own lubrication
- Connection to the outer ring and the customer part by:
 - bolting to the face (figure 9),
 - mounting flange,
 - keyway connection on the outer ring,
 - lever arm (figure 10) or
 - shaft coupling.



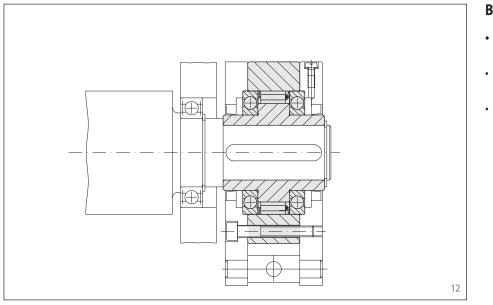


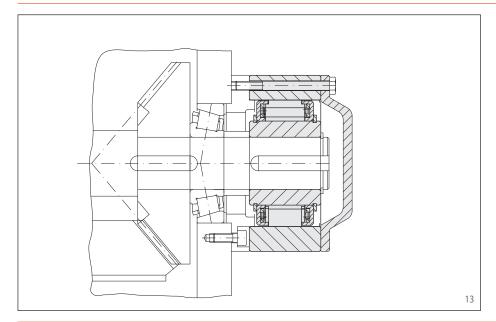
Housing Freewheels

- With bearing support between inner and outer ring
- Completely enclosed by its own housing
- With own lubrication
- With bearing supported input and output shafts
- Stationary arrangement
- Exclusively used as an overrunning clutch







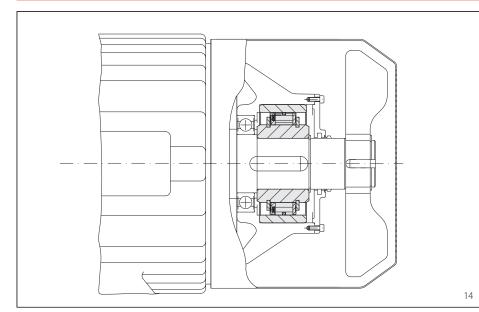


Basic Freewheels

- With bearing support between inner and outer ring
- For assembly with customer connecting parts
- Lubrication if necessary to be provided by the customer

Integrated Freewheels

- Without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer
- Integrating the outer ring on the customer part by bolting to the face
- Lubrication if necessary to be provided by the customer



Internal Freewheels

- Series both with and without bearing support. In the case of series without bearing support, concentric alignment of the inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer
- Installing the outer ring in the customer's housing with press fit or keyway connection. This makes compact, space-saving solutions possible
- Lubrication if necessary to be provided by the customer

Freewheels with Sprags or Rollers

two different designs of freewheels

Design as Sprag Freewheel

The sprag freewheel has outer and inner rings with cylindrical tracks. The individually spring loaded sprags are arranged in between the rings. The freewheel locks without slipping. Different sprag profiles enable a multitude of types. Types are available for:

- High torques
- Contactless freewheeling operation
- · High indexing accuracy

Function of Sprag Freewheels

With the sprag arrangement illustrated in figure 16, the outer ring can be turned freely clockwise (freewheeling operation), if the inner ring

- is at a standstill,
- is turned anticlockwise or
- is turned clockwise slower than the outer ring.

If the outer ring - e.g. with a stationary inner ring - is turned in the opposite direction, the clamping becomes effective. The sprags clamp without slipping between the tracks. In this direction of rotation high torque can be transmitted (driving operation).

The sprag arrangement in figure 16 also enables freewheeling operation while the inner ring is turned anticlockwise and driving operation when turning clockwise.

On the line of influence which links the points of contact of the sprag to the inner track and the sprag to the outer track, in driving operation the clamping generates the forces F_I and F_A (refer to figure 17). Because of the equilibrium of forces, these are equal. The forces F_I and F_A can be devided into the normal forces F_{NI} and F_{NA} as well as into the circumferential forces F_{TI} and F_{TA} . The line of influence forms against the force F_{NI} or F_{NA} the clamping angle ϵ_I or ϵ_A , whereby $\epsilon_I > \epsilon_A$. To achieve self-locking, the tangent of the clamping angle ϵ_I must be less than the friction value μ .

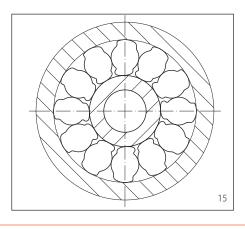
$$\tan \varepsilon_{I} = \frac{F_{TI}}{F_{NII}} \leq \mu$$

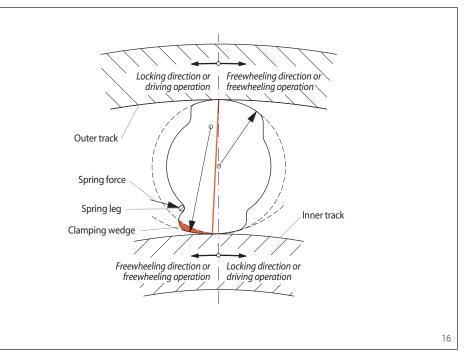
Because of the relationship

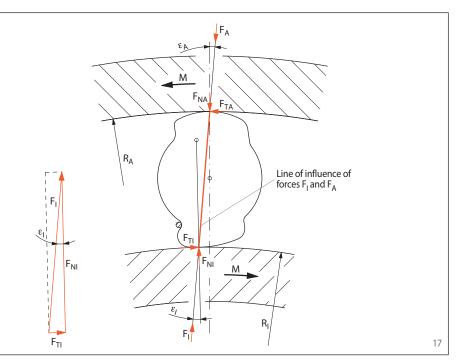
$$M = z \cdot R_{I} \cdot F_{TI} = z \cdot R_{I} \cdot F_{NI} \cdot \tan \varepsilon_{I}$$
$$= z \cdot R_{A} \cdot F_{TA} = z \cdot R_{A} \cdot F_{NA} \cdot \tan \varepsilon_{A}$$

with z = number of sprags

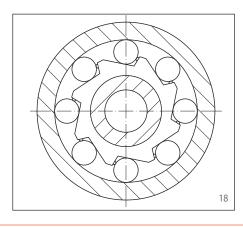
the normal forces and the clamping angles adapt automatically to the acting torque M.





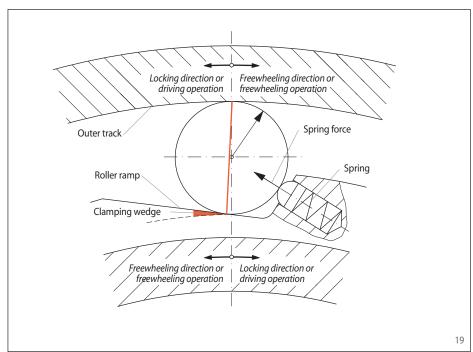


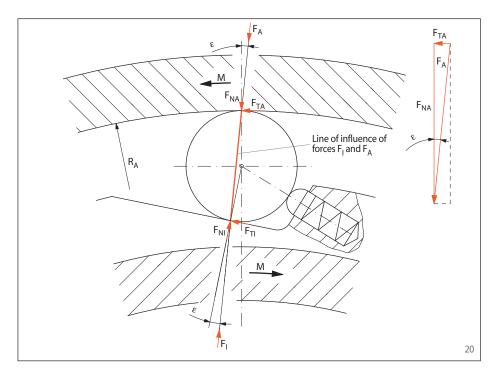




Design as a Roller Freewheel

With roller freewheels either the inner or the outer ring has roller ramps. The other ring has a cylindrical track. The individually spring loaded rollers are arranged in between the rings. The freewheel locks without slipping.





Function of Roller Freewheels

With the version illustrated in figure 19, the outer ring can be turned freely clockwise (free-wheeling operation), if the inner ring

- is at a standstill,
- · is turned anticlockwise or
- is turned clockwise slower than the outer ring.

If the outer ring - e.g. with a stationary inner ring - is turned in the opposite direction, the clamping becomes effective. The rollers clamp without slipping between the tracks. In this direction of rotation high torque can be transmitted (driving operation).

The version illustrated in figure 19 also enables a freewheeling operation while the inner ring is turned anticlockwise and driving operation when turning clockwise.

On the line of influence which links the points of contact of the roller to the roller ramp and the roller to the outer track, in driving operation the clamping generates the forces F_I and F_A (refer to figure 20). Because of the equilibrium of forces, these are equal. The forces F_I and F_A can be devided into the normal forces F_{NI} and F_{NA} as well as into the circumferential forces F_{TI} and F_{TA} . The line of influence forms against the force F_{NI} or F_{NA} the clamping angle ϵ . To achieve self-locking, the tangent of the clamping angle must be less than the friction value μ . E.g. for the contact point of the roller to the outer track this means:

$$\tan \epsilon = \frac{F_{TA}}{F_{NA}} \leq \mu$$

Because of the relationship

 $M = z \cdot R_A \cdot F_{TA} = z \cdot R_A \cdot F_{NA} \cdot tan \epsilon$

with z = number of rollers

the normal force and the clamping angle adapt automatically to the acting torque M.

Types for Extended Service Life

		Standard type	Type with sprag lift-off X	Type with sprag lift-off Z	Type with RIDUVIT®	Type with P-grinding	Type with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off
		For universal use	For extended service life using sprag lift-off at high speed rotating inner ring	For extended service life using sprag lift-off at high speed rotating outer ring	For extended service life using coated sprags	For extended service life and indexing accuracy	For extended service life using sprag lift-off at high speed rotating outer ring
	Backstop	Up to medium speeds during freewheeling operation (inner or outer ring freewheels)	Up to very high speeds during freewheeling operation (inner ring freewheels)	Up to very high speeds during freewheeling operation (outer ring freewheels)	Up to high speeds during freewheeling operation (inner or outer ring freewheels)		
as	ng Clutch	Up to medium speeds during freewheeling operation (inner or outer ring overruns)	Up to very high speeds during freewheeling operation (inner ring overruns)	Up to very high speeds during freewheeling operation (outer ring overruns)	Up to high speeds during freewheeling operation (inner or outer ring overruns)		Up to very high speeds during freewheeling operation (outer ring overruns)
Useas	Overrunni	Up to very high speeds in driving operation (outer or inner ring drives)	Low speeds in driving operation (outer ring drives)	Low speeds in driving operation (inner ring drives)	Up to very high speeds in driving operation (outer or inner ring drives)		Up to very high speeds in driving operation (inner ring drives)
	Indexing Freewheel Overrunning Clutch	Up to a medium total number of actuations				Up to a high total number of actuations	

In addition the standard type, RINGSPANN has developed five other types for extended service

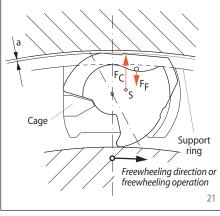
life for freewheels with sprags. The table above lists the recommended application conditions

for these types.

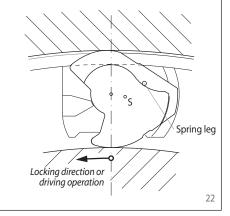
Type with sprag lift-off X

The sprag lift-off X is applied for backstops and overrunning clutches, provided in freewheeling operation the inner ring is rotating at high speed and providing with overrunning clutches the driving operation is conducted at low speed. In freewheeling operation, the centrifugal force F_C causes the sprag to lift off from the outer track. In this operating state, the freewheel works wear-free, i.e. with unrestricted service life.

Figure 21 shows a freewheel with sprag lift-off X in freewheeling operation. The sprags, which are supported in a cage connected with the inner ring, rotate with the inner ring. The centrifugal force F_C that is applied in the centre of gravity S of the sprag turns the sprag anticlockwise and rests against the support ring of the cage.



This results in the gap a between the sprag and the outer track; the freewheel works without contact. If the inner ring speed decreases to such an extent that the effect of the centrifugal force on the sprag is less than that of the spring

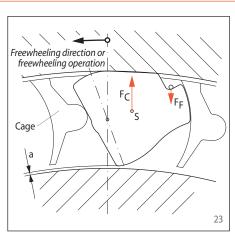


force F_F , the sprag again rests on the outer ring and the freewheel is ready to lock (figure 22). If used as an overrunning clutch, the driving speed must not exceed 40% of the lift-off speed.

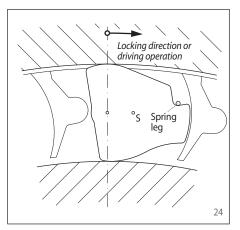
Type with sprag lift-off Z

The sprag lift-off Z is applied for backstops and overrunning clutches, provided in freewheeling operation the outer ring is rotating at high speed, and providing with overrunning clutches the driving operation is conducted at low speed. In freewheeling operation, the centrifugal force F_C causes the sprag to lift off from the inner track. In this operating state, the freewheel works wear-free, i.e. with unrestricted service life.

Figure 23 shows a freewheel with sprag lift-off Z in freewheeling operation. The sprags rotate with the outer ring. The centrifugal force F_C that is applied in the centre of gravity S of the sprag turns the sprag anticlockwise and rests against the outer ring. This results in the gap a between the sprag and the inner track; the freewheel



works without contact. If the outer ring speed decreases to such an extent that the effect of the centrifugal force on the sprag is less than that of the spring force F_F, the sprag again rests



on the inner ring and the freewheel is ready to lock (figure 24). If used as an overrunning clutch, the driving speed must not exceed 40% of the lift-off speed.



Type RIDUVIT®

RINGSPANN sprags are made from chrome steel, the same material as used for the balls in ball bearings. The high compressive strength, elasticity and tensile strength of this material is required for the sprags in a locked state. In freewheeling operation, however, it is able to cope with utmost wear resistance on the points of contact of the sprag with the inner track. All of these requirements are perfectly fulfilled by using a chrome steel sprag with RIDUVIT coating. The RIDUVIT coating lends the sprag a resistance to wear akin to that of hard metal. The technology used here is based on state-ofthe-art tribology research. RIDUVIT sprags are used in backstops and overrunning clutches and considerably increase the service life.

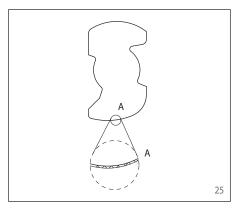


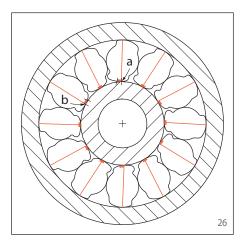
The P-grinding gives the RINGSPANN sprag freewheel its outstanding suitability as an indexing freewheel. P-grinding means that the outer track is not round, it is ground in a polygon shape. This means that the distance between the outer race and the inner race differs varies at different points on the circumference. As, during operation, the sprag slowly wanders in the circumferential direction, its angle position is constantly changing. The contact line on the sprag hence moves back and forth between the points a and b. This means the wear is distributed across the sprag over a greater area, which means the sprag profile that is so critical for its function is maintained. The

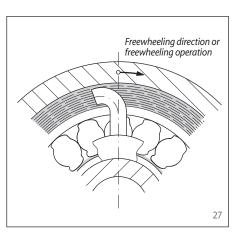
Type with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off

The hydrodynamic sprag lift-off is the ideal solution for overrunning clutches at high speeds, not only in freewheeling operation, but also in the driving operation, as can occur, for example, in multimotor drives. In the case of the hydrodynamic sprag lift-off, the lifting force is generated by an oil flow. The relative speed between the inner and outer rings is decisive for the lifting-off function. Compared to the freewheels with sprag lift-off X or Z, here the driving speed.

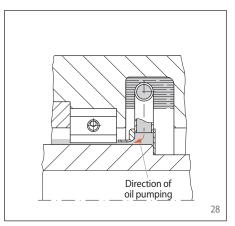
The freewheels with hydrodynamic sprag liftoff (series FKh and FKhG) include an oil pump that is based on the pitot tube principle. The pitot tubes are connected with the inner ring. When the outer ring is rotating, an oil ring forms in the oil chamber, into which the pitot tubes are immersed. As soon as the outer ring overruns the inner ring, the pitot tubes pumps the oil under pressure into the ring chamber and the oil then seeps out through the ring gap at a high speed axially into the intermediate areas of the sprags. Depending on the relative speed between the outer and inner ring, the oil flow sprags remain capable of functioning despite a considerable degree of use. P-grinding is used on indexing freewheels as this does not just give the freewheels an increased service life, but also an increase in indexing accuracy.







does not flow axially into the intermediate areas of the sprags, but at an angle. This creates a reaction force on the sprags. This reaction force overcomes the contact force of the sprag springs, and the sprags lift off from the inner ring. This process is supported by a hydrodynamic wedge formation. If the relative speed between the outer and inner rings reduces, the lifting force also reduces. Already before achieving synchronous running, the sprags are again brought safely to rest on the inner ring and are



ready to lock. This guarantees immediate torque transfer once the synchronous speed has been reached. The hydrodynamic sprag lift-off enables a virtually wear-free freewheeling operation.



Selection torque for Backstops

Bringing a loaded inclined conveyor, an elevator or a pump to a standstill is a highly dynamic process that incurs high peak torques. These peak torgues are decisive for the selection of the backstop. The prior determination of the occurring torgue in the case of locking is carried out most safely by using a rotational vibration analysis of the entire system. This, however, reguires a knowledge of the rotating masses, the rotational rigidity and all of the excitation moments that occur on the system. In many cases, a vibrational calculation is too time consuming or you may not have all the necessary data in the configuration phase available. In this case, the selection torque M_A of the backstop should be determined as follows:

 $M_A = 1,75 \cdot \eta \cdot M_L$ [Nm]

Often you only have the figures for the motor nominal output P₀ [kW] available. Then:

$$M_{A} = 1,75 \cdot \eta^{2} \cdot 9550 \cdot P_{0}/n_{SP}$$
 [Nm]

In these equations:

- M_A = Selection torque of the backstop [Nm]
- $M_{L} = 9550 \cdot P_{L}/n_{SP} [Nm]$
 - Static backdriving torque of the load referring to the backstop shaft [Nm]
- P_L = Lifting capacity of the conveyor system at full load [kW]
 - = Lifting height [m] multiplied by the load that is being conveyed per second [kN/s]
- $P_0 = Nominal power of motor [kW]$
- n_{SP} = Speed of backstop shaft [min⁻¹]
- η = Efficiency of installation (refer to table)

After calculating M_A the backstop size must be selected in accordance with the catalogue tables in such a way that in all cases this applies:

$$M_N \ge M_A$$

M_N = Nominal torque of the backstop in accordance with the table values [Nm] It must be noted that, with a direct motor start in the locking direction of a backstop, very high peak torques can occur which in turn can destroy the backstop.

Approximate values for η :

Type of installation	η	η^2
Conveyor belts, angle up to 6°	0,71	0,50
Conveyor belts, angle up to 8°	0,78	0,61
Conveyor belts, angle up to 10°	0,83	0,69
Conveyor belts, angle up to 12°	0,86	0,74
Conveyor belts, angle up to 15°	0,89	0,79
Screw pumps	0,93	0,87
Ball mills, drying drums	0,85	0,72
Bucket conveyors, elevators	0,92	0,85
Hammer mills	0,93	0,87

Selection torque for Overrunning Clutches

In many cases where overrunning clutches are being used, dynamic processes occur that cause high peak torques. In the case of overrunning clutches, the torques that occur during start up must be observed. The peak torques when starting up can, in the case of asynchronous motors - especially when accelerating large masses and when using elastic couplings - significantly exceed the torque calculated from the motor pullover torque. The conditions for internal combustion engines are similar. Even in normal operation, on account of their degree of irregularity, peak torques can occur that are way in excess of the nominal torque.

The prior determination of the maximum occurring torque is carried out most safely by using a rotational vibration analysis of the entire system. This, however, requires a knowledge of the rotating masses, the rotational rigidity and all of the excitation moments that occur on the system. In many cases, a vibrational calculation is too time consuming or you may not have all the necessary data in the configuration phase available. In this case, the selection torque M_A of the overrunning clutch should be determined as follows:

 $M_A = K \cdot M_L$

In this equation:

- M_{Δ} = Selection torque of the freewheel
- K = Operating factor (refer to table)
- M_L = Load torque for constant rotating freewheel:
 - $= 9550 \cdot P_0/n_{FR}$
- $P_0 = Nominal power of motor [kW]$
- n_{FR} = Speed of the freewheel in driving operation [min⁻¹]

After calculating M_A the freewheel size must be selected in accordance with the catalogue tables in such a way that in all cases this applies:

$M_N \ge M_A$

M_N = Nominal torque of the freewheel in accordance with the table values [Nm] Approximate values for operating factor K:

Type of driver	K
Electric motors with low start up impact (e.g. DC motors, asynchronous motors with slip rings or soft start couplings), steam turbines, gas turbines	0.8 to 2.5
Electric motors with considerable start up im- pact (e.g. synchronous or asynchronous motors with direct start)	1.25 to 2.5
Piston engines with more than two cylinders, water turbines, hydraulic motors	1.25 to 3.15
Piston engines with one or more cylinders	1.6 to 3.15

The operating factor K depends on the properties of the driver and the machine. The general rules of mechanical engineering apply here. We know from practice that applications are known where the operating factor K can also assume values of up to 20, e.g. with a direct start-up of asynchronous electric motors in connection with elastic couplings.

Selection torque for Indexing Freewheels

The selection torque for indexing freewheels is, among other things, dependent upon how the back and forth motion is generated (crank operation, hydraulic cylinders, pneumatic cylinders etc.). It cannot be specified in a simple equation. When stating the maximum torque to be transmitted, we are happy to advise you regarding the selection torque.

Freewheel Selection



The selection of the correct freewheel depends on several criteria. In order to make an optimum freewheel selection for you, we ask that you complete the respective questionnaire on pages 110 to 113 and send it to us. If you wish to select the freewheel yourself, then we recommend - without liability for possible errors that could occur during selection - that you proceed as follows:

- 1. Determine the application of the Freewheel as a
 - Backstop
 - Overrunning Clutch
 - Indexing Freewheel

Refer to page 5.

2. Determine the suitable category of the Freewheel as

- Complete Freewheel,
- Housing Freewheel,
- Basic Freewheel,
- Integrated Freewheel or
- Internal Freewheel.
- Refer to pages 8 and 9.
- 3. Determine the selection torque of the Freewheel.

Refer to page 14.

4. Determine the suitable type of the Freewheel as

- Standard type,
- Type with sprag lift-off X,
- Type with sprag lift-off Z,
- Type with RIDUVIT,
- Type with P-grinding or
- Type with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off.

Refer to pages 12 and 13.

5. Choose the suitable Freewheel

Refer to the table of contents on pages 2 and 3, the representations of the different series on pages 16 to 101 as well as the technical points on pages 106 to 109.

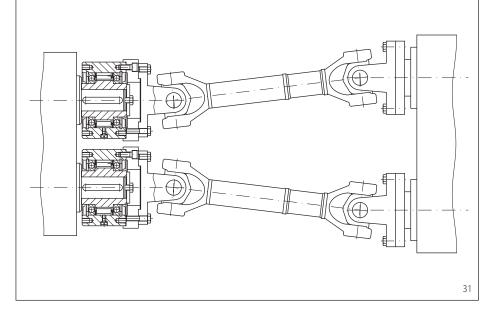


Complete Freewheels FB

for bolting to the face with sprags, available in five types







Mounting

The customer attachment part is centred on the external diameter D and then bolted on to the face.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter D of the attachment part must be ISO H7 or J7.

Features

Complete Freewheels FB are sealed sprag freewheels with ball bearings. They are supplied oil-filled and ready for installation.

The freewheels FB are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

In addition to the standard type, four other types are available for extended service life and indexing accuracy.

Nominal torques up to 160000 Nm.

Bores up to 300 mm. Many standard bores are available.

Application example

Two Complete Freewheels FB 82 SFT as overrunning clutches in the drive of an edge trimming shear in a wide strip roll train. When trimming the edges of the strip, the trimming rollers are driven by the drive of the edge trimming shear. By doing so, the two freewheels work in driving operation. As soon as the sheet metal strip is gripped by the next pair of rollers, they pull the strip at an increased speed and the inner rings overrun the slower turning drive of the edge trimming shear. By doing so, the freewheels work in freewheeling operation. The RIDUVIT sprags lend the freewheels an extended service life.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size FB 72, type with sprag lift-off Z and 38 mm bore:

• FB 72 LZ, d = 38 mm

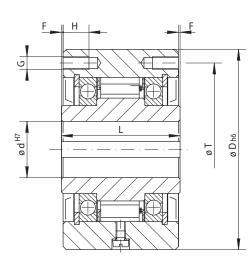
When ordering freewheel size FB 340 and FB 440, please also specify the freewheeling direction of the inner ring when viewed in direction X:

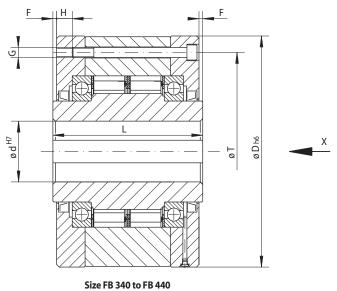
- · anticlockwise free or
- clockwise free

Complete Freewheels FB

for bolting to the face with sprags, available in five types







Size FB 24 to FB 270

32

33

Indexing Freewheel Overrunning Clutch	Backstop			dard type niversal use	_		For exter	th RIDUVIT ded service coated sprag	life		For extende	e with sprag li d service life us speed rotating	ing sprag li	ft-off	_	For extende	e with sprag l d service life us speed rotatin <u>c</u>	sing sprag lit	ft-off	For exte	ith P-grinding nded service life lexing accuracy
Freev		Туре	Nominal torque Nm	Max.s Inner ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	speed Outer ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	Туре	Nominal torque Nm		Outer ring freewheels/	Туре	Nominal torque Nm	Sprag lift-off at inner ring speed min ⁻¹	Max.s Inner ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	peed Outer ring drives min ⁻¹	Туре	Nominal torque Nm	Sprag lift-off at outer ring speed min ⁻¹	Max.s Outer ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹		Туре	Nominal torque Nm
FB	24	CF	45	4 800	5 500	CFT	45	4 800	5 500											CFP	19
FB	29	CF	80	3 500	4 000		80	3 500	4 000											CFP	31
FB	37	SF	200	2 500	2 600		200	2 500	2 600						CZ	110	850	3 000	340	SFP	120
FB	44	SF	320	1 900	2 200	SFT	320	1 900	2 200	DX	130	860	1 900	344	CZ	180	800	2 600	320	SFP	180
FB	57	SF	630	1 400		- · ·	630	1 400	1 750	DX	460	750	1 400	300	LZ	430	1 400	2 100	560	SFP	310
FB	72	SF	1 250	1 1 2 0	1 600	SFT	1 250	1 1 2 0	1 600	DX	720	700	1 150	280	LZ	760	1 220	1 800	488	SFP	630
FB	82	SF	1 800	1 025			1 800	1 0 2 5	1 450	DX	1 000	670	1 050		SFZ	1 700	1 450	1 600	580	SFP	750
FB	107	SF	2 500	880	1 250		2 500	880	1 250	DX	1 500	610	900		SFZ	2 500	1 300	1 350	520	SFP	1 250
	127	SF	5 000	800	1 150		5 000	800	1 1 5 0	SX	3 400	380	800		SFZ	5 000	1 200	1 200	480	SFP	3 100
	140	SF	10 000	750	1 100	SFT	10 000	750	1 100	SX	7 500	320	750		SFZ	10 000	950	1 150	380	SFP	6 300
	200	SF	20 000	630	900	SFT	20 000	630	900	SX	23 000	240	630		SFZ	20 000	680	900	272	SFP	12 500
FB		SF	40 000	510	750		40 000	510	750	UX	40 000	210	510	84	SFZ	37 500	600	750	240	SFP	25 000
	340	SF	80 000	460	630		80 000	460	630												
FB	440	SF	160 000	400	550	SFT	160 000	400	550												

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

Freewheel			Bor	e d			D	F	G**	Н	L	Т	Z**	Weight
Size			Standard			max.								
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm		kg
FB 24	12	14*				14*	62	1,0	M5	8	50	51	3	0,9
FB 29	15	17*				17*	68	1,0	M5	8	52	56	3	1,1
FB 37	14	16	18	20	22*	22*	75	0,5	M6	10	48	65	4	1,3
FB 44	20	22	25*			25*	90	0,5	M6	10	50	75	6	1,9
FB 57	25	28	30	32*		32*	100	0,5	M8	12	65	88	6	2,8
FB 72	35	38	40	42*		42*	125	1,0	M8	12	74	108	12	5,0
FB 82	35	40	45	50*		50*	135	2,0	M10	16	75	115	12	5,8
FB 107	50	55	60	65*		65*	170	2,5	M10	16	90	150	10	11,0
FB 127	50	60	70	75*		75*	200	3,0	M12	18	112	180	12	19,0
FB 140	65	75	80	90		95*	250	5,0	M16	25	150	225	12	42,0
FB 200	110	120				120	300	5,0	M16	25	160	270	16	62,0
FB 270	140					150	400	6,0	M20	30	212	360	18	150,0
FB 340	180					240	500	7,5	M20	35	265	450	24	275,0
FB 440	220					300	630	7,5	M30	40	315	560	24	510,0

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. * Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. ** Z = Number of tapped holes G on pitch circle T.

Complete Freewheels FKh

for bolting to the face with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off for multimotor drives





Features

Complete Freewheels FKh with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off are typically used in cases where an assembly can be driven from two or more motors or turbines at the same or similar high speed.

Complete Freewheels FKh are sealed sprag freewheels with ball bearings. They are supplied oil-filled and supplied ready for installation.

The freewheels FKh are used as:

Overrunning Clutches

if the speeds in freewheeling operation and in driving operation are the same or similarly high.

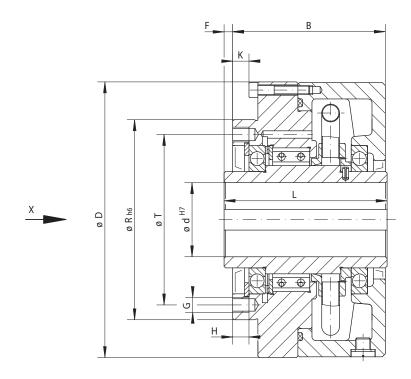
Nominal torques up to 14 000 Nm. Bores up to 95 mm.

Application example

Two Complete Freewheels FKh 28 ATR as overrunning clutches in the drive system of a fan. The fan can be driven either by an electric motor or by a turbine. The freewheels between the fan and the two drive assemblies automatically engage the working drive with the fan and in each case disengage the drive that is no longer giving power. The freewheels replace actuated clutches, which require an additional activation when changing over from one drive to another. The hydrodynamic sprag lift-off is the most suitable type for a wear-free freewheeling operation if the speeds in driving operation are the same or similarly high to those speeds in freewheeling operation.

Complete Freewheels FKh

for bolting to the face with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off for multimotor drives





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Overrunning Clutch			For extended set	rodynamic sprag rvice life using spra ed rotating outer r	igs lift-off						1	Dimensions						
				Max.s	peed	Во	re	В	D	F	G**	Н	K	L	R	Т	Z**	Weight
				Outer ring	Inner ring	d												
Freewh			Nominal	overruns	drives													
Size	2	Type	torque			Standard	max.											
			Nm	min ⁻¹	min ⁻¹	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		kg
FKh	24	ATR	1 100	3 000	3 000	35	40*	90	170	1,0	M10	11	9	95	135	115	6	9,6
FKh	28	ATR	1 800	2 000	2 000	45	50*	103	186	1,0	M10	11	11	105	135	115	12	14,0
FKh	94	ATR	2 500	1 800	1 800	60	60	112	210	7,0	M10	16	9	120	170	150	10	19,0
FKh 1	106	ATR	4 200	1 600	1 600	70	75*	116	250	7,5	M12	18	8	125	200	180	12	25,0
FKh 1	48	ATR	7 000	1 600	1 600	90	95*	156	291	7,5	M16	25	9	165	250	225	12	52,0
FKh 2	.53	ATR	14 000	1 600	1 600	90	95*	241	345	2,0	M16	25	6	245	250	220	16	98,0

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.
 ** Z = Number of tapped holes G on pitch circle T.

Mounting

The customer attachment part is centered on the diameter R and then bolted on to the face.

The installation must invariably take place in such a way that the drive (driving operation) is carried out via the inner ring and the outer ring overruns in freewheeling operation.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter R of the attachment part must be ISO H7 or J7.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size FKh 28, type with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off and 50 mm bore:

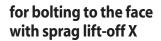
• FKh 28 ATR, d = 50 mm

When ordering, please also specify the freewheel direction of the outer ring when viewed in direction X:

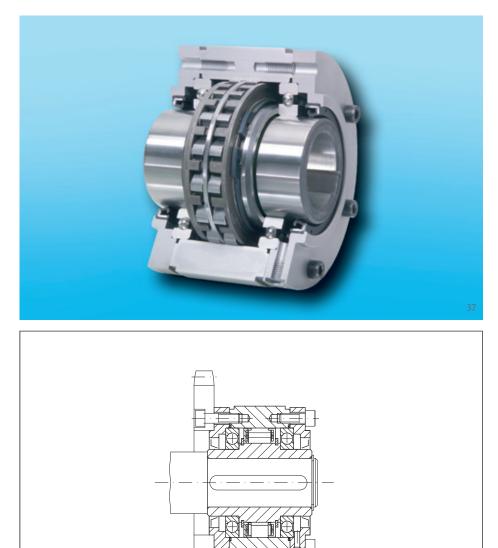
- · anticlockwise free or
- clockwise free

19

Complete Freewheels BD ... X







Features

Complete Freewheels BD ... X are sealed sprag freewheels with ball bearings and sprag lift-off X. They are supplied oil-filled.

The sprag lift-off X ensures wear-free freewheeling operation when the inner ring rotates at high speed.

The freewheels BD ... X are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches

for applications with high speed freewheeling operation and when used as an overrunning clutch with low speed driving operation.

Nominal torques up to 42 500 Nm.

Bores up to 150 mm.

Application example

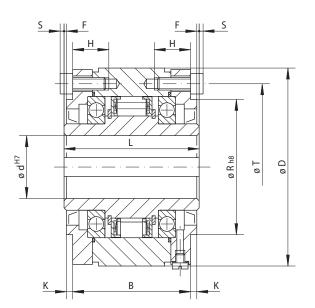
38

Complete Freewheel BD 45 SX as an overrunning clutch on the shaft end of the high speed rotating main drive of a textile machine. The sprocket is linked to an auxiliary drive. In normal operation (freewheeling operation) the inner ring overruns and the outer ring is at a standstill with the bolted on sprocket. During set-up, the machine is driven by the slowly running auxiliary drive via the chain drive and the freewheel that is working in the driving operation. With the high speed of the inner ring in freewheeling operation, the type sprag lift-off X is used; the sprags work in freewheeling operation without contact and hence are wear-free.

Complete Freewheels BD ... X

for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X





Overrunning Clutch Backstop		For extend	pe with sprag ded service life yh speed rotati	using sprag lif	t-off								Dimensi	ons							
Freewheel Size	Туре	Nominal torque Nm	Sprag lift-off at inner ring speed min ⁻¹	Max.s Inner ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	Speed Outer ring drives min ⁻¹	Bore d Standard max. mm mm mm mm				B	D	F	G**	H	K	L	R	S	T	Z**	Weight
BD 20	DX	420	750	1 700	300	30			30	65,5	106	0,75	M6	26	5	77	70	2,5	90	6	3,8
BD 25	DX	700	700	1 600	280	35	40		40	81,5	126	0,75	M6	30	5	93	80	2,5	105	6	6,6
BD 30	DX	1 250	630	1 600	252	45	50		50	88,5	151	0,75	M8	36	6	102	100	4,0	130	6	10,3
BD 40	DX	1 700	610	1 500	244	45	55	60	60	102,5	181	0,75	M10	37	6	116	120	6,5	160	6	17,4
BD 45	SX	2 300	400	1 500	160	55 65 70			70	115,5	196	1,25	M12	38	6	130	130	8,5	170	8	22,4
BD 52	SX	5 600	320	1 500	128	65	75	80	80	130,5	216	1,75	M14	44	8	150	150	8,5	190	8	31,1
BD 55	SX	7 700	320	1 250	128	75	85	90	90	146,5	246	1,75	M14	48	10	170	160	6,5	215	8	45,6

105

120 192,5

182,5

1,75

1,25

M14

M16

291

321

55

58

10 206

10 215

10 276 190

210

270

6,5

9,0

11.5

250

280

365

8 78,2

8 93,4

10 198,4

BD 100 UX 42 500 210 750 84 150 248,5 411 M20 79 150 3,75 The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque. Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

85

120

100

96

95

** Z = Number of tapped holes G on pitch circle T.

250

240

1100

1000

14500

21 0 0 0

Mounting

SX

SX

BD 60

BD 70

The customer attachment part is centered on the diameter R and bolted on to the face. The pilot on the covers is particularly suitable for attaching smaller and narrower parts (sprockets, gear wheels etc.).

The customer must provide fastening screws of the necessary length in order to mount the attachment part.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter R of the attachment part must be ISO H7 or J7.

Example for ordering

100

Freewheel size BD 30, type with sprag lift-off X and 45 mm bore:

21

• BD 30 DX, d = 45 mm

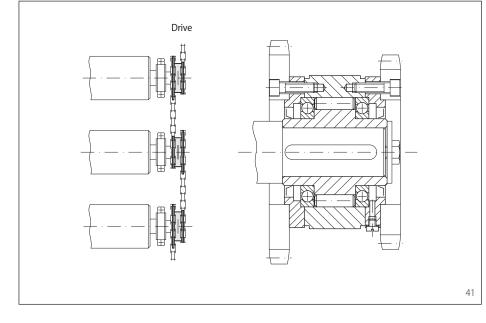
39

Complete Freewheels BD ... R



for bolting to the face with rollers





Features

Complete Freewheels BD ... R are sealed freewheels with rollers and ball bearings. They are supplied oil-filled.

The freewheels BD ... R are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

Nominal torques up to 57 500 Nm. Bores up to 150 mm.

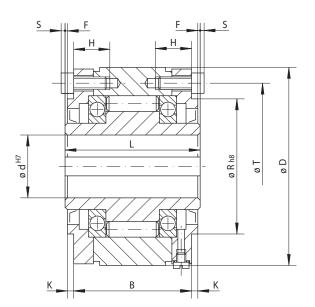
Application example

Complete freewheels BD 28 R as overrunning clutches in the roller conveyor of a continuous heating furnace system. The steel billets must run through the furnace at increasing speed. In order to achieve this, overrunning clutches with sprockets on both sides are arranged on the drive side of the transport rollers. The driven sprocket has in each case two teeth less than the driving sprocket. Therefor the speed increases from roller to roller. The length of the steel billet covers several rollers, all running at different speeds. The freewheels allow the slower rollers to adjust to the speed of the billet by overrunning their drive.

Complete Freewheels BD ... R

for bolting to the face with rollers







			Max.S			Bo			В	D	F	G**	н	K	L	R	S	Т	Z**	Weight
			Inner ring	Outer ring		d														
Freewheel		Nominal	freewheels/	freewheels/		с. I I														
Size	Туре	torque	overruns	overruns		Standard		max.												
		Nm	min ⁻¹	min ⁻¹	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		kg
BD 12	R	150	1750	3 5 0 0	15			15	60,5	71	0,75	M5	25	3	68	45	3,0	56	4	1,5
BD 15	R	230	1650	3 3 0 0	20			20	62,5	81	0,75	M5	25	3	70	50	3,0	65	4	2,0
BD 18	R	340	1550	3100	25			25	62,5	96	0,75	M5	25	3	70	60	3,0	80	6	2,9
BD 20	R	420	1450	2900	30			30	65,5	106	0,75	M6	26	5	77	70	2,5	90	6	3,8
BD 25	R	800	1 2 5 0	2500	35	40		40	81,5	126	0,75	M6	30	5	93	80	2,5	105	6	6,6
BD 28	R	1 200	1100	2200	35	40	45	45	81,5	136	0,75	M8	30	6	95	90	4,0	115	6	7,8
BD 30	R	1600	1 0 0 0	2000	45	50		50	88,5	151	0,75	M8	36	6	102	100	4,0	130	6	10,3
BD 35	R	1800	900	1800	50	55		55	96,5	161	0,75	M8	35	6	110	110	4,0	140	6	12,5
BD 40	R	3 500	800	1600	45	55	60	60	102,5	181	0,75	M10	37	6	116	120	6,5	160	6	17,4
BD 45	R	7100	750	1 500	55	65	70	70	115,5	196	1,25	M12	38	6	130	130	8,5	170	8	22,4
BD 50	R	7 500	700	1 400	70	75		75	117,5	206	1,25	M12	39	6	132	140	8,5	180	8	24,2
BD 52	R	9300	650	1 300	65	75	80	80	130,5	216	1,75	M14	44	8	150	150	8,5	190	8	31,1
BD 55	R	12500	550	1100	75	85	90	90	146,5	246	1,75	M14	48	10	170	160	6,5	215	8	45,6
BD 60	R	14500	500	1 0 0 0	85	95	100	105	182,5	291	1,75	M14	55	10	206	190	6,5	250	8	78,2
BD 70	R	22500	425	850	120			120	192,5	321	1,25	M16	58	10	215	210	9,0	280	8	93,4
BD 80	R	25000	375	750	130			130	200,5	351	1,75	M16	60	10	224	220	8,5	310	8	116,8
BD 90	R	35 500	350	700	140			140	210,5	371	2,75	M16	68	10	236	240	7,5	330	10	136,7
BD 95	R	35000	300	600	150			150	223,5	391	2,75	M16	79	10	249	250	6,5	345	10	159,3
BD 100	R	57 500	250	500	150			150	248,5	411	3,75	M20	79	10	276	270	11,5	365	10	198,4

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque. Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. ** Z = Number of tapped holes G on pitch circle T.

Mounting

The customer attachment part is centered on the diameter R and then bolted on to the face. The pilot on the covers is particularly suitable for attaching smaller and narrower parts (sprockets, gear wheels etc.).

The customer must provide fastening screws of the necessary length in order to mount the attachment part.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter R of the attachment part must be ISO H7 or J7.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size BD 40, standard type with bore 60 mm:

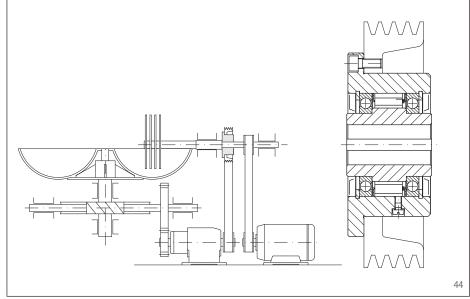
• BD 40 R, d = 60 mm

Complete Freewheels FBF

with mounting flange with sprags, available in five types







Mounting

The customer attachment part is centered on the external diameter D and then bolted on to the face via the flange.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter D of the attachment part must be ISO H7 or J7.

Features

Complete Freewheels FBF with mounting flange are sealed sprag freewheels with ball bearings. They are supplied oil-filled and ready for installation.

The freewheels FBF are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

In addition to the standard type, four other types are available for extended service life and indexing accuracy.

Nominal torques up to 160 000 Nm.

Bores up to 300 mm. Many standard bores are available.

Application example

Complete Freewheel FBF 72 DX as an overrunning clutch in the drive of a meat processing machine (chopper). During the mixing process, the gear motor drives the bowl via the gear wheel drive and simultaneously the knife shaft via the belt drive and the locked freewheel. In the cutting process, the knife shaft is driven by a second motor at high speed. By doing so, the inner ring overruns the outer ring that is driven by the gear motor and the gear motor is automatically disengaged. With the high speed of the inner ring in freewheeling operation, the type sprag lift-off X is used; the sprags work in freewheeling operation without contact and hence are wear-free.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size FBF 72, type with sprag lift-off Z and 38 mm bore:

• FBF 72 LZ, d = 38 mm

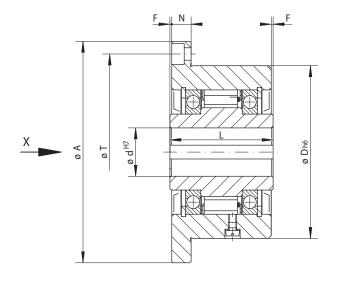
When ordering, please also specify the freewheeling direction of the inner ring when viewed in direction X:

- anticlockwise free or
- clockwise free

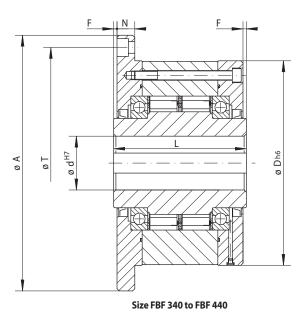
Complete Freewheels FBF

with mounting flange with sprags, available in five types





Size FBF 24 to FBF 270



Type with RIDUVIT® For extended service life with Type with sprag lift-off Z For extended service life using sprags lift-off Backstop Standard type Type with sprag lift-off X Type with P-grinding Indexing Freewheel Overrunning Clutch For extended service life using sprags lift-off For extended service life For universal use coated sprags at high speed rotating inner ring at high speed rotating outer ring and indexing accuracy Max.Speed Max.Speed Max.Speed Max.Speed Inner ring . Outer ring Inner ring Outer ring Sprag lift-off Inner ring Outer ring Sprag lift-off Outer ring | Inner ring Freewheel Nominal freewheels/ freewheels/ Nominal freewheels/ freewheels/ Nominal at inner ring reewheels/ drives Nominal at outer ring reewheels/ drives overruns min⁻¹ overruns min⁻¹ torque Nm Size torque Туре torque overruns overruns Туре speed overruns Туре torque speed overruns Туре Тур min⁻¹ Nm min⁻¹ Nm min⁻¹ min⁻¹ min⁻¹ min⁻¹ Nm min⁻¹ min⁻¹

45

FBF	24	CF	45	4800	5 5 0 0	CFT	45	4800	5 5 0 0											CFP	19
FBF	29	CF	80	3 500	4000	CFT	80	3 500	4000											CFP	31
FBF	37	SF	200	2 500	2600	SFT	200	2 500	2600						CZ	110	850	3000	340	SFP	120
FBF	44	SF	320	1 900	2200	SFT	320	1 900	2200	DX	130	860	1 900	344	CZ	180	800	2600	320	SFP	180
FBF	57	SF	630	1 400	1750	SFT	630	1 400	1750	DX	460	750	1 400	300	LZ	430	1 400	2100	560	SFP	310
FBF	72	SF	1250	1120	1600	SFT	1 2 5 0	1120	1600	DX	720	700	1 1 5 0	280	LZ	760	1 2 2 0	1800	488	SFP	630
FBF	82	SF	1800	1025	1450	SFT	1 800	1 0 2 5	1450	DX	1 000	670	1 050	268	SFZ	1700	1450	1600	580	SFP	750
FBF '	107	SF	2500	880	1250	SFT	2 5 0 0	880	1250	DX	1 500	610	900	244	SFZ	2500	1 300	1350	520	SFP	1 2 5 0
FBF [·]	127	SF	5000	800	1150	SFT	5 0 0 0	800	1150	SX	3 400	380	800	152	SFZ	5000	1 200	1 200	480	SFP	3 100
FBF '	140	SF	10000	750	1100	SFT	10 0 00	750	1100	SX	7 500	320	750	128	SFZ	10000	950	1150	380	SFP	6 3 0 0
FBF 2	200	SF	20000	630	900	SFT	20 0 0 0	630	900	SX	23 000	240	630	96	SFZ	20000	680	900	272	SFP	12 500
FBF 2	270	SF	40 000	510	750	SFT	40 000	510	750	UX	40 000	210	510	84	SFZ	37500	600	750	240	SFP	25 000
FBF 3	340	SF	80000	460	630	SFT	80 000	460	630												
FBF 4	140	SF	160000	400	550	SFT	160 000	400	550												

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

Freewheel			Bor	ed			A	D	F	G**	L	N	Т	Z**	Weight
Size			Standard			max.									
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm		kg
FBF 24	12	14*				14*	85	62	1,0	M5	50	10	72	3	1,1
FBF 29	15	17*				17*	92	68	1,0	M5	52	11	78	3	1,3
FBF 37	14	16	18	20	22*	22*	98	75	0,5	M5	48	11	85	8	1,5
FBF 44	20	22	25*			25*	118	90	0,5	M6	50	12	104	8	2,3
FBF 57	25	28	30	32*		32*	128	100	0,5	M6	65	12	114	12	3,2
FBF 72	35	38	40	42*		42*	160	125	1,0	M8	74	14	142	12	5,8
FBF 82	35	40	45	50*		50*	180	135	2,0	M10	75	16	155	8	7,0
FBF 107	50	55	60	65*		65*	214	170	2,5	M10	90	18	192	10	12,6
FBF 127	50	60	70	75*		75*	250	200	3,0	M12	112	20	225	12	21,4
FBF 140	65	75	80	90		95*	315	250	5,0	M16	150	22	280	12	46,0
FBF 200	110	120				120	370	300	5,0	M16	160	25	335	16	68,0
FBF 270	140					150	490	400	6,0	M20	212	32	450	16	163,0
FBF 340	180					240	615	500	7,5	M24	265	40	560	18	300,0
FBF 440	220					300	775	630	7,5	M30	315	50	710	18	564,0

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. * Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

** Z = Number of fastening holes for screws G (DIN 912) on pitch circle T.

46

Nominal

torque

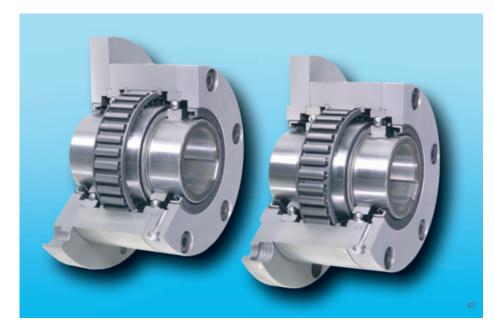
Nm

Complete Freewheels

Complete Freewheels FGR ... SF A1A2 and FGR ... SF A2A7

with mounting flange with sprags





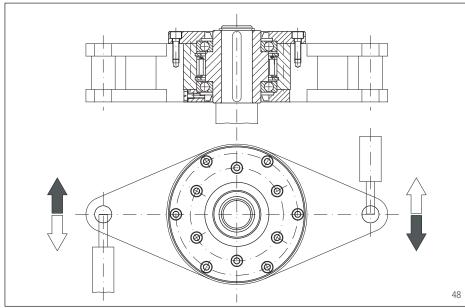
Features

Complete Freewheel FGR ... SF A1A2 and FGR ... SF A2A7 with mounting flange are sealed sprag freewheels with ball bearings. They are supplied oil-filled and ready for installation.

The freewheels FGR ... SF A1A2 and FGR...SF A2A7 are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

Nominal torques up to 2 150 Nm. Bores up to 50 mm.



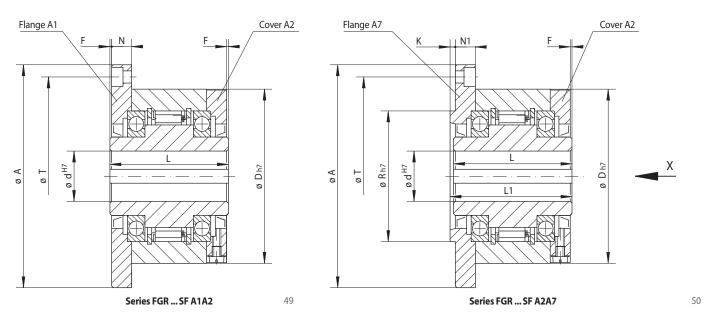
Application example

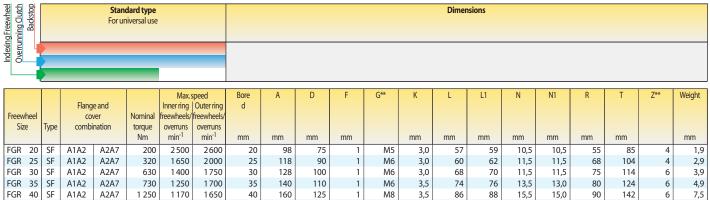
Complete Freewheel FGR 40 SF A1A2 as an indexing freewheel in the drive of the mixer shaft of a unit used to produce sugar. The mixer shaft must be driven step by step. This is carried out by two levers arranged opposite each other, which are moved back and forth via the hydraulic cylinders. The levers are welded onto a hub that is bolted on to the flange of the indexing freewheel. The feed drive of the mixer shaft is executed via one of the two levers and with the freewheel in driving operation. The other lever carries out the reverse turning of the outer ring while the freewheel is in freewheeling operation.

Complete Freewheels FGR ... SF A1A2 and FGR ... SF A2A7



with mounting flange with sprags





FGR 50 A1A2 A2A7 2 1 5 0 1025 50 185 150 M8 4,0 96 14,0 The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

165

130

45

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. ** Z = Number of fastening holes for screws G (DIN 912) on pitch circle T.

1 650

1120

1600

1450

Mounting

SF

FGR 45 SF A1A2

With Complete Freewheels FGR ... SF A1A2, the customer attachment part is centered on the external diameter D and then bolted on to the face via the flange A1.

A2A7

With Complete Freewheels FGR ... SF A2A7, the customer attachment part is centered on the pilot diameter R and then bolted on to the face via flange A7. Hence, Complete Freewheels FGR ... SF A2A7 are particularly suitable for attaching smaller and narrower parts (sprockets, gear wheels etc.).

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter D or R of the attachment part must be ISO H7 or J7.

M8

3,5

86

94

88

Example for ordering

15,0

13,0

Freewheel size FGR 30, standard type with flange A7 and cover A2:

95

110

146

166

8

8

7,8

10,8

FGR 30 SF A2A7

15,5

When ordering, please also specify the freewheeling direction of the outer ring when viewed in direction X:

- anticlockwise free or
- clockwise free

Complete Freewheels FGR ... R A1A2 and FGR ... R A2A7

with mounting flange with rollers





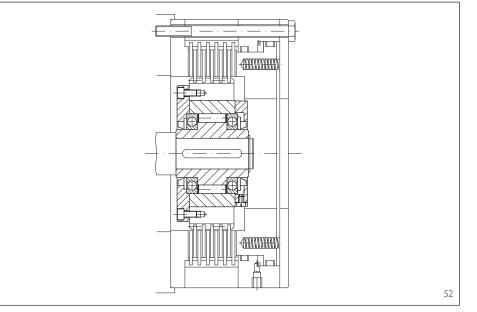
Features

Complete Freewheel FGR ... R A1A2 and FGR ... R A2A7 with mounting flange are sealed roller freewheels with ball bearings. They are oil lubricated.

The freewheels FGR \dots R A1A2 and FGR \dots R A2A7 are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

Nominal torques up to 68 000 Nm. Bores up to 150 mm.



Application example

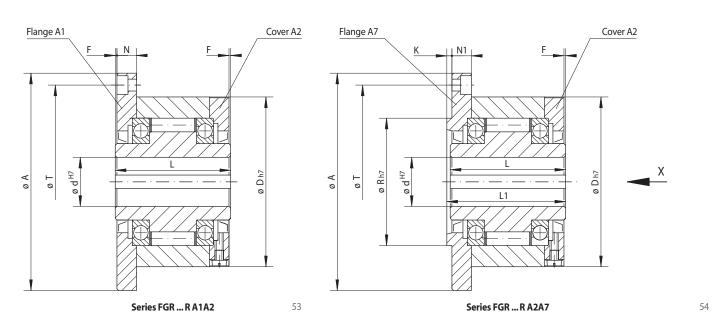
Complete Freewheel FGR 50 R A1A2, used in a hydraulically released, spring actuated multidisk brake for winch drives. When the load is lifted, the multiple-disk brake is closed and the inner ring is freewheeling. At a standstill, the freewheel functions as a backstop. The load is held by the brake and the locked freewheel. When lowering, the brake is released with control and the load is lowered via the locked freewheel. By using the freewheel, the hydraulic control could be designed in an simpler and more cost-effective manner.

Complete Freewheels FGR R A1A2 and FGR R A2A7



Complete Freewheels

with mounting flange with rollers



Indexing Freewheel Overrunning Clutch Backstop				dard type hiversal use									Dimen	sions						
Freewheel	Flange and Inner ring Outer ring cover Nominal freewheels/ freewheels/					Bore d	A	D	F	G**	К	L	L1	N	N1	R	T	Z**	Weight	
Size	Туре	combi		torque Nm	overruns min ⁻¹	overruns min ⁻¹	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm
FGR 12	R	A1A2	A2A7	55	2 500	5400	12	85	62	1	M5	3,0	42	44	10,0	10,0	42	72	3	1,2
FGR 15	R	A1A2	A2A7	130	2 200	4800	15	92	68	1	M5	3,0	52	54	11,0	11,0	47	78	3	1,6
FGR 20	R	A1A2	A2A7	180	1 900	4100	20	98	75	1	M5	3,0	57	59	10,5	10,5	55	85	4	1,9
FGR 25	R	A1A2	A2A7	290	1 550	3 3 5 0	25	118	90	1	M6	3,0	60	62	11,5	11,5	68	104	4	2,9
FGR 30	R	A1A2	A2A7	500	1 400	3050	30	128	100	1	M6	3,0	68	70	11,5	11,5	75	114	6	3,9
FGR 35	R	A1A2	A2A7	730	1 300	2850	35	140	110	1	M6	3,5	74	76	13,5	13,0	80	124	6	4,9
FGR 40	R	A1A2	A2A7	1 000	1 1 5 0	2500	40	160	125	1	M8	3,5	86	88	15,5	15,0	90	142	6	7,5
FGR 45	R	A1A2	A2A7	1 1 5 0	1 100	2400	45	165	130	1	M8	3,5	86	88	15,5	15,0	95	146	8	7,8
FGR 50	R	A1A2	A2A7	2100	950	2050	50	185	150	1	M8	4,0	94	96	14,0	13,0	110	166	8	10,8
FGR 55	R	A1A2	A2A7	2600	900	1900	55	204	160	1	M10	4,0	104	106	18,0	17,0	115	182	8	14,0
FGR 60	R	A1A2	A2A7	3 500	800	1800	60	214	170	1	M10	4,0	114	116	17,0	16,0	125	192	10	16,8
FGR 70	R	A1A2	A2A7	6000	700	1600	70	234	190	1	M10	4,0	134	136	18,5	17,5	140	212	10	20,8

M10

M12

M16

M16

1

4,0

4,5

5.0

5.0

144

158

182

212

146

160

184

214

21,0

20.5

30.0

29.0

32.0

130 FGR 150 R 68 0 0 0 485 400 5.0 A1A2 A2A7 200 700 150 M20 246 248 The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

80

90

100

254

278

335

380

210

230

270

310

1400

1300

1100

900

600

500

350

250

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

6800

11 000

20 000

31 000

** Z = Number of fastening holes for screws G (DIN 912) on pitch circle T.

A2A7

A2A7

A2A7

A2A7

Mounting

FGR 80

FGR 90

FGR 100

FGR 130

R A1A2

R

R A1A2

R A1A2

A1A2

Basic Freewheel, flange, cover, seals and screws are supplied loose. These must be assembled by the customer with regard to the required freewheeling direction into the Complete Freewheel. Prior to commissioning, the freewheel must be filled with oil of the specified quality. Upon request, assembled Complete Freewheels already oil-filled can be supplied.

With Complete Freewheels FGR ... R A1A2, the customer attachment part is centered on the external diameter D and bolted on to the face via flange A1.

With Complete Freewheels FGR ... R A2A7, the customer attachment part is centered on the pilot diameter R and bolted on to the face via flange A7. Hence, Complete Freewheels FGR ... SF A2A7 are particularly suitable for attaching smaller and narrower parts (sprockets, gear wheels etc.).

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter D or R of the attachment part must be ISO H7 or J7.

Example for ordering

20.0

19.0

28.0

27.0

30.0

Freewheel size FGR 25, standard type with flange A1 and cover A2:

160

180

210

240

310

232

254

305

345

445

10

10

10

12

12

27.0

40.0

67.0

94.0

187.0

FGR 25 R A1A2

Basic Freewheel, flange, cover, seals and screws are supplied loose provided nothing else is stated in the order.

If assembled, oil-filled, Complete Freewheels are to be supplied, this must be specified in the order. When ordering, please also specify the freewheeling direction of the inner ring when viewed in direction X:

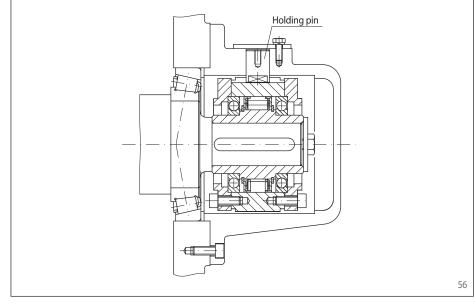
- anticlockwise free or
- clockwise free

Complete Freewheels BM ... X

for keyway connection on the outer ring with sprag lift-off X







Features

Complete Freewheels BM... X are sealed sprag freewheels with ball bearings and sprag lift-off X. They are supplied oil-filled and ready for installation.

The sprag lift-off X ensures wear-free freewheeling operation when the inner ring rotates at high speed.

The freewheels BM ... X are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches

for applications with high speed freewheeling operation and when used as overrunning clutch with low speed driving operation.

Nominal torques up to 42 500 Nm. Bores up to 150 mm.

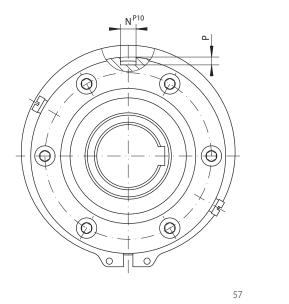
Application example

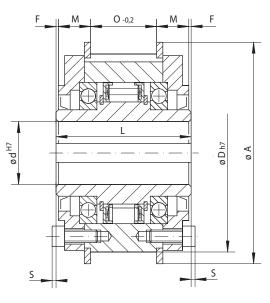
Complete Freewheel BM 60 SX as a backstop, arranged at the end of the intermediate shaft of a spur gearbox. The freewheel is used without the radial seal rings on each side, and is lubricated by the gearbox oil. A radial holding pin engages in the keyway of the outer ring. The backdriving torque is supported by the holding pin in the stationary housing. By removing the radial holding pin, the installation can be turned in both directions in order to carry out maintenance work. With the high shaft speed in normal operation (freewheeling operation), the type with sprag lift-off X is used; the sprags work in freewheeling operation without contact and hence are wear-free.

Complete Freewheels BM ... X

for keyway connection on the outer ring with sprag lift-off X







Complete Freewheels

Gi Type with sprag lift-off X For extended service life using sprags lift-off at high speed rotating inner ring						ft-off	Dimensions													
Overru																				
					Max.s	speed	Bore				А	D	F	L	М	Ν	0	Р	S	Weight
				Sprag lift-off	Inner ring	Outer ring	d													
Freew	heel		Nominal	at inner ring	freewheels/	drives														
Siz	e	Туре	torque	speed	overruns			Standard		max.										
			Nm	min ⁻¹	min ⁻¹	min ⁻¹	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
BM	20	DX	420	750	1700	300	30			30	121	105	0,75	77	20,25	8	35	4,0	2,5	3,8
BM	25	DX	700	700	1600	280	35	40		40	144	125	0,75	93	22,25	10	47	5,0	2,5	6,6
BM	30	DX	1250	630	1600	252	45	50		50	171	150	0,75	102	24,25	12	52	5,0	4,0	10,3
BM	40	DX	1700	610	1500	244	45	55	60	60	202	180	0,75	116	25,25	16	64	6,0	6,5	17,4
BM	45	SX	2300	400	1 500	160	55	65	70	70	218	195	1,25	130	24,75	20	78	7,5	8,5	22,4
BM	52	SX	5600	320	1500	128	65	75	80	80	237	215	1,75	150	33,75	25	79	9,0	8,5	31,1
BM	55	SX	7700	320	1250	128	75	85	90	90	267	245	1,75	170	35,25	25	96	9,0	6,5	45,6

105

120

314

350

290

320

1,75

1,25

206

215

40,25

44,75

56.25

28

28

36

122

123

156

10,0

10,0

12,0

6,5

9,0

11,5

78,2

93,4

198,4

BM 100 UX 42500 210 750 84 150 150 450 410 3,75 276 The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque. Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

85

120

Mounting

BM 60

BM

70 SX

SX

Example for ordering

95

100

Freewheel size BM 55, type with sprag lift-off X and 90 mm bore:

• BM 55 SX, d = 90 mm

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter D of the attachment part must be ISO H7 or J7.

The customer attachment part is connected via a keyway connection with the outer ring. The

14500

21000

sembling the attachment part.

250

240

1100

1000

100

96

customer must provide the key required for as-

Complete Freewheels BM ... R

for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers





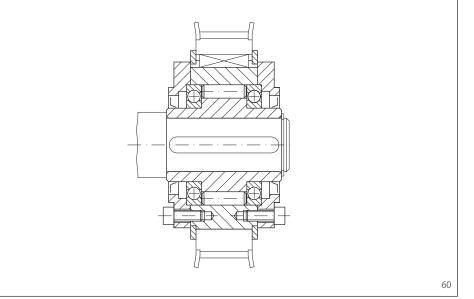
Features

Complete Freewheels BM ... R are sealed roller freewheels with ball bearings. They are supplied oil-filled and ready for installation.

The freewheels BM ... R are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

Nominal torques up to 57 500 Nm. Bores up to 150 mm.



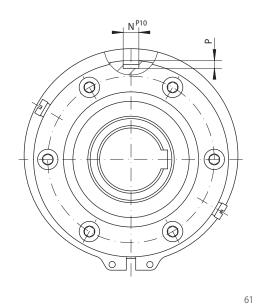
Application example

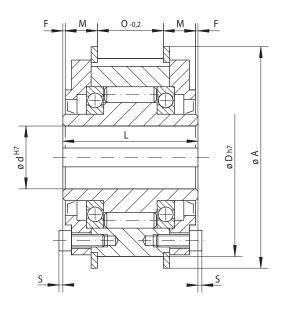
Complete Freewheel BM 40 R as an overrunning clutch on the shaft end of the main drive of a paper processing machine. The pulley is connected to an auxiliary drive. In normal operation (freewheeling operation) the inner ring overruns and the outer ring is at a standstill with the attached pulley. During set-up (driving operation) the machine is driven by an auxiliary drive via the pullay at a low speed.

Complete Freewheels BM R

for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers







Complete Freewheels

ng Freewheel Inning Clutch Backstop	Standard type For universal use	Dimensions
Overru		

										-	_					-		
			Max.s			Bo			A	D	F	L	М	N	0	Р	S	Weight
			Inner ring	Outer ring		d												
Freewheel		Nominal freewheels/ freewheels/																
Size	Туре	torque	overruns	overruns		Standard		max.										
		Nm	min ⁻¹	min ⁻¹	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
BM 12	R	150	1750	3 500	15			15	84	70	0,75	68	15,75	5	35	3,0	3,0	1,5
BM 15	R	230	1650	3 3 0 0	20			20	94	80	0,75	70	15,75	5	37	3,0	3,0	2,0
BM 18	R	340	1550	3100	25			25	111	95	0,75	70	16,25	8	36	4,0	3,0	2,9
BM 20	R	420	1450	2900	30			30	121	105	0,75	77	20,25	8	35	4,0	2,5	3,8
BM 25	R	800	1250	2 5 0 0	35	40		40	144	125	0,75	93	22,25	10	47	5,0	2,5	6,6
BM 28	R	1 2 0 0	1100	2200	35	40	45	45	155	135	0,75	95	23,25	12	47	5,0	4,0	7,8
BM 30	R	1600	1 0 0 0	2000	45	50		50	171	150	0,75	102	24,25	12	52	5,0	4,0	10,3
BM 35	R	1800	900	1800	50	55		55	182	160	0,75	110	24,25	14	60	5,5	4,0	12,5
BM 40	R	3 5 0 0	800	1600	45	55	60	60	202	180	0,75	116	25,25	16	64	6,0	6,5	17,4
BM 45	R	7100	750	1 500	55	65	70	70	218	195	1,25	130	24,75	20	78	7,5	8,5	22,4
BM 50	R	7500	700	1400	70	75		75	227	205	1,25	132	26,75	20	76	7,5	8,5	24,2
BM 52	R	9300	650	1 300	65	75	80	80	237	215	1,75	150	33,75	25	79	9,0	8,5	31,1
BM 55	R	12500	550	1100	75	85	90	90	267	245	1,75	170	35,25	25	96	9,0	6,5	45,6
BM 60	R	14500	500	1 0 0 0	85	95	100	105	314	290	1,75	206	40,25	28	122	10,0	6,5	78,2
BM 70	R	22500	425	850	120			120	350	320	1,25	215	44,75	28	123	10,0	9,0	93,4
BM 80	R	25000	375	750	130			130	380	350	1,75	224	46,25	32	128	11,0	8,5	116,8
BM 90	R	35500	350	700	140			140	400	370	2,75	236	49,25	32	132	11,0	7,5	136,7
BM 95	R	35000	300	600	150			150	420	390	2,75	249	53,25	36	137	12,0	6,5	159,3
BM 100	R	57500	250	500	150			150	450	410	3,75	276	56,25	36	156	12,0	11,5	198,4

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque. Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

The customer attachment part is connected via a keyway connection with the outer ring. The customer must provide the key required for assembling the attachment part.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter D of the attachment part must be ISO H7 or J7.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size BM 20, standard type and 30 mm bore:

• BM 20 R, d = 30 mm

Complete Freewheels FGRN ... R A5A6

for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers





Features

Complete Freewheels FGRN... R A5A6 are sealed roller freewheels with ball bearings. They are oil lubricated.

The freewheels FGRN... R A5A6 are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

Nominal torques up to 6 800 Nm. Bores up to 80 mm.

Application example

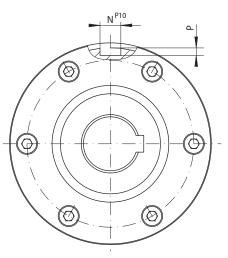
64

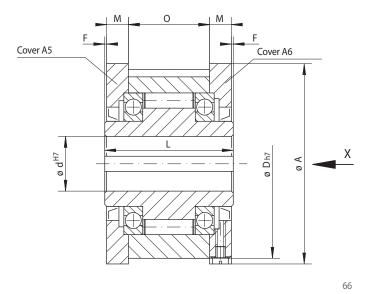
Complete Freewheel FGRN 45 R as an overrunning clutch on the shaft end of a mobile fan. In normal operation, the fan is driven by a diesel motor via the V-belt drive. By doing so, the freewheel works in driving operation. When the motor is turned off, the freewheel automatically disengages the rotating flywheel mass of the fan from the drive. In this operating state, the inner ring overruns the stationary outer ring; the freewheel works in freewheeling operation.

Complete Freewheels FGRN ... R A5A6

for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers







65

exing Freewheel rrunning Clutch Backstop		Standard For univers	type al use	Dimensions										
Overru														
			Max.speed	Bore	A	D	F	L	М	N	Р	0	Weight	

				Max.s	peed	Bore	А	D	F	L	М	N	Р	0	Weight
Freewheel Size	Туре	Cover combination	Nominal Torque Nm	Inner ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	Outer ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	d	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FGRN 12	R	A5A6	55	2 500	5400	12	70	62	1	42	10,0	4	2,5	20	1,2
FGRN 15	R	A5A6	130	2 200	4800	15	76	68	1	52	11,0	5	3,0	28	1,6
FGRN 20	R	A5A6	180	1 900	4100	20	84	75	1	57	10,5	6	3,5	34	1,9
FGRN 25	R	A5A6	290	1 550	3 3 5 0	25	99	90	1	60	11,5	8	4,0	35	2,9
FGRN 30	R	A5A6	500	1 400	3050	30	109	100	1	68	11,5	8	4,0	43	3,9
FGRN 35	R	A5A6	730	1 300	2850	35	119	110	1	74	13,5	10	5,0	45	4,9
FGRN 40	R	A5A6	1 0 0 0	1 1 5 0	2500	40	135	125	1	86	15,5	12	5,0	53	7,5
FGRN 45	R	A5A6	1150	1 100	2400	45	140	130	1	86	15,5	14	5,5	53	7,8
FGRN 50	R	A5A6	2100	950	2050	50	160	150	1	94	14,0	14	5,5	64	10,8
FGRN 55	R	A5A6	2600	900	1 900	55	170	160	1	104	18,0	16	6,0	66	14,0
FGRN 60		A5A6	3 500	800	1 800	60	182	170	1	114	17,0	18	7,0	78	16,8
FGRN 70	R	A5A6	6000	700	1 600	70	202	190	1	134	18,5	20	7,5	95	20,8
FGRN 80	R	A5A6	6800	600	1 400	80	222	210	1	144	21,0	22	9,0	100	27,0

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

Basic Freewheel, covers, seals and screws are supplied loose. These must be assembled by the customer with regard to the required freewheeling direction into the Complete Freewheel. Prior to commissioning, the freewheel must be filled with oil of the specified quality. Upon request, assembled Complete Freewheels already oil-filled can be supplied.

The customer attachment part is connected via a keyway connection with the outer ring. The customer must provide the key required for assembling the attachment part.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter D of the attachment part must be ISO H7 or J7.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size FGRN 60, standard type with flange A5 and cover A6:

• FGRN 60 R A5A6

Basic Freewheel, covers, seals and screws are supplied loose provided nothing else is stated in the order.

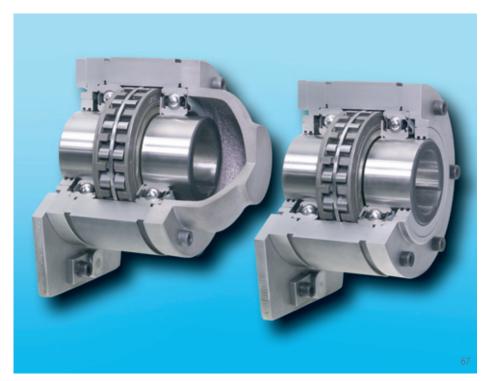
If assembled, oil-filled, Complete Freewheels are to be supplied, this must be specified in the order. When ordering, please also specify the freewheeling direction of the inner ring when viewed in direction X:

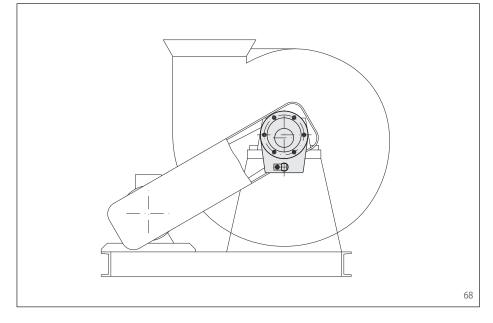
- · anticlockwise free or
- clockwise free

Complete Freewheels BA ... XG and BC ... XG

with lever arm with sprag lift-off X and grease lubrication







Features

Complete Freewheels BA ... XG and BC ... XG with lever arm are sprag freewheels with grease-lubricated ball bearings and with sprag lift-off X.

The sprag lift-off X ensures wear-free freewheeling operation when the inner ring rotates at high speed.

The freewheels BA ... XG have an end cover and are fitted to shaft ends.

The freewheels BC ... XG are arranged on through shafts.

The freewheels BA ... XG and BC ... XG are used as:

Backstops

for applications with high speed freewheeling operation.

Nominal torques up to 42 500 Nm.

Bores up to 150 mm.

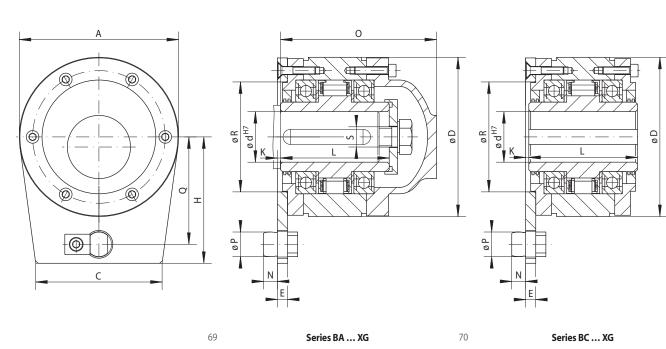
Application example

Complete Freewheel BA 52 SXG as a backstop on a radial fan. The backstop prevents a reverse rotation of the fan shaft from air flow or from an incorrectly polarized drive motor. By pulling out the holding pin, the shaft can be turned in both directions in order to carry out maintenance work. With the high shaft speed, the type with sprag lift-off X is used; the sprags work in freewheeling operation without contact and hence are wear-free.

Complete Freewheels BA ... XG and BC ... XG

with lever arm with sprag lift-off X and grease lubrication





Backstop	Type with sprag lift-off X
ack	For extended service life using sprags lift-off
8	at high speed rotating inner ring

	Freev				Nominal	Sprag lift-off at inner ring speed	Max.speed Inner ring freewheels		Bo	re 1		A	С	D	E	Η	K	L	N	0	Р	Q	R	S for Screw	Weight
	Siz	e		Туре	Torque	. 1	. 1		Standard		max.														
					Nm	min ⁻¹	min ⁻¹	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		kg
BA	20	BC	20	DXG	400	750	2500	30			30	110	90	106	8	80	2,5	77	11	104	19,5	65	70	M10	5
BA	25	BC	25	DXG	650	700	2350	35	40		40	126	100	126	8	90	2,5	93	11	125	19,5	75	80	M12	8
BA	30	BC	30	DXG	1 100	630	2350	45	50		50	155	120	151	10	120	3,5	102	16	140	27,5	95	100	M16	12
BA	40	BC	40	SXG	1 400	430	2200	45	55	60	60	190	150	181	12	160	5,5	116	22	160	37,5	130	120	M16	20
BA	45	BC	45	SXG	2 300	400	2200	55	65	70	70	210	160	196	14	175	7,5	130	26	176	41,5	140	130	M16	25
BA	52	BC	52	SXG	4 900	320	2200	65	75	80	80	230	190	216	14	200	4,5	150	26	208	41,5	160	150	M20	35
BA	55	BC	55	SXG	6 500	320	2000	75	85	90	90	255	200	246	15	210	3,5	170	29	228	49,5	170	160	M20	50
BA	60	BC	60	SXG	14 500	250	1800	85	95	100	105	295	220	291	20	250	8,5	206	35	273	60,5	200	190	M24	91
BA	70	BC	70	SXG	21 000	240	1650	120			120	335	260	321	25	280	14,5	215	39	291	65,5	225	210	M24	115
BA	100	BC	100	UXG	42 500	210	1450	150			150	420	380	411	45	345	31,5	276	60	372	80,5	280	270	M30	260

Dimensions

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

The backdriving torque is supported by the lever arm with holding pin. The holding pin engages in a slot or bore in the frame of the machine. It should have 0,5 to 2 mm play in the axial and radial directions.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

The freewheels BC ... XG are supplied ready for installation.

In the case of freewheels BA ... XG, the inner ring must be secured axially with a retainer plate. Retainer plate with fastening screw can be supplied upon request.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size BC 45 type with sprag lift-off X, grease lubrication and 65 mm bore:

• BC 45 SXG, d = 65 mm

When ordering, please also specify the freewheeling direction of the inner ring when viewed in direction X:

- anticlockwise free or
- clockwise free

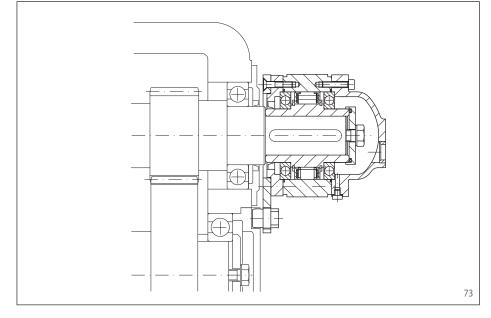
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Complete Freewheels BA ... X and BC ... X









Features

Complete Freewheels BA ... X and BC ... X with lever arm are sealed sprag freewheels with ball bearings and with sprag lift-off X. The sprag liftoff X ensures wear-free freewheeling operation when the inner ring rotates at high speed.

The freewheels BA ... X have an end cover and are fitted to shaft ends. The oil filling is carried out after the freewheel has been fitted to the end of the shaft.

The freewheels BC ... X are supplied oil-filled and are arranged on through shafts.

The freewheels BA ... X and BC ... X are used as:

Backstops

for applications with high speed freewheeling operation.

Nominal torques up to 42 500 Nm.

Bores up to 150 mm.

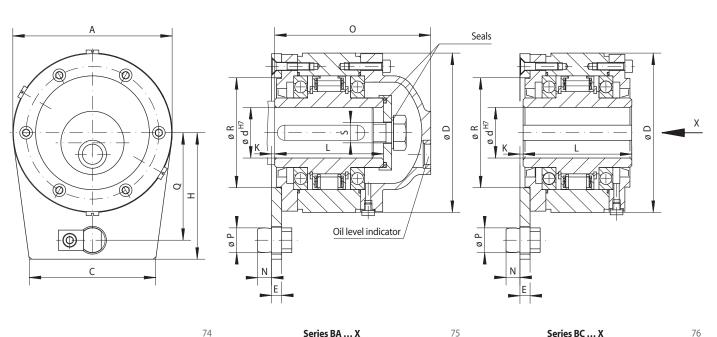
Application example

Complete Freewheel BA 45 SX as a backstop, arranged at the end of the intermediate shaft of a spur gearbox. The backdriving torque is supported by the lever arm with holding pin on the gearbox housing. If the holding pin is removed, the shaft can be turned in both directions. With the high shaft speed in normal operation (freewheeling operation), the type with sprag lift-off X is used; the sprags work in freewheeling operation without contact and hence are wear-free.

Complete Freewheels BA ... X and BC ... X



with lever arm with sprag lift-off X



			Backstop	For	extended serv	t h sprag lift-of vice life using speed rotating inne	orags lift-off									Dimensi	ons								
	Freev			Туре	Nominal Torque Nm	Sprag lift-off at inner ring speed min ⁻¹	Max.speed Inner ring freewheels min ⁻¹	mm	Bo o Standard mm	ł	max.	A	C	D	E	H	K	L	N	O	P	Q	R	S for Screw	Weight
BA	20	BC	20	DX	400	750	1700	30			30	110	90	106	8	80	2,5	77	11	104	19,5	65	70	M10	5
BA	25	BC	25	DX	650	700	1600	35	40		40	126	100	126	8	90	2,5	93	11	125	19,5	75	80	M12	8

DA	20	DC	20		400	/50	1700	50			50	110	90	100	0	00	2,5	//		104	19,5	05	70	
BA	25	BC	25	DX	650	700	1 600	35	40		40	126	100	126	8	90	2,5	93	11	125	19,5	75	80	N
ΒA	30	BC	30	DX	1 100	630	1600	45	50		50	155	120	151	10	120	3,5	102	16	140	27,5	95	100	N
ΒA	40	BC	40	SX	1 400	430	1 500	45	55	60	60	190	150	181	12	160	5,5	116	22	160	37,5	130	120	N
ΒA	45	BC	45	SX	2 300	400	1 500	55	65	70	70	210	160	196	14	175	7,5	130	26	176	41,5	140	130	N
BA	52	BC	52	SX	4 900	320	1 500	65	75	80	80	230	190	216	14	200	4,5	150	26	208	41,5	160	150	N
ΒA	55	BC	55	SX	6 500	320	1 2 5 0	75	85	90	90	255	200	246	15	210	3,5	170	29	228	49,5	170	160	N
ΒA	60	BC	60	SX	14 500	250	1100	85	95	100	105	295	220	291	20	250	8,5	206	35	273	60,5	200	190	N
ΒA	70	BC	70	SX	21 000	240	1 0 0 0	120			120	335	260	321	25	280	14,5	215	39	291	65,5	225	210	N
BA	100	BC	100	UX	42 500	210	750	150			150	420	380	411	45	345	31,5	276	60	372	80,5	280	270	1

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

The backdriving torque is supported by the lever arm with holding pin. The holding pin engages in a slot or bore in the frame of the machine. It should have 0,5 to 2 mm play in the axial and radial directions.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

The freewheels BC ... X are supplied oil-filled and ready for installation.

In the case of freewheels BA ... X, the inner ring must be secured axially with a retainer plate. Retainer plate with fastening screw and two seals can be supplied upon request. Prior to commissioning, the freewheel must be filled with oil of the specified quality.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size BA 30, type with sprag lift-off X and 50 mm bore:

• BA 30 DX, d = 50 mm

When ordering, please also specify the freewheeling direction of the inner ring when viewed in direction X:

- anticlockwise free or
- clockwise free

12

20

25

35

50

91

115

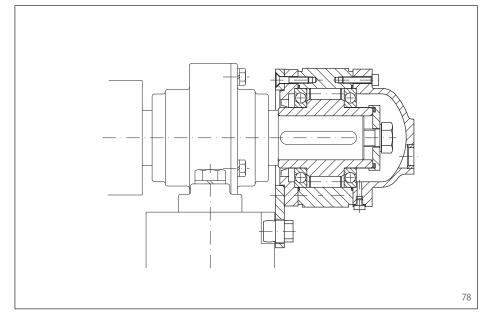
260

Complete Freewheels BA ... R and BC ... R

with lever arm with rollers







Features

Complete Freewheels BA ... R and BC ... R with lever arm are sealed roller freewheels with ball bearings.

The freewheels BA ... R have an end cover and are fitted to shaft ends. The oil filling is carried out after the freewheel has been installed to the end of the shaft.

The freewheels BC ... R are supplied oil-filled and are arranged on through shafts.

The freewheels BA ... R and BC ... R are used as:

Backstops

for applications with low to medium speed freewheeling operation.

Nominal torques up to 57 500 Nm. Bores up to 150 mm.

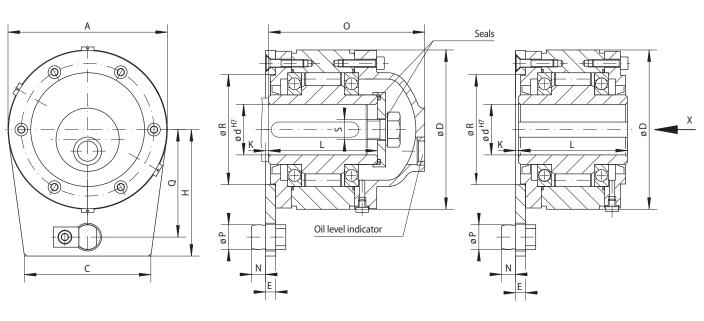
Application example

Complete Freewheel BA 90 R as a backstop on the end of a transport roller. The backdriving torque is supported by the lever arm with holding pin on the base. If the holding pin is removed, the shaft can be turned in both directions.

Complete Freewheels BA ... R and BC ... R



with lever arm with rollers



79

Standard type

For universal use

Backstop

Series BA ... R

80

Dimensions

	Freew			Type	Nominal Torque	Max.speed Inner ring freewheels		Bo c Standard		max.	A	С	D	E	Н	K	L	N	0	Р	Q	R	S for Screw	Weight
	512			ijpe	Nm	min ⁻¹	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		kg
BA	12	BC	12	R	150	1750	15			15	71	50	71	8	53	4,5	68	9	91	11,5	42	45	M6	2
BA	15	BC	15	R	230	1650	20			20	81	60	81	8	62	4,5	70	9	93	13,5	50	50	M6	3
BA	18	BC	18	R	340	1550	25			25	96	70	96	8	73	4,5	70	9	96	15,5	60	60	M10	4
BA	20	BC	20	R	420	1 4 5 0	30			30	110	90	106	8	80	2,5	77	11	104	19,5	65	70	M10	5
BA	25	BC	25	R	800	1 2 5 0	35	40		40	126	100	126	8	90	2,5	93	11	125	19,5	75	80	M12	8
ΒA	28	BC	28	R	1 200	1100	35	40	45	45	140	110	136	10	105	3,5	95	14	129	24,5	85	90	M12	9
ΒA	30	BC	30	R	1 600	1 0 0 0	45	50		50	155	120	151	10	120	3,5	102	16	140	27,5	95	100	M16	12
ΒA	35	BC	35	R	1 800	900	50	55		55	170	130	161	10	140	3,5	110	19	151	33,5	112	110	M16	15
ΒA	40	BC	40	R	3 500	800	45	55	60	60	190	150	181	12	160	5,5	116	22	160	37,5	130	120	M16	20
ΒA	45	BC	45	R	7 100	750	55	65	70	70	210	160	196	14	175	7,0	130	26	176	41,5	140	130	M16	25
BA	50	BC	50	R	7 500	700	70	75		75	220	180	206	14	185	7,0	132	26	178	41,5	150	140	M16	30
BA	52	BC	52	R	9 300	650	65	75	80	80	230	190	216	14	200	4,5	150	26	208	41,5	160	150	M20	35
BA	55	BC	55	R	12 500	550	75	85	90	90	255	200	246	15	210	3,5	170	29	228	49,5	170	160	M20	50
ΒA	60	BC	60	R	14 500	500	85	95	100	105	295	220	291	20	250	8,5	206	35	273	60,0	200	190	M24	91
BA	70	BC	70	R	22 500	425	120			120	335	260	321	25	280	14,0	215	39	291	65,0	225	210	M24	115
ΒA	80	BC	80	R	25 000	375	130			130	360	280	351	30	280	18,5	224	39	302	65,0	225	220	M24	150
BA	90	BC	90	R	33 500	350	140			140	385	300	371	35	310	22,5	236	55	314	70,0	250	240	M30	180
BA	95	BC	95	R	35 000	300	150			150	400	350	391	40	310	27,5	249	55	337	70,0	250	250	M30	225
BA	100	BC	100	R	57 500	250	150			150	420	380	411	45	345	31,5	276	60	372	80,0	280	270	M30	260

250 150 BA 100 BC 100 R 57 500 The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque. Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

The backdriving torque is supported by the lever arm with holding pin. The holding pin engages in a slot or bore in the frame of the machine. It should have 0,5 to 2 mm play in the axial and radial directions.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

The freewheels BC ... R are supplied oil-filled and ready for installation.

In the case of freewheels BA ... R, the inner ring must be secured axially with a retainer plate. Retainer plate with fastening screw and two seals can be supplied upon request. Prior to commissioning, the freewheel must be filled with oil of the specified quality.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size BD 40, standard type and 50 mm bore:

Series BC ... R

• BA 30 R, d = 50 mm

When ordering, please also specify the freewheeling direction of the inner ring when viewed in direction X:

- anticlockwise free or
- clockwise free

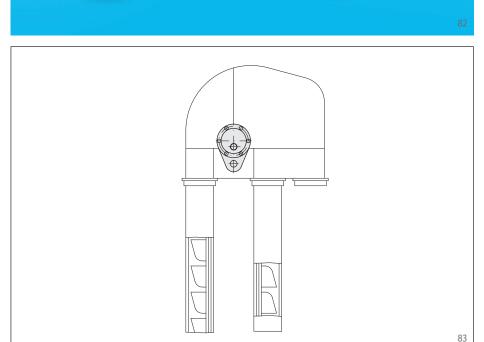
81

Complete Freewheels FGR ... R A3A4 and FGR ... R A2A3

with lever arm with rollers







Features

Complete Freewheel FGR ... R A2A3 and FGR ... R A3A4 with lever arm are sealed roller freewheels with ball bearings. They are oil lubricated.

The freewheels FGR ... R A3A4 have an end cover and are fitted to the shaft ends.

The freewheels FGR ... R A2A3 are arranged on through shafts.

The oil filling is carried out after the freewheel has been installed.

The freewheels FGR ... R A2A3 and FGR...R A3A4 are used as:

Backstops

for applications with low to medium speed freewheeling operation.

Nominal torques up to 68 000 Nm. Bores up to 150 mm.

Application example

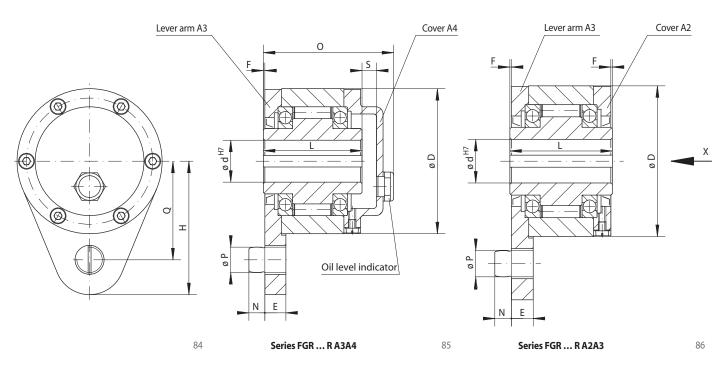
Complete Freewheel FGR 45 R A3A4 as a backstop on the opposite ends of the drive shaft of a bucket conveyor. In the case of a motor stop, the bucket conveyor must be held securely so that the conveyor goods do not pull the belt backwards and, in doing so, drive the motor quickly. The backdriving torque is supported by the lever arm with holding pin on the housing. If the holding pin is removed, the belt shaft can be turned in both directions.

Complete Freewheels FGR ... R A3A4 and FGR ... R A2A3



Complete Freewheels

with lever arm with rollers



Backstop	Standard type For universal use	

L.																	
Freewheel Size	Туре	Lever and c combin	over	Nominal Torque Nm	Max.speed Inner ring freewheels min ⁻¹	Bore d mm	D	E	F	H	L	N	O	P	Q	S	Weight
FGR 12	R	A2A3	A3A4	55	2 500	12	62	13	1	51	42	10	64	10	44	12	1,4
FGR 15	R	A2A3	A3A4	130	2 200	15	68	13	1	62	52	10	78	10	47	12	1,8
FGR 20	R	A2A3	A3A4	180	1 900	20	75	15	1	72	57	11	82	12	54	12	2,3
FGR 25	R	A2A3	A3A4	290	1 550	25	90	17	1	84	60	14	85	16	62	12	3,4
FGR 30	R	A2A3	A3A4	500	1 400	30	100	17	1	92	68	14	95	16	68	12	4,5
FGR 35	R	A2A3	A3A4	730	1 300	35	110	22	1	102	74	18	102	20	76	12	5,6
FGR 40	R	A2A3	A3A4	1 000	1 1 5 0	40	125	22	1	112	86	18	115	20	85	13	8,5
FGR 45	R	A2A3	A3A4	1 150	1 100	45	130	26	1	120	86	22	115	25	90	14	8,9
FGR 50	R	A2A3	A3A4	2 100	950	50	150	26	1	135	94	22	123	25	102	15	12,8
FGR 55	R	A2A3	A3A4	2 600	900	55	160	30	1	142	104	25	138	32	108	18	16,2
FGR 60	R	A2A3	A3A4	3 500	800	60	170	30	1	145	114	25	147	32	112	18	19,3
FGR 70	R	A2A3	A3A4	6 000	700	70	190	35	1	175	143	30	168	38	135	17	23,5
FGR 80	R	A2A3	A3A4	6 800	600	80	210	35	1	185	144	30	178	38	145	17	32,0
FGR 90	R	A2A3	A3A4	11 000	500	90	230	45	1	205	158	40	192	50	155	17	47,2
FGR 100	R	A2A3	A3A4	20 000	350	100	270	45	1	230	182	40	217	50	180	17	76,0
FGR 130	R	A2A3	A3A4	31 000	250	130	310	60	1	268	212	55	250	68	205	18	110,0
FGR 150	R	A2A3	A3A4	68 000	200	150	400	60	1	325	246	55	286	68	255	20	214,0

Dimensions

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

Basic Freewheel, lever arm, cover, seals and screws are supplied loose. These must be assembled by the customer with regard to the required freewheeling direction into the Complete Freewheel. Prior to commissioning, the freewheel must be filled with oil of the specified quality. Upon request, assembled Complete Freewheels FRG ... R A2A3 already oil-filled can be supplied.

The backdriving torque is supported by the lever arm with holding pin. The holding pin engages in a slot or bore in the frame of the machine. It should have 0,5 to 2 mm play in the axial and radial directions. If the holding pin is removed, the shaft can be turned in both directions.

In the case of freewheels FGR... R A3A4, the inner ring must be secured axially with a retainer plate. The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size FGR 25, standard type with lever arm A3 and cover A4:

• FGR 25 R A3A4

Basic Freewheel, lever arm, cover, seals and screws are supplied loose provided nothing else is stated in the order.

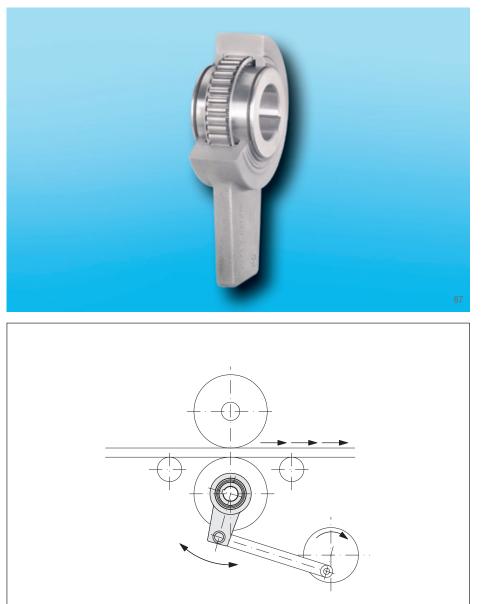
If assembled, oil-filled, Complete Freewheels FGR .. R A2A3 are to be supplied, this must be specified in the order. When ordering, please also specify the freewheeling direction of the inner ring when viewed in direction X:

- anticlockwise free or
- clockwise free

Complete Freewheels FA

with lever arm with sprags and grease lubrication





Features

Complete Freewheels FA with lever arm are sprag freewheels with sleeve bearings. They are grease-lubricated and therefore maintenancefree.

The freewheels FA are used as:

- Backstops
- Indexing Freewheels

for applications with low speed freewheeling operation when used as a backstop or with a low to medium total number of actuations when used as an indexing freewheel.

In addition the standard type, two other types are available for extended service life and indexing accuracy.

Nominal torques up to 2 500 Nm.

Bores up to 85 mm.

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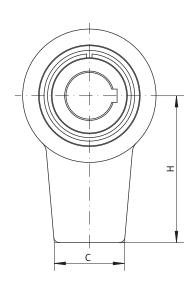
Application example

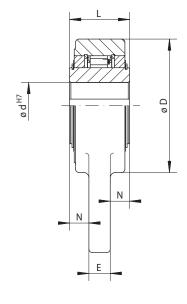
Complete Freewheel FA 82 SFP as an indexing freewheel for the material feed of a punch. The freewheel is driven by a bell crank. The type with P-grinding does not just give the freewheel an increased service life, but also an increased indexing accuracy.

Complete Freewheels FA

with lever arm with sprags and grease lubrication







	()	

Indexing Freewheel Backstop		Standard t For universa	· ·	F	Type with RIL or extended serv coated spr	ice life with	For e	e with P-grinding xtended service life indexing accuracy					D	imensions	5				
Freewheel Size	Туре	Nominal Torque Nm	Max.speed Inner ring freewheels min ⁻¹	Туре	Nominal Torque Nm	Max.speed Inner ring freewheels min ⁻¹	Туре	Nominal Torque Nm		Bo c Standard mm		max. mm	C	D	E	H	L	N	Weight
FA 37	SF	230	250	SFT	230	500	SFP	120	20	22	25	25*	35	76	12	90	35	11,5	1,0
FA 57	SF	630	170	SFT	630		SFP	320	30	35	40	42*	50	100	16	125	45	14,5	2,5
FA 82	SF	1600	130	SFT	1 600	260	SFP	900	50	55		65*	60	140	18	160	60	21,0	5,5
FA 107	SF	2500	90	SFT	2 500	180	SFP	1 350	70	80		85*	80	170	20	180	65	22,5	8,5

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The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque. Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. * Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

When used as a backstop, the backdriving torque is supported by the lever arm. The lever arm must not be clamped into position. It should have 0,5 to 2 mm play in the axial and radial directions.

When used as an indexing freewheel, the lever arm serves as the indexing lever.

The lever arm is not heat treated enabling the customer to provide their own holes.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size FA 57, type with RIDUVIT® and 40 mm bore:

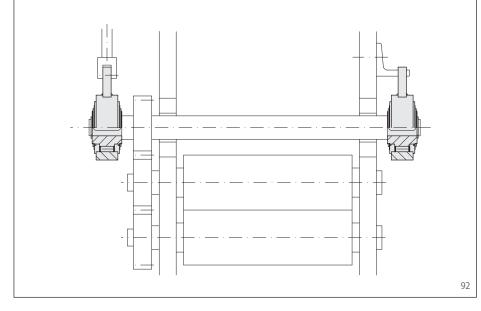
• FA 57 SFT, d = 40 mm

Complete Freewheels FAV

with lever arm with rollers and grease lubrication







Features

Complete Freewheels FAV with lever arm are roller freewheels with sleeve bearings. They are grease-lubricated and therefore maintenance-free.

The freewheels FAV are used as:

- Backstops
- Indexing Freewheels

for applications with low speed freewheeling operation when used as a backstop or with a low to high total number of actuations when used as an indexing freewheel.

Nominal torques up to 2 500 Nm.

Bores up to 80 mm.

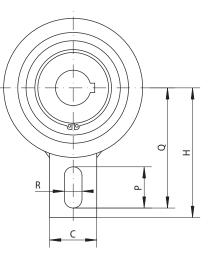
Application example

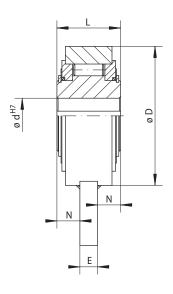
Two Complete Freewheels FAV 50 in the roller feed of a sheet metal processing machine. The indexing freewheel arranged on the left is driven via a bell crank with an adjustable lift. This enables an infinite setting of the feed. The backstop arranged on the right prevents the indexing rollers from running backwards while the indexing freewheel carries out its back stroke. Often, an additional small brake is provided in order to prevent the accelerated sheet metal strip from advancing.

Complete Freewheels FAV

with lever arm with rollers and grease lubrication







94

Indexing Freewheel	Backstop	Standar For unive							Dimensions					
			Max.speed Inner ring	Bore d	С	D	E	Н	L	N	Р	Q	R	Weight
Freev	vheel	Nominal	freewheels	u										
Siz	ze	Torque												
		Nm	min ⁻¹	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FAV	20	220	500	20	40	83	12	90	35	11,5	35	85	15	1,3
FAV	25	220	500	25	40	83	12	90	35	11,5	35	85	15	1,3
FAV	30	1025	350	30	40	118	15	110	54	19,5	35	102	15	3,5
FAV	35	1025	350	35	40	118	15	110	54	19,5	35	102	15	3,4
FAV	40	1025	350	40	40	118	15	110	54	19,5	35	102	15	3,3
FAV	45	1 600	250	45	80	155	20	140	54	17,0	35	130	18	5,5
FAV	50	1 600	250	50	80	155	20	140	54	17,0	35	130	18	5,4
FAV	55	1 600	250	55	80	155	20	140	54	17,0	35	130	18	5,3
FAV	60	1 600	250	60	80	155	20	140	54	17,0	35	130	18	5,2
FAV	70	1 600	250	70	80	155	20	140	54	17,0	35	130	18	5,0
FAV	80	2 500	220	80	80	190	20	155	64	22,0	40	145	20	9,0

93

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque. Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

Example for ordering

Freewheel size FAV 60, standard type:

• FAV 60

When used as a backstop, the backdriving torque is supported by the lever arm. The lever arm must not be clamped into position. It should have 0,5 to 2 mm play in the axial and radial directions.

When used as an indexing freewheel, the lever arm serves as the indexing lever.

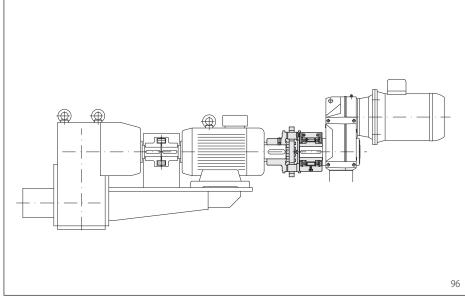
The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

Complete Freewheels FBL

with shaft coupling for large shaft misalignements with sprags, available in three types







Features

Complete Freewheels FBL with RINGSPANN shaft coupling are sealed sprag freewheels with ball bearings for coupling two shafts. They are supplied oil-filled and ready for installation.

The freewheels FBL are used as:

Overrunning Clutches

In addition to the standard type, two other types are available for extended service life.

Nominal torques up to 8 000 Nm.

Bores up to 140 mm. Many standard bores are available.

The torsionally stiff shaft coupling can accept large radial and angular misalignments, without having a negative effect on the reactive forces of the neighbouring bearings. We can provide you with performance data upon request.

Application example

Complete Freewheel FBL 82 SFZ as an overrunning clutch in the drive unit of a conveyor belt system with additional creep drive. The freewheel with shaft coupling is arranged in between the main motor and the creep drive. When the creep drive operates, the freewheel is in driving operation and drives the belt at low speed. In normal operation (freewheeling operation), the main motor drives and the outer ring overruns, whereupon the creep drive is automatically disengaged. With the high speed here, the type sprag lift-off Z is used; the sprags work in freewheeling operation without contact and hence are wear-free.

Complete Freewheels FBL

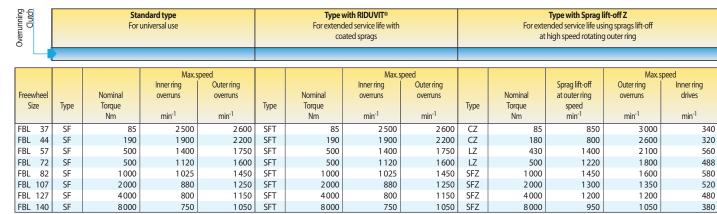
with shaft coupling for large shaft misalignements with sprags, available in three types

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В

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The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

Freewhee			Bor	ed1			Bore	d3	A	В	С	D	E	F	Н	L	М	0	Weight
Size			Standard			max.	min.	max.											
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FBL 37	14	16	18	20	22*	22*	16	35	110	62,0	12	75	53	0,5	33	48	42	124	3,0
FBL 44	20	22	25*			25*	20	42	135	65,0	14	90	66	0,5	41	50	53	140	4,6
FBL 57	25	28	30	32*		32*	30	50	160	82,5	16	100	85	0,5	51	65	62	170	6,9
FBL 72	35	38	40	42*		42*	30	50	160	89,5	16	125	85	1,0	51	74	62	178	10,0
FBL 82	35	40	45	50*		50*	40	70	200	92,0	20	135	104	2,0	65	75	79	204	14,2
FBL 107	50	55	60	65*		65*	50	90	250	111,5	25	170	150	2,5	81	90	100	250	28,0
FBL 127	50	60	70	75*		75*	60	110	315	138,0	32	200	175	3,0	101	112	124	313	48,8
FBL 140	65	75	80	90		95*	75	140	400	183,5	40	250	216	5,0	130	150	160	410	102,2

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

The flexible disk of the shaft coupling must be axially free when fitted so that the ball bearings in the freewheel are not distorted due to heat expansion.

The shaft coupling including the fastening screws are supplied loose. Depending on the desired freewheeling direction, the shaft coupling can be fitted on the right or the left of the freewheel.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size FBL 72, type with sprag lift-off Z and 38 mm bore in the freewheel and 40 mm bore in the shaft coupling:

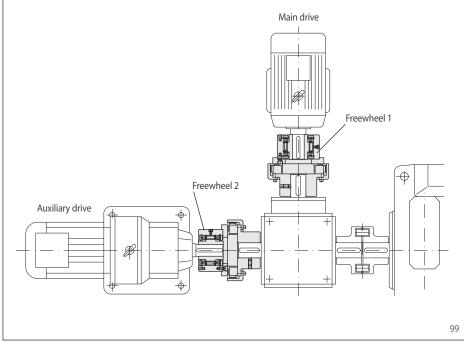
• FBL 72 LZ, d1 = 38 mm, d2 = 40 mm

Complete Freewheels FBE

with shaft coupling for small shaft misalignements with sprags, available in three types







Mounting

The shaft coupling including the fastening screws are supplied loose. Depending on the desired freewheeling direction, the shaft coupling can be fitted on the right or the left of the freewheel.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

Features

Complete Freewheels FBE with flexible shaft coupling are sealed sprag freewheels with ball bearings for coupling two aligned shafts. They are supplied oil-filled and ready for installation. The freewheels FBE are used as:

Overrunning Clutches

In addition to the standard type, two other types are available for extended service life.

Nominal torques up to 160 000 Nm.

Bores up to 300 mm. Many standard bores are available.

The material of the flexible coupling element is oil-resistant. We can provide you with performance data for the flexible shaft coupling upon request.

Application example

Two Complete Freewheels FBE 72 with shaft coupling as an overrunning clutch in the drive unit of a tube mill with additional auxiliary drive. A freewheel FBE 72 SF, standard type (freewheel 1) is arranged between the main drive and the angular gear. However, a freewheel FBE 72 LZ, type with sprag lift-off Z (freewheel 2) is arranged between the auxiliary drive and the angular gear. If the gear motor is driving in the auxiliary power mode, freewheel 2 works in driving operation and freewheel 1 overruns at a low speed (freewheeling operation). When driving via the main motor, the unit is driven via freewheel 1 (driving operation). Freewheel 2 overruns and automatically disengages the aux-iliary drive (freewheeling operation). With the high speed, the type with sprag lift-off Z is used; the sprags work in freewheeling operation without contact and hence are wear-free.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size FBE 107, standard type with 60 mm bore in the freewheel and 55 mm bore in the shaft coupling:

• FBE 107 SF, d1 = 60 mm, d2 = 55 mm

Complete Freewheels FBE

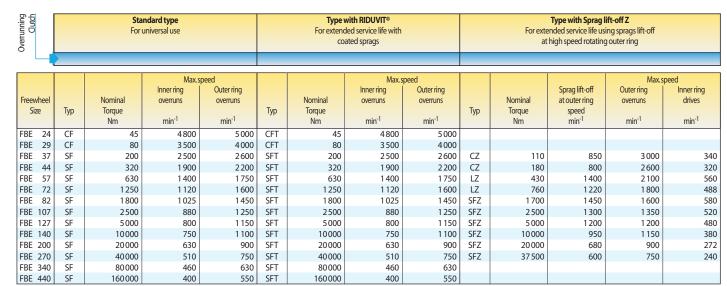
with shaft coupling for small shaft misalignements with sprags, available in three types

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The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

Freewheel			Bore	ed1			Bore	d3	А	В	С	D	E	F	Н	L	М	0	Weight
Size			Standard			max.	min.	max.											
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FBE 24	12	14*				14*	10	35	77	45	30	62	55	1,0	28	50	40	114,0	1,7
FBE 27	15	17*				17*	10	40	90	47	33	68	65	1,0	32	52	45	123,0	2,4
FBE 37	14	16	18	20	22*	22*	10	45	114	44	37	75	72	0,5	28	48	48	122,5	3,1
FBE 44	20	22	25*			25*	10	50	127	45	36	90	78	0,5	31	50	52	129,5	4,3
FBE 57	25	28	30	32*		32*	20	60	158	60	48	100	96	0,5	39	65	61	162,5	7,3
FBE 72	35	38	40	42*		42	20	70	181	68	53	125	110	1,0	44	74	67	184,0	11,6
FBE 82	35	40	45	50*		50*	25	75	202	67	64	135	120	2,0	46	75	75	200,0	15,4
FBE 107	50	55	60	65*		65*	30	80	230	81	75	170	130	2,5	48	90	82	230,0	24,9
FBE 127	50	60	70	75*		75*	45	100	294	102	97	200	160	3,0	56	112	97	288,0	47,3
FBE 140	65	75	80	90		95*	60	120	330	135	100	250	200	5,0	80	150	116	350,0	93,3
FBE 200	110	120				120	85	160	432	143	141	300	255	5,0	104	160	160	408,0	169,0
FBE 270	140					150	-	180	553	190	197	400	300	6,0	145	212	230	512,0	320,0
FBE 340	180					240	-	235	725	240	235	500	390	7,5	173	265	285	637,5	580,0
FBE 440	220					300	-	265	832	290	247	630	435	7,5	183	315	310	737,5	1206,0

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

for stationary arrangement with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off for multimotor drives





Features

Housing Freewheels FKhG with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off are typically used in cases where an assembly can be driven from two or more motors or turbines at the same or similar high speed.

The Housing Freewheels FKhG are completely enclosed freewheels for stationary arrangement with input and output shaft.

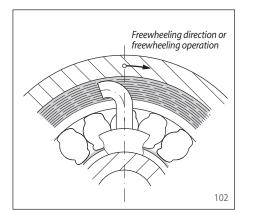
The freewheels FKhG are used as:

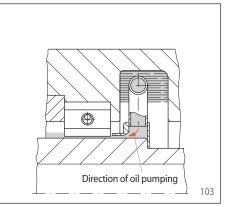
Overrunning Clutch

if the speeds in freewheeling operation and in driving operation are the same or similarly high. Nominal torques up to 14 000 Nm. Shaft diameter up to 110 mm.

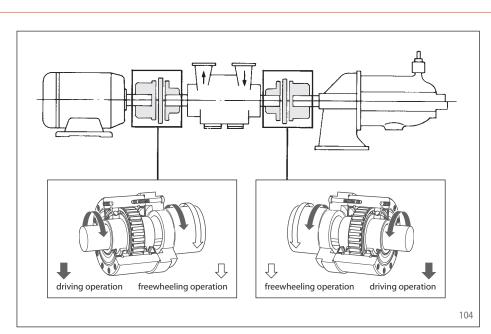
Hydrodynamic sprag lift-off

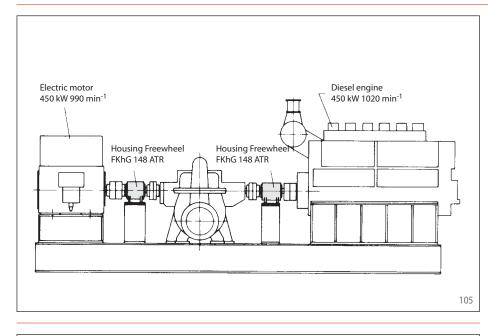
Housing Freewheels FkhG are equipped with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off. The hydrodynamic sprag lift-off is the ideal solution for overrunning clutches at high speeds, not only in freewheeling operation, but also in the driving operation, as can occur, for example, in multimotor drives. In the case of the hydrodynamic sprag lift-off, the lifting force is generated by an oil flow. The relative speed between the inner and outer rings is decisive for the lifting-off function. Compared to the freewheels with sprag lift-off X or Z, here the driving speed can be just as high as the freewheeling speed. The freewheels with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off (series FKh and FKhG) include an oil pump that is based on the pitot tube principle. The pitot tubes are connected with the inner ring. When the outer ring is rotating, an oil ring forms in the oil chamber, into which the pitot tubes are immersed. As soon as the outer ring overruns the inner ring, the pitot tubes pump the oil under pressure into the ring chamber and the oil then seeps out through the ring gap at high speed axially into the intermediate areas of the sprags. Depending on the relative speed between the outer and inner ring, the oil flow does not flow axially into the intermediate areas of the sprags, but at an angle. This creates a reaction force on the sprags. This reaction force overcomes the contact force of the sprag springs, and the sprags lift off from the inner ring. This process is supported by a hydrodynamic wedge formation. If the relative speed between the outer and inner rings reduces, the lifting force also reduces. Before achieving synchronous running, the sprags are brought safely to rest on the inner ring and are ready to lock. This guarantees immediate torque transfer once the synchronous speed has been reached. The hydrodynamic sprag lift-off enables a virtually wear-free freewheeling operation.

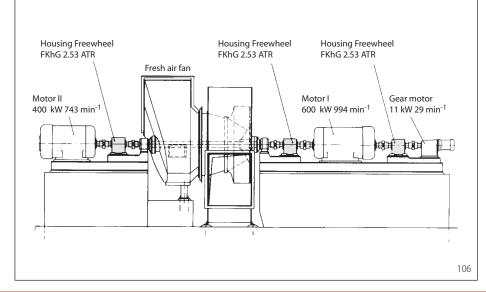




for stationary arrangement with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off for multimotor drives







Areas of application

Multimotor drives will be provided for two main reasons:

- Utmost security for a continuous plant operation in the event that one of the energy sources or a drive line fails.
- Energy saving in the case of partial load operation

Overrunning clutches as automatic clutches fulfil here an important function. They disengage the drive independently as soon as it no longer provides power to the working machine. The overrunning clutches do not require any external switching facilities.

Application example

Two Housing Freewheels FKhG 148 ATR in the multimotor drive of a coolant pump in a nuclear power plant. Under normal circumstances the pump is driven by the electric motor. In the event of a fault, the diesel engine is put into operation by a safety device, and continues to drive the pump without interrupting the coolant circulation. The Housing Freewheels automatically engage the respective working drive to the pump.

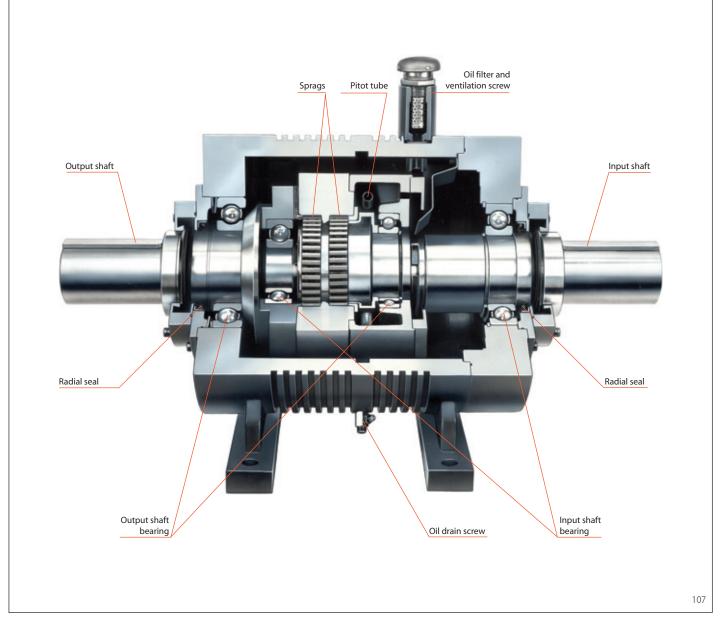
Application example

Three Housing Freewheels FKhG 2.53 ATR in the multimotor drive of a fresh air fan. The fan is driven by one or two electric motors. An additional auxiliary drive serves to slowly turn the fan for the purposes of inspection work or for an even cooling down after shut down. The Housing Freewheels automatically engage the respective working electric motor to the fan.



for stationary arrangement with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off for multimotor drives





Advantages

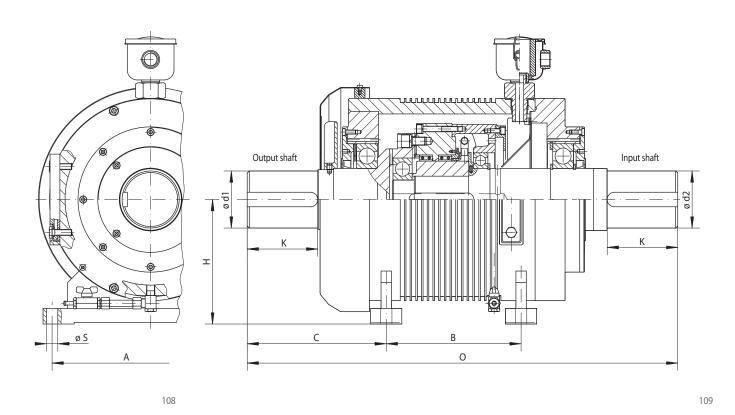
- For the automatic engagement and disengagement of multimotor drives
- Designed for continuous operation
- Extremely long service life due to wear-free freewheeling operation by means of hydrodynamic sprag lift-off
- Technically sophisticated design
- Oil pumping by means of the integrated pitot tube
- Long oil-change intervals due to large oil volume
- Oil level can be checked or changed without shut down
- Low bearing forces due to use of large bearings results in long bearing life
- The spring characteristic curve is available for vibrational calculations

Selection of Housing Freewheel

We shall be pleased to advice you on the selection of a suitable Housing Freewheel. We can provide you with complete dimensions and technical data to aid in your design. If required, you will receive with the delivery quality certificates from our factory's own quality assurance department or from a recognised classification office.

for stationary arrangement with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off for multimotor drives





Overrunning Clutch			For extended ser	rodynamic sprag vice life using spra ed rotating outer	ags lift-off					Dimensions				
				Max.s	nood	Shaft	A	В	C	Н	К	0	c	Weight
Froom	rhool		Nominal	Output shaft	Input shaft	d1 und d2	0	U	L.		K	Ű	5	weight
Freewheel Nominal overruns drives Size Type torque														
			Nm	min ⁻¹	min ⁻¹	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FKhG	24	ATR	1 100	2400	2400	45	300	180	114	150	75	408	18	60
FKhG	28	ATR	2 2 5 0	2400	2400	60	300	180	133	150	98	446	18	75
FKhG	94	ATR	3 400	1800	1800	75	380	175	243	210	120	690	22	190
FKhG	106	ATR	4 200	1800	1800	90	380	175	268	210	140	740	22	220
FKhG	148	ATR	7 000	1 500	1 500	100	380	260	268	240	140	830	22	310
FKhG	2.53	ATR	14000	1 500	1500	110	380	260	268	240	140	830	22	320

torque is Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 - Tolerance of keyway width JS10. The freewheel sizes FKhG 24 and FKhG 28 are not equipped with a cooling fan.

Accessories

During freewheeling operation, the stationary input shaft of the Housing Freewheel is effected by a drag torque from the freewheeling output shaft. The amount of drag torque depends on the size of the unit and the freewheeling speed; it could reach up to 20 Nm. If during freewheeling operation the torsional resistance of the adjacent drive is lower than the drag torque of the Housing Freewheel, it can be fitted with a brake to prevent the drive from being carried along during freewheeling operation. Therefore we offer:

- Built-in electromagnetic brake with indicator showing the operating conditions
- External brake ٠

Mounting

The Housing Freewheel must be mounted in such a way that shaft d2 is the input shaft and shaft d1 the ouput shaft.

We recommend the use of torsionally stiff shaft couplings generating only low reactive forces. On indication of the reactive forces that occur we are well prepared to check the usable life of the bearings installed.

Example for ordering

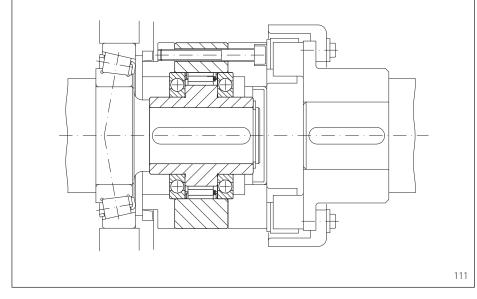
Prior to ordering, please complete the questionnaire on page 113 so that we can check the selection.

Basic Freewheels FBO

for assembly with customer connecting parts with sprags, available in five types







Mounting

The customer connecting parts are centered on the ball bearing external diameter F and assembled via the outer ring.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter F of the connecting part must be ISO H7 or J7. The centering depth C must be observed.

Lubrication

An oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided.

Features

Basic Freewheels FBO are sprag freewheels with ball bearings to be assembled with customer connecting parts. The freewheels are particularly suitable for installation in housings with oil lubrication and seals.

The freewheels FBO are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

In addition to the standard type, four other types are available for extended service life and indexing accuracy.

Nominal torques up to 160 000 Nm.

Bores up to 300 mm. Many standard bores are available.

Application example

Basic Freewheel FBO 127 SF as an overrunning clutch between the creep drive and the main drive of a cement mixer. In the case of creep operation, the outer ring is driven by the shaft coupling. The freewheel works in driving operation and drives the unit at a low speed via the main gearbox. In normal operation (freewheeling operation), the inner ring overruns and the creep drive is automatically disengaged. The freewheel is connected to the oil lubrication of the main gearbox and does not require any special maintenance. The arrangement of the seals between the freewheel and the main gearbox is advantageous. In normal operation (freewheeling operation), this is at a standstill and hence generates no additional frictionrelated temperature rise.

Example for ordering

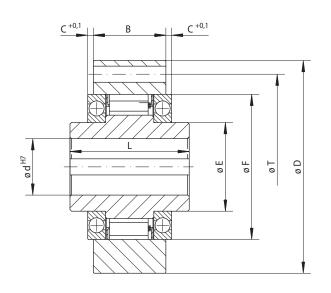
Freewheel size FBO 72, type with P-grinding and 38 mm bore:

• FBO 72 SFP, d = 38 mm

Basic Freewheels FBO

for assembly with customer connecting parts with sprags, available in five types





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Basic Freewheels

Indexing Freewheel Overrunning Clutch Backstop			ndard type niversal use			For extend	rith RIDUVIT ed service life ted sprags			For extende	De with sprag Id service life us In speed rotatin	sing sprags			For extende	be with sprag l d service life us a speed rotating	ing sprags l	ift-off	For exte	vith P-grinding ended service life dexing accuracy
Freewheel Size	Туре	Nominal torque Nm	Max.: Inner ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	speed Outer ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	Туре	Nominal torque Nm	Max.s Inner ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	speed Outer ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	Туре	Nominal torque Nm	Sprag lift-off at inner ring speed min ⁻¹	Max.s Inner ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	outer ring drives min ⁻¹	Туре	Nominal torque Nm		Max.s Outer ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹		Туре	Nominal torque Nm
FBO 37		200	2 500	2 600	SFT	200	2 500	2 600						CZ	110	850	3 000	340	SFP	120
FBO 44	SF	320	1 900	2 200	SFT	320	1 900	2 200	DX	130	860	1 900	344	CZ	180	800	2 600	320	SFP	180
FBO 57	SF	630	1 400	1 750	SFT	630	1 400	1 750	DX	460	750	1 400	300	LZ	430	1400	2 100	560	SFP	310
FBO 72 FBO 82	SF SF	1 250 1 800	1 120 1 025	1 600 1 450	SFT SFT	1 250 1 800	1 120	1 600 1 450	DX DX	720 1000	700 670	1 150 1 050	280 268	LZ SFZ	760 1700	1 220 1 450	1 800 1 600	488 580	SFP SFP	630 750
FBO 107		2500	880	1 4 50	SFT	2 500	1 025 880	1 450	DX	1 500	610	900		SFZ	2,500	1450	1 350	520	SEP	1 250
FBO 127	SF	5000	800	1 1 1 5 0	- · ·	5 000	800	1 1 1 50	SX	3400	380	800		SFZ	5000	1200	1 200	480	SEP	3 100
FBO 140		10000	750	1 100	SFT	10 000	750	1 100	SX	7500	320	750		SFZ	10000	950	1 1 50	380	SFP	6 300
FBO 200	SF	20000	630	900	SFT	20 000	630	900	SX	23000	240	630	96	SFZ	20000	680	900	272	SFP	12 500
FBO 270	SF	40 0 00	510	750	SFT	40 000	510	750	SX	40 0 00	210	510	84	SFZ	37500	600	750	240	SFP	25 000
FBO 340		80000	460	630	SFT	80 000	460	630												
FBO 440	SF	160 000	400	550	SFT	160 000	400	550												

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque. The specified maximum speeds apply for installation conditions as given with Complete Freewheels. Knowing the actual installation conditions higher speeds can be permitted under some circumstances.

Freewheel Size			Bor Standard	e d		max.	В	C1***	C2***	C3***	D	E	F	G**	L	Т	Z**	Weight
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm		kg
FBO 37	14	16	18	20	22*	22*	25	3,7		4,3	85	30	55	M 6	48	70	6	0,9
FBO 44	20	22	25*			25*	25	3,7	4,7	4,4	95	35	62	M 6	50	80	8	1,3
FBO 57	25	28	30	32*		32*	30	4,2	7,7	7,4	110	45	75	M 8	65	95	8	1,9
FBO 72	35	38	40	42*		42*	38	3,7	4,9	4,4	132	55	90	M 8	74	115	12	3,5
FBO 82	35	40	45	50*		50*	40	6,6	6,6	6,6	145	65	100	M 10	75	125	12	4,0
FBO 107	50	55	60	65*		65*	45	8,1	8,1	8,1	170	80	125	M 10	90	150	12	7,7
FBO 127	50	60	70	75*		75*	68	6,9	7,9	6,9	200	95	145	M 12	112	180	12	13,3
FBO 140	65	75	80	90		95*	68	19,1	20,1	19,1	250	120	180	M 16	150	225	12	31,5
FBO 200	110	120				120	85	14,1	15,1	14,1	320	160	240	M 16	160	288	16	46,5
FBO 270	140					150	100	22,5	22,5	22,5	420	200	310	M 20	212	370	18	105,0
FBO 340	180					240	125	25,6			497	300	380	M 20	265	450	24	190,0
FBO 440	220					300	150	34,1			627	380	480	M 30	315	560	24	360,0

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

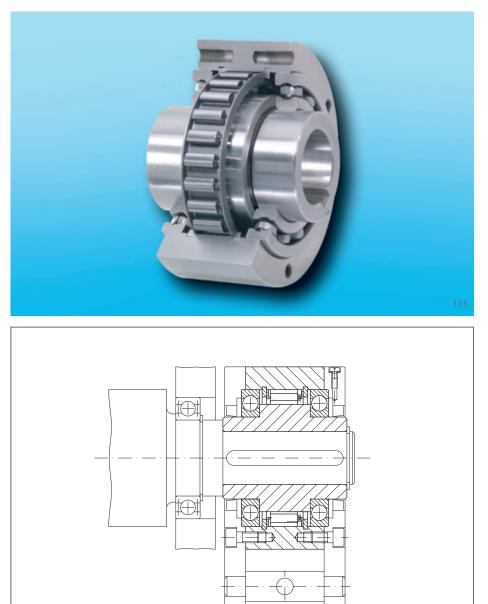
Keyway according to Div 6885, page 1 folerance of keyway width 3510.
 Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 folerance of keyway width JS10.
 **Z = Number of fastening holes for screws G (DIN 912) on pitch circle T.
 *** C1 = Centering depth of connecting parts for standard type, type with RIDUVIT® and type with P-grinding. C2 = Centering depth of connecting parts for type with sprag life-off X.

C3 = Centering depth of connecting parts for type with sprag lift-off Z.

Basic Freewheels FGR ... SF

for assembly with customer connecting parts with sprags





Features

Basic Freewheels FGR...SF are sprag freewheels with ball bearings to be assembled with customer connecting parts. The freewheels are particularly suitable for installation in housings with oil lubrication and seals.

Freewheels of series FGR ... SF are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

Nominal torques up to 2 150 Nm. Bores up to 50 mm.

Application example

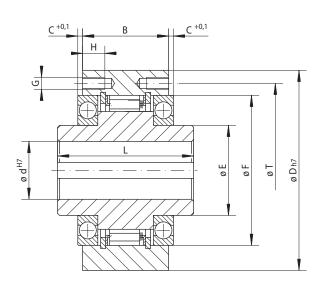
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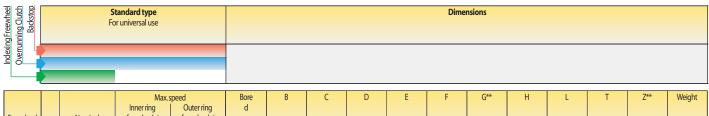
Basic Freewheel FGR 45 SF as an indexing freewheel for the gradual drive of a conveyor train in a wood shaving silo. The indexing lever is driven by a crank. The back and forth movement is transferred by the indexing freewheel in a gradual rotating movement of the conveyor train. As the conveyor train does not require a continuous drive, the indexing freewheel replaces a more elaborate reduction gear.

Basic Freewheels FGR ... SF

for assembly with customer connecting parts with sprags







Freewheel Size	Туре	Nominal torque Nm	freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm		kg
FGR 20	SF	200	2500	2600	20	34	2,5	75	30	55	M 5	8	57	64	4	1,0
FGR 25	SF	320	1 800	2000	25	35	2,5	90	40	68	M 6	10	60	78	4	1,5
FGR 30	SF	630	1 400	1750	30	43	2,5	100	45	75	M 6	10	68	87	6	2,2
FGR 35	SF	730	1 2 5 0	1700	35	45	3,0	110	50	80	M 6	12	74	96	6	3,0
FGR 40	SF	1 250	1120	1600	40	53	3,0	125	55	90	M 8	14	86	108	6	4,6
FGR 45	SF	1 650	1 0 8 0	1550	45	53	3,0	130	60	95	M 8	14	86	112	8	4,7
FGR 50	SF	2 150	1 0 2 5	1 4 5 0	50	64	4,0	150	70	110	M 8	14	94	132	8	7,2

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque. The specified maximum speeds apply for installation conditions as given with Complete Freewheels. Knowing the actual installation conditions higher speeds can be permitted under some circumstances Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. ** Z = Number of tapped holes G on pitch circle T.

Mounting

The customer connecting parts are centered on the ball bearing external diameter F and assembled via the outer ring.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter F of the connecting part must be ISO H7 or J7. The centering depth C must be observed.

Lubrication

An oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided. Two flat seals are supplied for sealing between the faces of the outer ring and the connecting parts.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size FGR 35, standard type:

• FGR 35 SF

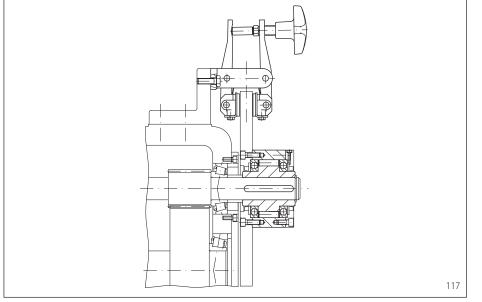
115

Basic Freewheels FGR ... R

for assembly with customer connecting parts with rollers







Features

Basic Freewheels FGR... R are roller freewheels with ball bearings to be assembled with customer connecting parts. The freewheels are particularly suitable for installation in housings with oil lubrication and seals.

Freewheels of series FGR ... R are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

Nominal torques up to 68 000 Nm. Bores up to 150 mm.

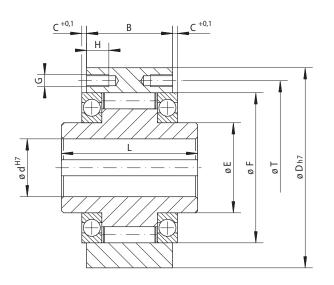
Application example

Basic Freewheel FGR 25 R as a backstop on a reduction gear in the drive of an inclined conveyor of an assembly train. When the unit stops, the conveyor belt must be held securely so that it does not run backwards by the weight of the assembly parts. A brake disk is fitted to the outer ring of the freewheel alongside a manually operated RINGSPANN brake calliper. The backdriving torque is maintained by the freewheel and the closed brake. During set-up it must be possible to move the installation in both directions of rotation. To do this, the brake calliper is opened manually.

Basic Freewheels FGR ... R

for assembly with customer connecting parts with rollers





lexing Freewheel errunning Clutch Backstop	S Fo	tandard type or universal use				Dime	nsions				
Indexir Overru											
		Max spood		0	_	_	C**		_	72.2	347.5.1.6

			Max.s	peed	Bore	В	С	D	E	F	G**	Н	L	Т	Z**	Weight
			Inner ring	Outer ring	d											, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
Freewheel		Nominal	freewheels/	freewheels/												
Size	Туре	torque	overruns	overruns												
		Nm	min ⁻¹	min ⁻¹	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm		kg
FGR 12	R	55	2500	5400	12	20	3,5	62	20	42	M5	-	42	51	3	0,5
FGR 15	R	130	2200	4800	15	28	2,0	68	25	47	M5	8	52	56	3	0,8
FGR 20	R	180	1 900	4100	20	34	2,4	75	30	55	M5	8	57	64	4	1,0
FGR 25	R	290	1550	3 3 5 0	25	35	2,4	90	40	68	M6	10	60	78	4	1,5
FGR 30	R	500	1 400	3050	30	43	2,4	100	45	75	M6	10	68	87	6	2,2
FGR 35	R	730	1 300	2850	35	45	2,9	110	50	80	M6	12	74	96	6	3,0
FGR 40	R	1 000	1150	2 5 0 0	40	53	2,9	125	55	90	M8	14	86	108	б	4,6
FGR 45	R	1 1 5 0	1100	2400	45	53	2,9	130	60	95	M8	14	86	112	8	4,7
FGR 50	R	2 100	950	2050	50	64	3,9	150	70	110	M8	14	94	132	8	7,2
FGR 55	R	2 600	900	1 900	55	66	2,9	160	75	115	M10	16	104	138	8	8,6
FGR 60	R	3 500	800	1800	60	78	5,4	170	80	125	M10	16	114	150	10	10,5
FGR 70	R	6 000	700	1600	70	95	6,4	190	90	140	M10	16	134	165	10	13,4
FGR 80	R	6 800	600	1 400	80	100	3,9	210	105	160	M10	16	144	185	10	18,2
FGR 90	R	11 000	500	1 300	90	115	4,9	230	120	180	M12	20	158	206	10	28,0
FGR 100	R	20 000	350	1 0 0 0	100	120	5,4	270	140	210	M16	24	182	240	10	43,0
FGR 130	R	31 000	250	900	130	152	7,9	310	160	240	M16	24	212	278	12	66,0
FGR 150	R	68 000	200	700	150	180	6,9	400	200	310	M20	32	246	360	12	136,0

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque. Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. ** Z = Number of tapped holes G on pitch circle T.

Mounting

The customer connecting parts are centered on the ball bearing external diameter F and assembled via the outer ring.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter F of the connecting part must be ISO H7 or J7. The centering depth C must be observed.

Lubrication

An oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided. Two flat seals are supplied for sealing between the faces of the outer ring and the connecting parts.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size FGR 35, standard type:

• FGR 35 R

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for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X





Features

Integrated Freewheels FXM are sprag freewheels without bearing support and with sprag lift-off X.

The sprag lift-off X ensures a wear-free freewheeling operation when the inner ring rotates at high speed.

The freewheels FXM are used as:

- Backstops
- Overunning Clutches

for applications with high speed freewheeling operation and when used as an overrunning clutch with low speed driving operation.

Nominal torques up to 364 000 Nm.

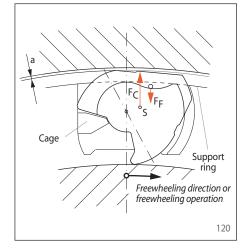
Bores up to 320 mm. Many standard bores are available.

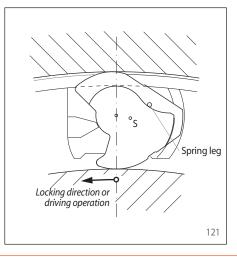
Sprag lift-off X

Integrated Freewheels FXM are equipped with sprag lift-off X. The sprag lift-off X is used for backstops and overrunning clutches, provided that in freewheeling operation the inner ring is rotating at high speed and providing with overrunning clutches that the driving operation is conducted at low speed. In freewheeling operation, the centrifugal force F_C causes the sprag to lift off from the outer track. In this operating state, the freewheel works wear-free, i.e. with unlimited service life.

Figure 120 shows a freewheel with sprag lift-off X in freewheeling operation. The sprags, which are supported in a cage connected with the inner ring, rotate with the inner ring. The centrifugal force F_C that is applied in the center of gravity S of the sprag turns the sprag anticlockwise and rests against the support ring of the cage. This results in the gap a between the sprag and the outer track; the freewheel works without contact. If the inner ring speed decreases to such an extent that the effect of the centrifugal

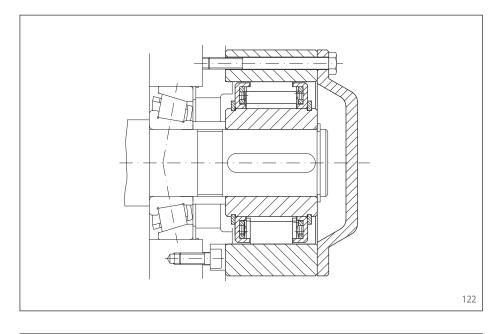
force on the sprag is less than that of the spring force F_F , the sprag again rests on the outer ring and the freewheel is ready to lock (figure 121). If used as an overrunning clutch, the driving speed must not exceed 40% of the lift-off speed.

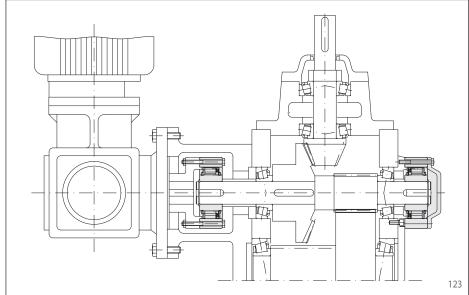


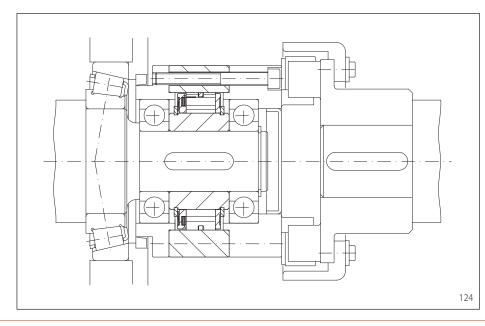


for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X









Application example

Integrated Freewheel FXM 170 - 63 SX with end cover as backstop fitted to the end of the first intermediate shaft of a spur gearbox in the drive of an inclined conveyor belt. In the case of a motor stop, the conveyor belt must be held securely so that the conveyor goods do not pull the belt backwards and possibly cause serious damage. Due to the high shaft speeds in normal operation (freewheeling operation), the sprag lift-off X ensures a contactless and hence wearfree continuous operation.

Application example

Two Integrated Freewheels FXM 120 - 50 SX in the gearbox unit of a vertical bucket conveyor. Alongside the main drive, the bucket conveyor has a creep drive, which can be moved at a low speed if maintenance work needs to be carried out. The freewheel arranged between the creep drive and the main drive works as an overrunning clutch. When the creep drive operates, the freewheel is in driving operation. In normal operation, when driving via the main drive, the inner ring of the freewheel overruns at high speed and automatically disengages the creep drive. The second freewheel that is arranged on the end of the first intermediate shaft of the main gearbox, works as a backstop and prevents the bucket conveyor from running back when the unit is at a standstill.

Application example

Integrated Freewheel FXM 76-25 DX as an overrunning clutch between the creep drive and the main drive of a cement mixer. When the creep drive operates, the outer ring is driven by the shaft coupling. The freewheel works in driving operation and drives the unit at a low speed via the main gearbox. In normal operation (freewheeling operation), the inner ring overruns at high speed and the creep drive is automatically disengaged. With the high shaft speed, the type sprag lift-off X is used; the sprags work in freewheeling operation without contact and hence are wear-free. The arrangement of the seals between the freewheel and the main gearbox is advantageous. In freewheeling operation, this is at a standstill and hence generates no additional friction-related temperature rise.

for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X





Backstop Overrunning Clutch

			Theoretical			Nominal torque at ex	kisting run out (T.I.R.)				Max.s	peed
			nominal torque				J. J			Sprag lift-off	Inner ring	Outer ring
	ewheel									at inner ring	freewheels/	drives
	Size	Туре	🕶 0 A	✓ 0,1 A	🕶 0,2 A	🕶 0,3 A	✓ 0,4 A	🛹 0,5 A	✓ 0,8 A	speed	overruns	
			Nm	Nm	Nm	Nm	Nm	Nm	Nm	min ⁻¹	min ⁻¹	min ⁻¹
FXM	31 - 17	DX	100	100	95					890	5 0 0 0	356
FXM	38 - 17	DX	150	140	130					860	5 0 0 0	344
FXM	46 - 25	DX	390	380	350					820	5 0 0 0	328
FXM	51 - 25	DX	480	470	420					750	5 0 0 0	300
FXM	56 - 25	DX	580	570	490					730	5 0 0 0	292
FXM	61 - 19	DX	420	410	370					750	5 0 0 0	300
FXM	66 - 25	DX	800	780	700					700	5 0 0 0	280
FXM	76 - 25	DX	1 050	1 040	890					670	5 0 0 0	268
FXM	86 - 25	DX	1 350	1 300	1 030					630	5 000	252
FXM	101 - 25	DX	1 700	1 600	1 400					610	5 0 0 0	244
FXM	85 - 40	SX	1 900	1 900	1 800	1 800	1 700	1 600		430	6000	172
FXM	100 - 40	SX	2 700	2 600	2 500	2 400	2 200	2 000		400	4 500	160
FXM	120 - 50	SX	6 500	6 300	5 800	4 800	4 400	3 600		320	4000	128
FXM	140 - 50	SX	8 700	8 500	7 900	6 700	5 500	5 400		320	3 0 0 0	128
FXM	170 - 63	SX	20 000	19 000	16 000	14 000	13 000	12 000		250	2 700	100
FXM	200 - 63	SX	26 000	23 000	20 500	17 500	15 500	14 000		240	2 100	96
FXM	240 - 63	UX	31 000	30 500	30 000	29 000	26 000	24 000	19 500	220	3 000	88
FXM	240 - 96	UX	52 050	51 000	49 000	47 500	46 000	44 000	35 000	220	2 500	88
FXM	260 - 63	UX	38 500	38 000	37 000	36 500	33 000	29 000	25 000	210	2 500	84
FXM	290 - 70	UX	59 500	59 000	56 000	50 000	47 000	45 000	37 000	200	2 500	80
FXM	290 - 96	UX	91 000	90 000	82 500	77 500	70 000	62 500	55 000	200	2 500	80
FXM	310 - 70	UX	69 000	68 000	64 500	60 000	55 000	49 000	43 000	195	2 500	78
FXM	310 - 96	UX	107 000	105 000	99 000	85 500	81 000	74 000	68 000	195	2 100	78
FXM	320 - 70	UX	76 500	73 000	67 000	62 000	56 500	49 500	43 000	195	2 0 0 0	78
FXM	360 - 100	UX	149 000	139 500	128 000	119 500	103 500	90 000	80 500	180	1 800	72
FXM	410 - 100	UX	193 000	179 500	167 000	154 500	137 000	121 500	111 500	170	1 500	68
FXM 2	2.410 - 100	UX	364 000	350 000	315 000	296 500	277 500	266 000	223 500	210	1 500	84

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque. The theoretical nominal torque applies only for ideal concentricity between the inner and outer ring. In practice, the concentricity is affected by the bearing play and centering errors of the neighbouring parts. Then the nominal torques specified in the table apply, whilst taking into consideration the existing run out (T.I.R.). Higher speeds upon request.

Mounting

Integrated Freewheels FXM are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer. The permissible run out (T.I.R.) must be observed.

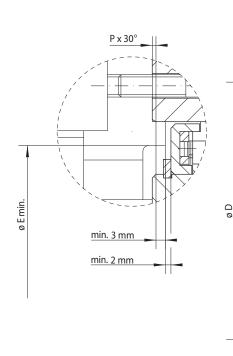
The Integrated Freewheel FXM is centered via the outer track F on the customer attachment part and bolted to this (refer to figure 126). The tolerance of the pilot diameter of the attachment part must be ISO h6 or h7.

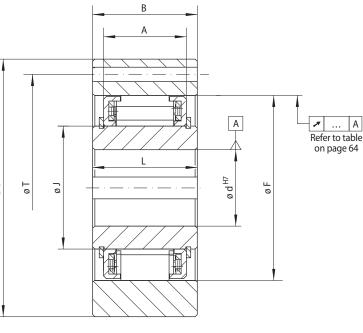
For fitting to shaft ends, end covers can be supplied upon request (refer to figure 128).

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

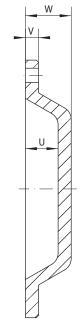
for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X







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Freewheel				Bore d				А	В	D	E	F	G	J	L	Р	Т	U	V	W	Z**	Weight
Size			Stan	dard			max.				min.											
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		kg
FXM 31-17	20*						20*	17	25	85	41	55	M6	31	24	1,0	70	15	6	21	6	0,8
FXM 38 -17	25*						25*	17	25	90	48	62	M6	38	24	1,0	75	15	6	21	6	0,9
FXM 46 -25	25						30	25	35	95	56	70	M6	46	35	1,0	82	15	6	21	6	1,3
FXM 51-25	25	30	35				36	25	35	105	62	75	M6	51	35	1,0	90	15	6	21	6	1,7
FXM 56 -25	35						40	25	35	110	66	80	M6	56	35	1,0	96	15	6	21	8	1,8
FXM 61 -19	30	35	40				45*	19	27	120	74	85	M8	61	25	1,0	105	15	6	21	6	1,8
FXM 66 -25	35	40	45				48*	25	35	132	82	90	M8	66	35	1,0	115	15	8	23	8	2,8
FXM 76 -25	45	55					60*	25	35	140	92	100	M8	76	35	1,0	125	15	8	23	8	3,1
FXM 86 -25	40	45	50	60	65		70*	25	40	150	102	110	M8	86	40	1,0	132	15	8	23	8	4,2
FXM 101 -25	55	70					80*	25	50	175	117	125	M10	101	50	1,0	155	20	8	28	8	6,9
FXM 85 -40	45	50	60	65			65	40	50	175	102	125	M10	85	60	1,0	155	20	8	28	8	7,4
FXM 100 -40	45	50	55	60	70	75	80*	40	50	190	130	140	M10	100	60	1,5	165	25	10	35	12	8,8
FXM 120-50	60	65	70	75	80	95	95	50	60	210	150	160	M10	120	70	1,5	185	25	10	35	12	12,7
FXM 140 -50	65	90	100	110			110	50	70	245	170	180	M12	140	70	2,0	218	25	12	35	12	19,8
FXM 170 -63	70	85	90	100	120		130	63	80	290	200	210	M16	170	80	2,0	258	28	12	38	12	33,0
FXM 200 -63	130						155	63	80	310	230	240	M16	200	80	2,0	278	32	12	42	12	32,0
FXM 240 -63							185	63	80	400	280	310	M20	240	90	2,0	360	48	12	60	12	60,0
FXM 240 -96							185	96	125	420	280	310	M24	240	120	2,0	370	48	15	60	16	95,0
FXM 260 -63							205	63	80	430	300	330	M20	260	105	2,0	380	48	18	60	16	75,0
FXM 290-70							230	70	80	460	330	360	M20	290	105	2,0	410	48	18	60	16	90,0
FXM 290 -96							230	96	110	460	330	360	M20	290	120	2,0	410	48	18	60	16	91,0
FXM 310-70							240	70	125	497	360	380	M20	310	110	3,0	450	48	18	60	24	135,0
FXM 310-96							240	96	125	497	360	380	M20	310	120	3,0	450	48	18	60	24	145,0
FXM 320-70							250	70	80	490	360	390	M24	320	105	3,0	440	55	20	68	16	105,0
FXM 360 -100							280	100	120	540	400	430	M24	360	125	3,0	500	55	20	68	24	170,0
FXM 410 -100							320	100	120	630	460	480	M24	410	125	3,0	560	55	20	68	24	245,0
FXM 2.410 -100							320	200	220	630	460	480	M30	410	220	3,0	560	55	20	68	24	440,0

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. * Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. ** Z = Number of fastening holes for screws G on pitch circle T.

Lubrication

At speeds in excess of the sprag lift-off speed, no special lubrication is required; the freewheel functions maintenance-free.

When operating below the sprag lift-off speed, an oil lubrication of the specified oil quality must be provided.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size FXM 240 – 63, type with sprag lift-off X and 140 mm bore and end cover:

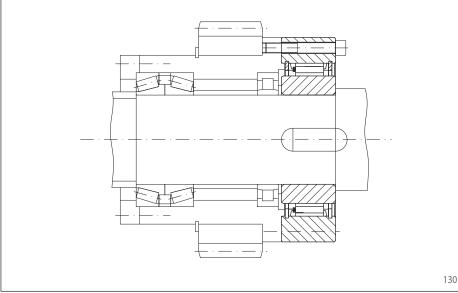
• FXM 240 - 63 UX, d = 140 mm, with end cover

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for bolting to the face with sprags, available in three types







Mounting

Integrated Freewheels FON are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer. The permissible run out (T.I.R.) must be observed.

The Integrated Freewheel FON is centered via the outer track F on the customer attachment part and bolted to this. The tolerance of the pilot diameter of the attachment part must be ISO h6.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

Lubrication

In the case of standard type and type with RIDUVIT[®], an oil lubrication of the specified oil quality must be provided.

In the case of the type with sprag lift-off Z, at speeds in excess of the sprag lift-off speed, no special lubrication is required; the freewheel functions maintenance-free. When operating below the sprag lift-off speed, an oil lubrication of the specified oil quality must be provided.

Features

Integrated Freewheels FON are sprag freewheels without bearing support. The freewheels FON are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

In addition to the standard type, two other types are available for extended service life and indexing accuracy.

Nominal torques up to 25 000 Nm.

Bores up to 155 mm. Many standard bores are available.

Application example

Integrated Freewheel FON 57 SFT as an overrunning clutch, arranged on the main drive shaft of a packaging machine. The outer ring is connected to a creep drive by means of a gear wheel. This drive is used during set-up. In this operating state, the freewheel works in driving operation and drives the machine at a very low speed via the main shaft. In normal operation (freewheeling operation), the inner ring overruns and the creep drive is automatically disengaged. The RIDUVIT[®] sprags give the freewheel an extended service life.

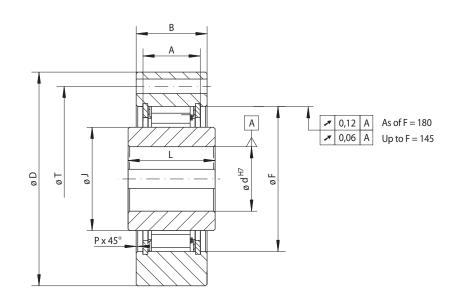
Example for ordering

Freewheel size FON 72, type with RIDUVIT[®] and 45 mm bore:

• FON 72 SFT, d = 45 mm

for bolting to the face with sprags, available in three types





ng Freewheel Inning Clutch Backstop	Standard type For universal use	Type with RIDUVIT® For extended service life with coated sprags	Type with sprag lift-off Z For extended service life using sprag lift-off at high speed rotating outer ring
Overru			

			Max.s	peed			Max.s	peed				Max.s	peed
Freewheel Size	Туре	Nominal torque Nm	Inner ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	Outer ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	Туре	Nominal torque Nm	Inner ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	Outer ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	Туре	Nominal torque Nm	Sprag lift-off at outer ring speed min ⁻¹	Outer ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	Inner ring drives min ⁻¹
FON 37	SF	220	2 500	2 600	SFT	220	2 500	2 600	SFZ	180	2 900	3 700	340
FON 44	SF	315	1 900	2 200	SFT	315	1 900	2 200	SFZ	250	2 2 5 0	3 000	320
FON 57	SF	630	1 400	1 750	SFT	630	1 400	1 750	SFZ	630	2000	2 200	560
FON 72	SF	1 250	1 1 2 0	1 600	SFT	1250	1 120	1 600	SFZ	1250	1 550	1 850	488
FON 82	SF	1 900	1 025	1 450	SFT	1 900	1 025	1 450	SFZ	1700	1 450	1 600	580
FON 107	SF	2800	880	1 250	SFT	2800	880	1 250	SFZ	2500	1 300	1 350	520
FON 127	SF	6 3 0 0	800	1 150	SFT	6300	800	1 150	SFZ	5000	1 200	1 200	480
FON 140	SF	10000	750	1 100	SFT	10000	750	1 100	SFZ	10000	950	1 1 5 0	380
FON 170	SF	16000	700	1 000	SFT	16000	700	1 000	SFZ	14000	880	1 000	352
FON 200	SF	25 000	630	900	SFT	25000	630	900	SFZ	20000	680	900	272

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque. The specified maximum speeds apply for installation conditions as given with Complete Freewheels. Knowing the actual installation conditions higher speeds can be permitted under some circumstances.

Freewheel Size		Bor Standard	re d	max.	A	В	D	F	G**	J	L	Р	Т	Z**	Weight
Sille	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm	mm		kg
FON 37	20			25*	18,5	25	85	55	M6	37	35	0,5	70	6	0,8
FON 44	25			32*	18,5	25	95	62	M6	44	35	0,5	80	8	1,0
FON 57	30	35	40	42*	23,5	30	110	75	M8	57	45	0,5	95	8	1,7
FON 72	45			55*	29,5	38	132	90	M8	72	60	1,0	115	12	3,0
FON 82	50	55		65*	31,0	40	145	100	M10	82	60	1,0	125	12	4,0
FON 107	70			85*	33,0	45	170	125	M10	107	65	1,0	150	12	6,0
FON 127	90			100*	58,0	68	200	145	M12	127	75	1,0	180	12	11,5
FON 140	100			115*	58,0	68	250	180	M16	140	75	1,0	225	12	17,0
FON 170	120			140*	60,0	70	290	210	M16	170	75	1,0	258	16	24,0
FON 200	140			155	73,0	85	320	240	M16	200	85	1,5	288	16	34,0

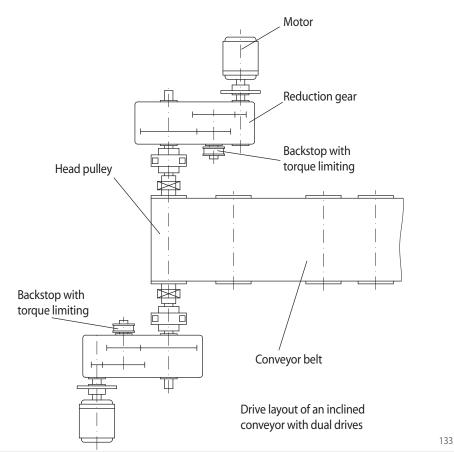
Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. * Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. ** Z = Number of fastening holes for screws G on pitch circle T.

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for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X and torque limiting







Features

Integrated Freewheels FXRV and FXRT are sprag freewheels without bearing support and with sprag lift-off X. They consist of the Integrated Freewheels FXM (refer to pages 62 to 65) with additional torque limiter.

The sprag lift-off X ensures a wear-free freewheeling operation when the inner ring rotates at high speed.

The freewheels FXRV and FXRT are used as:

Backstops

in the case of inclined conveyors with multiple drives, where several drives are equipped with their own backstops. In such installations, when stopping the load, the total backdriving torque initially (due to various backlashes and elasticities in the various drives) appears solely or predominately in only one backstop. This problem is solved as the torque limiter, which is built into the backstop, slips until additional backstops successively become engaged. Therefore it is achieved, that the total backdriving torque is distributed to the individual backstops. Furthermore dynamic peak torgues of the locking procedure are reduced so that the reduction gear is protected from damaging peak torques. This makes the backstops FXRV and FXRT a valuable design element in increasing the operating security of inclined conveyors.

Advantages

- Protection of gearboxes from dynamic peak torques in the locking procedure
- Protection of gearboxes from overload by unequal load distribution in multiple drives
- Smaller gearboxes can be used without negatively effecting the safety
- Protection of the backstops, as dynamic peak torques are reduced by temporarly slipping

for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X and torque limiting



Integrated Freewheels FXRV with torque limiting and without release function

This series of backstops with torque limiting is the basic version. The design and the available standard sizes are shown on page 70.

Integrated Freewheels FXRT with torque limiting and with release function

This series is designed in the same way as series FXRV; as an addition, a finely controllable release function is built in. The design, the description of the release function and the available standard sizes are shown on page 71.

The backstops with controllable release function are used if a controlled relaxing of the belt or the unit – perhaps in the case of a jam on the pulley drum – or a limited reverse movement of the conveyor system is required.

Selection torque

If the backdriving torque M_L is known, then the selection torque M_A of the backstops should be determined as follows:

$$M_A = 1,2 \cdot M_L \text{ [Nm]}$$

If, however, only the nominal power of the motor $\rm P_0\,[kW]$ is known, then this applies:

 $M_A = 1.2 \cdot 9550 \cdot \eta^2 \cdot P_0 / n_{SP}$ [Nm]

In these equiations:

 M_A = Selection torque of the backstop [Nm]

$$M_L = 9550 \cdot \eta \cdot P_L / n_{SP}$$
 [Nm]

- Static backdriving torque of the load referring to the backstop shaft [Nm]
- P_L = Lifting capacity of the conveyor system at full load [kW]
 - Lifting height [m] multiplied by the load that is being conveyed per second [kN/s]
- $P_0 = Nominal power of motor [kW]$
- $n_{SP} = Speed of backstop shaft [min⁻¹]$
- η = Efficiency of installation

After calculating $M_{A'}$, the size of the backstop must be selected in accordance with the catalogue tables in such a way that in all cases this applies:

 $M_R \ge M_A$

=

M_R = Maximum slipping torque in accordance with the table values on pages 70 and 71 [Nm] Approximate values for η:

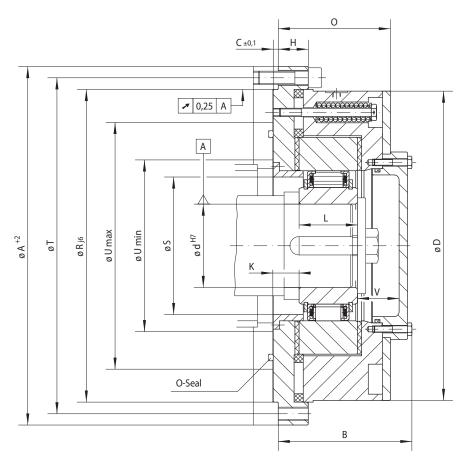
Type of installation	η	η^2
Conveyor belts, angle up to 6°	0,71	0,50
Conveyor belts, angle up to 8°	0,78	0,61
Conveyor belts, angle up to 10°	0,83	0,69
Conveyor belts, angle up to 12°	0,86	0,74
Conveyor belts, angle up to 15°	0,89	0,79
Screw pumps	0,93	0,87
Ball mills, drying drums	0,85	0,72
Bucket conveyors, elevators	0,92	0,85
Hammer mills	0,93	0,87

In each case, the sum of the slipping torques of the individual backstops must be 1,2 times higher than the static backdriving torque of the installation (also at overload). The torques specified in the tables are maximum values. Lower values can be set upon request. If in doubt, please contact us stating the precise description of the installation and the operating conditions. It is preferable to use the questionnaire on page 110.

for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X and torque limiting



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Backstop	For e	extended se	ith sprag lift- ervice life using eed rotating in	sprag lift-off												Dimer	nsions											
Freewheel		Slipping torque	Sprag lift-off at inner ring	Max.speed Inner ring freewheels			Ctan	Bore d				A	В	С	D	G**	Η	К	L	0	R	S	Т	U*	***	V	Z**	Weight
Size	Туре	M _R Nm	speed min ⁻¹	min ⁻¹	mm	mm	Stan	mm	mm	mm	max. mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	min. mm	max. mm	mm		kg
FXRV 85 - 40	SX	1 400	430	6000	45	50	60	65			65	330	143	6	280	M12	34	29	60	127	280	110	308	165	215	38	6	48
FXRV 100 - 50	SX	2 300	400	4 500	45	50	55	60	70	75	80*	350	150	6	311	M12	34	31	70	134	300	125	328	180	240	38	6	58
FXRV 120 - 50	SX	3 400	320	4000	60	65	70	75	80	95	95	400	151	6	345	M16	36	31	70	134	340	145	373	200	260	38	6	80
FXRV 140 - 50	SX	4 500	320	3 000	65	90	100	110			110	430	160	6	386	M16	36	31	70	135	375	165	403	220	280	50	6	90
FXRV 170 - 63	SX	9 000	250	2 700	70	85	90	100	120		130	500	175	6	462	M16	43	40	80	157	425	196	473	250	340	38	6	140
FXRV 200 - 63	SX	12 500	240	2 100	130						155	555	175	6	516	M16	43	40	80	157	495	226	528	275	390	38	6	195
FXRV 240 - 63	UX	21 200	220	3 000							185	710	195	8	630	M20	50	50	90	173	630	290	670	355	455	38	12	340
FXRV 260 - 63	UX	30 000	210	2 500							205	750	205	8	670	M20	50	50	105	183	670	307	710	375	500	38	12	410
FXRV 290 - 70	UX	42 500	200	2 500							230	850	218	8	755	M24	50	50	105	193	730	335	800	405	560	38	12	490
FXRV 310 - 96	UX	53 000	195	2 100							240	900	260	10	775	M24	63	63	120	246	775	355	850	435	600	50	12	740

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. * Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. * X = Number of fastening holes for screws G (DIN 912) on pitch circle T. *** Area for O-ring sealing. Other freewheel sizes upon request.

Torques

The Integrated Freewheels FXRV are supplied with a set slipping torque M_R of the torque limiter. The static backdriving torque M_L of the installation (also in the case of an overload) must under no circumstances achieve the sum of the slipping torques M_R of the provided Integrated Freewheels. The slipping torques M_R specified in the table are maximum values; lower values can be set.

Mounting

The Integrated Freewheels FXRV are without bearing support, therefore it must be ensured that the run out (T.I.R.) between the pilot diameter R and the shaft diameter d does not exceed the value 0,25 mm.

Dimension C applies for the Integrated Freewheel. The centering depth of the customer attachment part must be at least C + 0,2 mm. The tolerance of the pilot diameter of the attachment part must be ISO H7.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or h7.

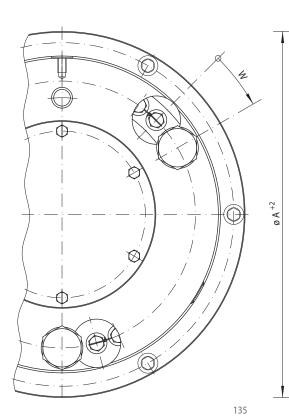
Example for ordering

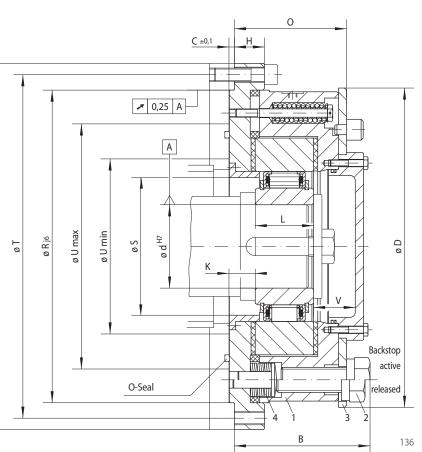
Freewheel size FXRV 170-63 SX, type with sprag lift-off X, 90 mm bore and slipping torque 8 000 Nm:

FXRV 170 - 63 SX, d = 90 mm, M_R = 8 000 Nm

for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X, torque limiting and release function







																				1						1		
Backstop	Fore	extended se	ith Sprag lift- ervice life using eed rotating in	sprag lift-off												Dimer	nsions											
Freewheel Size	Туре	Slipping torque M _R	Sprag lift-off at inner ring speed	Max.speed Inner ring freewheels			Stan	Bore d dard			max.	A	В	С	D	G**	Η	K	L	0	R	S	Т	U* min.	*** max.	V	Z**	Weight
	1	Nm	min ⁻¹	min⁻¹	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm	mm		kg
FXRT 85 - 40	SX	1 400	430	6000	45	50	60	65			65	330	151	6		M12	34	29	60	127	280	110	308	165	215	38	6	48
FXRT 100 - 50	SX	2 300	400	4500	45	50	55	60	70	75	80*	350	163	6		M12	34	31	70	134	300	125	328	180	240	38	6	58
FXRT 120 - 50	SX	3 400	320	4000	60	65	70	75	80	95	95	400	163	6		M16	36	31	70	134	340	145	373	200	260	38	6	80
FXRT 140 - 50	SX	4 500	320	3 0 0 0	65	90	100	110			110	430	167	6		M16	36	31	70	135	375	165	403	220	280	50	6	90
FXRT 170 - 63	SX	9 000	250	2700	70	85	90	100	120		130	500	193	6		M16	43	40	80	157	425	196	473	250	340	38	6	140
FXRT 200 - 63	SX	12 500	240	2100	130						155	555	193	6		M16	43	40	80	157	495	226	528	275	390	38	6	195
FXRT 240 - 63	UX	21 200	220	3 0 0 0							185	710	200	8		M20	50	50	90	173	630	290	670	355	455	38	12	340
FXRT 260 - 63	UX	30 000	210	2 5 0 0							205	750	212	8	670	M20	50	50	105	183	670	307	710	375	500	38	12	410
FXRT 290 - 70	UX	42 500	200	2 5 0 0							230	850	212	8	755	M24	50	50	105	193	730	335	800	405	560	38	12	490
FXRT 310 - 96	UX	53 000	195	2100							240	900	280	10	775	M24	63	63	120	246	775	355	850	435	600	50	12	740

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. ** Z = Number of fastening holes for screws G (DIN 912) on pitch circle T. *** Area for O-ring sealing.

Other freewheel sizes upon request.

Torques

The Integrated Freewheels FXRT are supplied with a set slipping torque M_R of the torque limiter. The static backdriving torque M_L of the installation (also in the case of an overload) must under no circumstances achieve the sum of the slipping torques M_R of the provided Integrated Freewheels. The slipping torques M_R specified in the table are maximum values; lower values can be set.

Mounting

The Integrated Freewheels FXRT are without bearing support, therefore it must be ensured that the run out (T.I.R.) between the pilot diameter R and the shaft diameter d does not exceed the value 0,25 mm.

Dimension C applies for the Integrated Freewheel. The centering depth of the customer attachment part must be at least C + 0,2 mm. The tolerance of the pilot diameter of the attachment part must be ISO H7.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or h7

Release function

The finely controllable release function consists basically of three special screws (2) that are located in the spring pocket (1) and the locking plate (3). To release the backstop, first of all the special screws have to be unscrewed slightly, then the locking plate has to be turned clockwise by the angle W. The special screws can then be tightened, whereupon, with the aid of the belleville spring set (4) the release procedure is finely initiated. When the release facility is actuated a small amount of oil may seep out for a brief period of time.

Internal Freewheels FXN

for press fit on the outer ring with sprag lift-off X





Features

Internal Freewheels FXN are sprag freewheels without bearing support and with sprag lift-off X.

The sprag lift-off X ensures a wear-free freewheeling operation when the inner ring rotates at high speed.

The outer ring is pressed into the customer housing. This makes compact, space-saving fitting solutions possible.

The freewheels FXN are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches

for applications with high speed freewheeling operation and when used as an overrunning clutch with low speed driving operation.

Nominal torques up to 20 000 Nm. The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit.

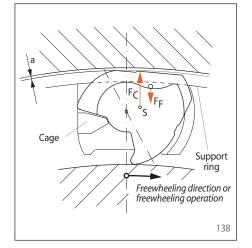
Bores up to 130 mm. Many standard bores are available.

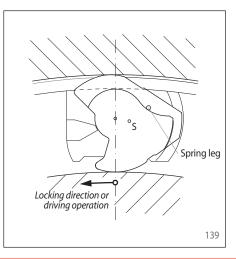
Sprag lift-off X

Internal Freewheels FXN are equipped with sprag lift-off X. The sprag lift-off X is used for backstops and overrunning clutches, provided that in freewheeling operation the inner ring is rotating at high speed and providing with overrunning clutches that the driving operation is conducted at low speed. In freewheeling operation, the centrifugal force F_C causes the sprag to lift off from the outer track. In this operating state, the freewheel works wear-free, i.e. with unlimited service life.

Figure 138 shows a freewheel with sprag lift-off X in freewheeling operation. The sprags, which are supported in a cage connected with the inner ring, rotate with the inner ring. The centrifugal force F_C that is applied in the center of gravity S of the sprag turns the sprag anticlockwise and rests against the support ring of the cage. This results in the gap a between the sprag and the outer track; the freewheel works without contact. If the inner ring speed decreases to such an extent that the effect of the centrifugal

force on the sprag is less than that of the spring force F_F , the sprag again rests on the outer ring and the freewheel is ready to lock (figure 139). If used as an overrunning clutch, the driving speed must not exceed 40% of the lift-off speed.

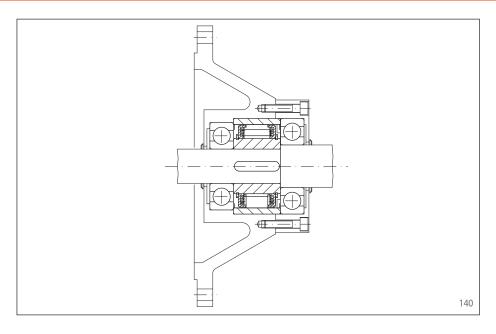


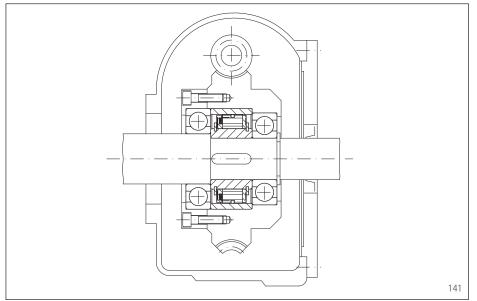


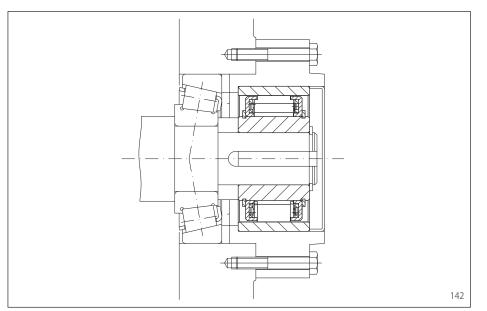
Internal Freewheels FXN

for press fit on the outer ring with sprag lift-off X









Application example

Internal Freewheel FXN 38 - 17/70 DX as a backstop, arranged in a housing adapter to attach to an electric motor. The thin outer ring that is pressed into the housing enables a space-efficient fitting solution. Due to the high shaft speeds in normal operation (freewheeling operation), the sprag lift-off X ensures a contactless and hence wear-free continuous operation.

Application example

Internal Freewheel FXN 66-25/100 DX as an overrunning clutch in the creep drive of a textile machine. The freewheel installation is compactly solved by means of the thin outer ring that is pressed into the worm wheel. During setup, the machine is driven by the worm gear and the freewheel that is working in driving operation. In normal operation (freewheeling operation), the inner ring that is located on the high speed main drive shaft overruns and automatically disengages the creep drive. With the high overrunning speed of the inner ring, the type with sprag lift-off X is used; the sprags work in freewheeling operation without contact and hence are wear-free.

Application example

Internal Freewheel FXN 85-40/140 SX as a backstop fitted to the end of the first intermediate shaft of a spur gearbox in the drive of an inclined conveyor belt. In the case of a motor stop the conveyor belt must be held securely so that the conveyor goods do not pull the belt backwards and possibly cause serious damage. Due to the high shaft speeds in normal operation (freewheeling operation), the sprag lift-off X ensures a contactless and hence wear-free continuous operation.

Internal Freewheels FXN

for press fit on the outer ring with sprag lift-off X



drives

min⁻¹

356

356

224

328

300

292

300

300

280

280

268

268

252

252

244

244

244

172

172

160

152

128

128

100

6000

4500

4500

4000

3 0 0 0

2700

430

400

380

320

320

250



Overrunning Clutch Nominal torque at existing run out T.I.R. Theoretical Max.speed Nominal torque Sprag lift-off Inner ring Outer ring Freewheel at inner ring freewheels 🕶 0 A 🕶 0,1 A 🕶 0,2 A 🖊 0,3 A 🕶 0,4 A 🕶 0,5 A Size Туре speed overruns Nm Nm Nm Nm Nm Nm min⁻¹ min⁻¹ 31 - 17/60 DX 100 100 95 890 5000 31 - 17/62 DX 100 100 95 890 5 0 0 0 38 - 17/70 DX 150 140 130 860 5 0 0 0 46 - 25/80 DX 390 380 350 820 5000 51 - 25/85 DX 480 470 420 750 5 0 0 0 56 - 25/90 DX 580 570 490 730 5 0 0 0 61 - 19/95 DX 420 410 370 750 5 000 61 - 19/106 DX 420 410 370 750 5000 66 - 25/100 DX 800 780 700 700 5 0 0 0 66 - 25/110 DX 800 780 700 700 5000 76 - 25/115 DX 1 050 1 040 890 670 5 0 0 0 1 0 4 0 76 - 25/120 DX 1 0 5 0 890 670 5000 86 - 25/125 DX 1 3 5 0 1 300 1 0 3 0 630 5000 5000 FXN 86 - 25/130 DX 1 350 1 300 1 0 3 0 630 FXN 101 - 25/140 DX 1 700 1 600 1 400 610 5000 DX FXN 101 - 25/149 1700 1 600 1 400 610 5000 5 0 0 0 FXN 101 - 25/150 DX 1 700 1 600 1 400 610 FXN 85 - 40/140 SX 1 900 1 900 1 800 1 800 1 700 1 600 430 6000

FXN 170 - 63/258 SX 20 000 19 000 16 000 14 000 13 000 12 000

1 800

2 5 0 0

3 500

5 800

7900

1 900

2 600

3 800

6 300

8 5 0 0

1 900

2 700

4 0 0 0

6 500

8700

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque. The theoretical nominal torque applies only for ideal concentricity between the inner and outer ring. In practice, the concentricity is affected by the bearing play and centering errors of the neighbouring parts. Then the nominal torques specified in the table apply, whilst taking into consideration the existing run out (T.I.R.).

1 800

2 400

3 300

4 800

6700

1 700

2 200

2 900

4 4 0 0

5500

1 600

2 000

2 800

3 600

5400

Higher speeds upon request.

85 - 40/150

FXN 100 - 40/160

FXN 105 - 50/165

FXN 120 - 50/198

FXN 140 - 50/215

SX

SX

SX

SX

SX

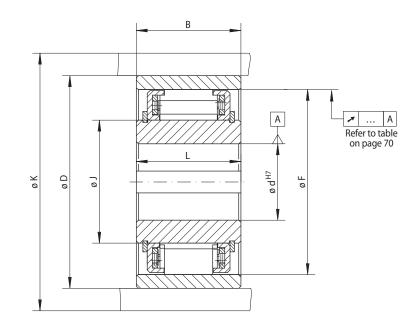
Backstop

FXN

Internal Freewheels FXN

for press fit on the outer ring with sprag lift-off X





Freewheel			Ci.	Bore d			I	В	D	F	J	К	L	Weight
size			Stan	dard			max.					min.		
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FXN 31 - 17/60	20*						20*	25	60 P6	55	31	85	24	0,3
FXN 31 - 17/62	20*						20*	25	62 P6	55	31	85	24	1,2
FXN 38 - 17/70	25*						25*	25	70 P6	62	38	90	24	0,4
FXN 46 - 25/80	25						30	35	80 P6	70	46	95	35	0,8
FXN 51 - 25/85	25	30	35				36	35	85 P6	75	51	105	35	0,8
FXN 56 - 25/90	35						40	35	90 P6	80	56	110	35	0,9
FXN 61 - 19/95	30	35	40				45*	26	95 P6	85	61	120	25	0,8
FXN 61 - 19/106	30	35	40				45*	25	106 H7	85	61	120	25	1,2
FXN 66 - 25/100	35	40	45				48*	30	100 P6	90	66	132	35	1,1
FXN 66 - 25/110	35	40	45				48*	40	110 P6	90	66	132	35	1,8
FXN 76 - 25/115	45	55					60*	40	115 P6	100	76	140	35	1,7
FXN 76 - 25/120	45	55					60*	32	120 J6	100	76	140	35	1,8
FXN 86 - 25/125	40	45	50	60	65		70*	40	125 P6	110	86	150	40	2,3
FXN 86 - 25/130	40	45	50	60	65		70*	40	130 P6	110	86	150	40	2,6
FXN 101 - 25/140	55	70					75	45	140 P6	125	101	175	50	3,1
FXN 101 - 25/149	70						75	62	149 H6	125	101	175	62	4,2
FXN 101 - 25/150	55	70					75	45	150 P6	125	101	175	50	3,6
FXN 85 - 40/140	45	50	60	65			65	45	140 P6	125	85	175	60	3,2
FXN 85 - 40/150	45	50	60	65			65	45	150 P6	125	85	175	60	4,2
FXN 100 - 40/160	45	50	55	60	70	75	75	50	160 P6	140	100	190	60	5,1
FXN 105 - 50/165	80						80	62	165 P6	145	105	195	62	5,8
FXN 120 - 50/198	60	65	70	75	80	95	95	70	198 H6	160	120	210	70	8,6
FXN 140 - 50/215	65	90	100	110			110	70	215 J6	180	140	245	70	14,0
FXN 170-63/258	70	85	100	120			130	80	258 H6	210	170	290	80	21,0

Internal Freewheels

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Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. * Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

Internal Freewheels FXN are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer. The permissible run out (T.I.R.) must be observed.

The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K.The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When

using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque.

The tolerance of the housing bore is specified in the table under dimension D.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

Lubrication

At speeds in excess of the sprag lift-off speed, no special lubrication is required; the freewheel functions maintenance-free.

When operating below the sprag lift-off speed, an oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided.

Example for ordering

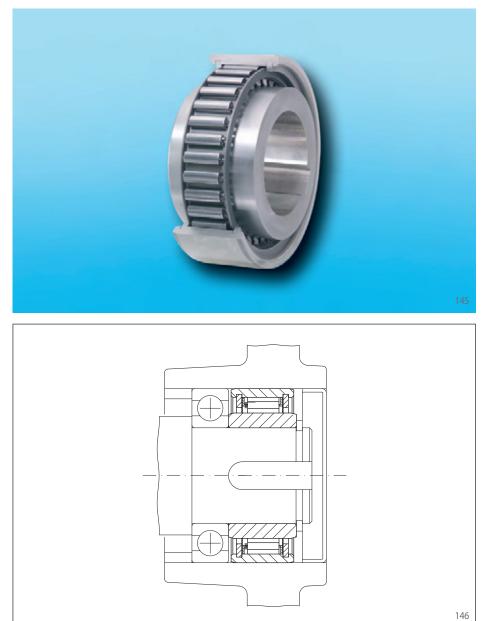
Freewheel size FXN 61-19/95, type with sprag lift-off X and 35 mm bore:

• FXN 61-19/95 DX, d = 35 mm

Internal Freewheels FEN

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags





Features

Internal Freewheels FEN are sprag freewheels without bearing support.

The outer ring is pressed into the customer housing. This makes compact, space-saving fitting solutions possible.

The freewheels FEN are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

In addition to the standard type, the type with RIDUVIT[®] can be supplied for extended service life.

Nominal torques up to 4 000 Nm. The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit.

Bores up to 100 mm. Many standard bores are available.

Application example

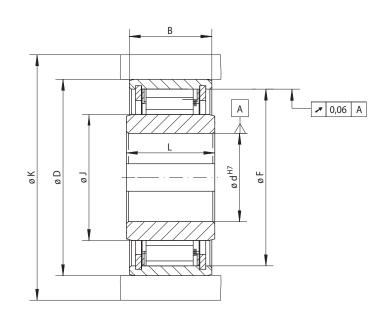
Internal Freewheel FEN 82 SF as backstop fitted to the end of the intermediate shaft of a spur gearbox in the drive of a bucket conveyor. In the case of a motor stop, the bucket conveyor must be held securely so that the conveyor goods do not pull backwards. The thin outer ring that is pressed into the housing enables a space-efficient fitting solution.

Internal Freewheels FEN

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags



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verrunning Llutch Backstop		idard type niversal use		For exter	ith RIDUVIT Ided service I coated sprage	life	Dimensions							
Overru														
eewheel	Nominal	Max.s Inner ring freewheels/	Outer ring	Nominal	Max.s Inner ring freewheels/	Outer ring		В	D	F	J	K min.	L	Weight

			innerning	Outerning			Innerning	Outerning		U U							mm.	1 1	i
Freewheel		Nominal	freewheels/	freewheels/		Nominal	freewheels/	freewheels/											
Size	Туре	torque	overruns	overruns	Туре	torque	overruns	overruns		Standard		max.							
		Nm	min ⁻¹	min ⁻¹		Nm	min ⁻¹	min ⁻¹	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FEN 37	SF	220	2 500	2 600	SFT	220	2 500	2 600	20	25*		25*	25	62	55	37	85	35	0,4
FEN 44	SF	315	1 900	2 200	SFT	315	1 900	2 200	25			32*	25	70	62	44	90	35	0,6
FEN 44	SF	315	1 900	2 200	SFT	315	1 900	2 200	30			32*	25	70	62	44	90	19	0,5
FEN 57	SF	630	1 400	1 750	SFT	630	1 400	1 750	30	35	40	42*	35	85	75	57	105	45	1,2
FEN 72	SF	1 250	1 1 2 0	1 600	SFT	1250	1 1 2 0	1 600	45	50		55*	36	100	90	72	132	60	1,8
FEN 82	SF	1 900	1 0 2 5	1 450	SFT	1900	1 025	1 450	50	55		65*	40	115	100	82	140	60	2,9
FEN 82	SF	1 900	1 025	1 450	SFT	1900	1 025	1 450	50	55		65*	32	120	100	82	140	60	3,2
FEN 107	SF	2800	880	1 250	SFT	2800	880	1 250	70			85*	45	140	125	107	175	65	4,2
FEN 107	SF	2800	880	1 250	SFT	2800	880	1 250	70			85*	45	150	125	107	175	65	5,0
FEN 127	SF	4000	800	1 1 5 0	SFT	4000	800	1 1 5 0	90			100*	62	165	145	127	195	75	7,0

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque. The specified maximum speeds apply for installation conditions as given with Complete Freewheels. Knowing the actual installation conditions higher speeds can be permitted under some circumstances.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width J510. * Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width J510.

Mounting

Internal Freewheels FEN are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer. The permissible run out (T.I.R.) must be observed. The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K. The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque.

The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO P6 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

Lubrication

An oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided.

Example for ordering

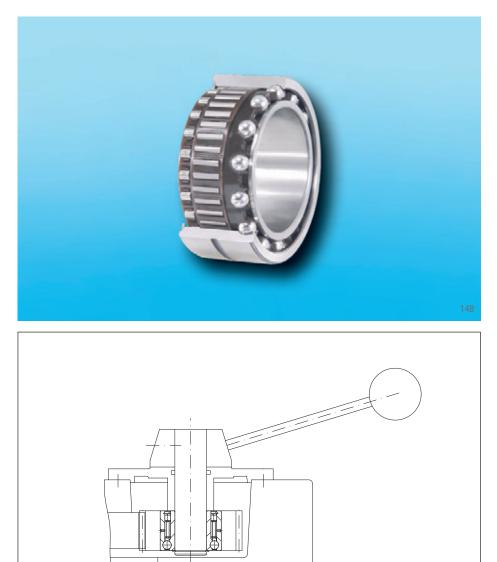
Freewheel size FEN 72, type with RIDUVIT® and 50 mm bore:

• FEN 72 SFT, d = 50 mm

Internal Freewheels FGK

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags and bearing





Features

Internal Freewheels FGK are sprag freewheels with bearing support in the dimensions of the needle bearing series 59. The freewheels are supplied grease-filled for normal operating conditions and are maintenance-free.

The outer ring is pressed into the customer housing. This makes compact, space-saving fitting solutions possible.

The freewheels FGK are used as

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

Nominal torques up to 460 Nm.

The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit.

Bores up to 50 mm.

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Application example

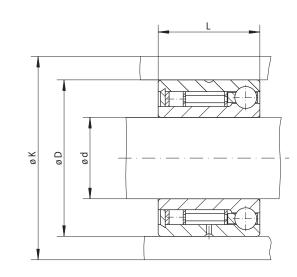
Internal Freewheel FGK 35 as an indexing freewheel in a circular knitting machine. Set-up in order to change material or after breakdown requires a sensitive, manual adjustment of the rotary table. Therefore the rotary table is moved via the freewheel which is working in driving operation. After set-up, the drive is carried out via the main motor and the freewheel outer ring overruns.

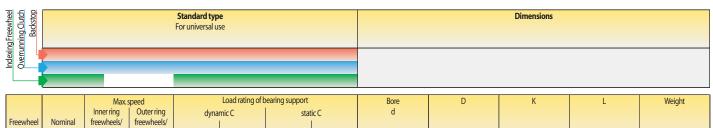
Internal Freewheels FGK

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags and bearing



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Freewheel Size	Nominal torque Nm	freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	dyna Roller N	Ball	Roller N	Ball N	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FGK 20	50	5 500	4000	5 600	4 400	2 900	2750	20	37	42	23	0,09
FGK 25	70	5 300	3 800	6 300	5 300	3 450	3 350	25	42	48	23	0,11
FGK 30	95	5 0 0 0	3 500	7 700	5 500	4 600	3 6 5 0	30	47	54	23	0,13
FGK 35	200	4600	3 200	8 200	8 500	5 200	5 700	35	55	63	27	0,20
FGK 40	310	4200	3 0 0 0	8 650	8 300	5 750	5 700	40	62	70	30	0,30
FGK 45	370	3 800	2 500	9 200	9 650	6 350	7 200	45	68	76	30	0,34
FGK 50	460	3 400	2 200	9 650	10 000	6 950	7 800	50	72	80	30	0,36

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

Mounting

The torque is transmitted on the inner and outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K. The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque.

The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO R6 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO p5.With these fits, normal bearing clearance is achieved in a built-in state.

The permissible operating temperature of the freewheel is -40°C to 80°C.

Lubrication

The freewheels are supplied grease-filled for normal operating conditions. However, the freewheels can also be connected to the customer's oil lubrication systeem; this is particularly recommended in the case of higher speeds.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size FGK 40, standard type:

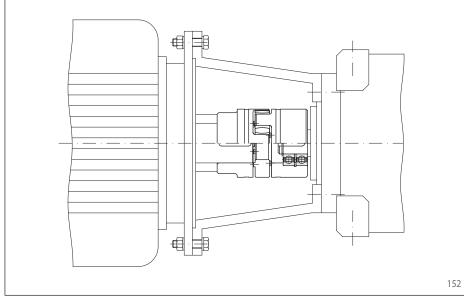
[•] FGK 40

Internal Freewheels FCN ... K/CF

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags







Features

Internal Freewheels FCN ... K/CF are sprag freewheels with series 62 ball bearing dimensions. The freewheels FCN ... K (sizes 20 to 30) are also ball bearings and can accept radial and axial forces. They are supplied grease-filled for normal operating conditions and are maintenance-free. The freewheels FCN ... CF (sizes 35 to 60) have no bearing support.

The freewheels FCN ... K/CF are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

Nominal torques up to 500 Nm. The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit. Bores up to 60 mm.

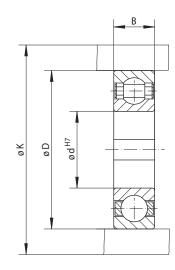
Application example

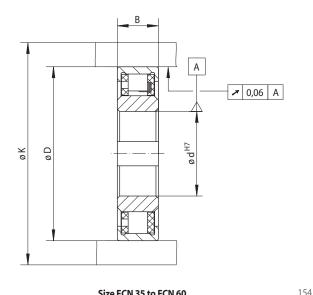
Two Internal Freewheels FCN 30 K in parallel arrangement as overrunning freewheels in the drive of the roof brush of an automatic car washing facility. The freewheels are arranged in the hub of a shaft coupling that connects the motor and the reduction gear. The freewheels prevent the drive from pushing the roof brush uncontrolled down onto the car roof in the event of a fault. The roof brush is raised by the freewheels that are working in driving operation. The direction of motor rotation changes in order to lower the brush. The downwards movement of the roof brush is performed by its own weight at the speed specified by the motor. In the case of an uncontrolled lowering of the roof brush on the car roof, the drive is automatically disengaged via the freewheel. The brush rests on the roof under its own weight, while the freewheeling freewheel enables the drive to continue to turn in the lowering direction without causing any damage.

Internal Freewheels FCN ... K/CF

RINGSPANN

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags



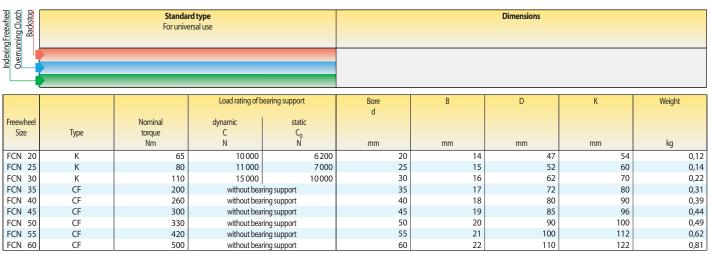


Size FCN 20 to FCN 30

1

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Size FCN 35 to FCN 60



The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque. Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

The freewheels FCN ... CF (sizes 35 to 60) are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer. The permissible run out (T.I.R.) must be observed.

The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K.The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque. The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO H7 or J6 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

The permissible operating temperature of the freewheel is -40°C to 80° C.

Lubrication

The freewheels FCN ... K (sizes 20 to 30) are supplied grease-filled for normal operating conditions. However, the freewheels can also be connected to the customer's oil lubrication system; this is particularly recommended in the case of higher speeds.

In the case of the freewheels FCN ... CF (sizes 35 to 60), an oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided.

Example for ordering

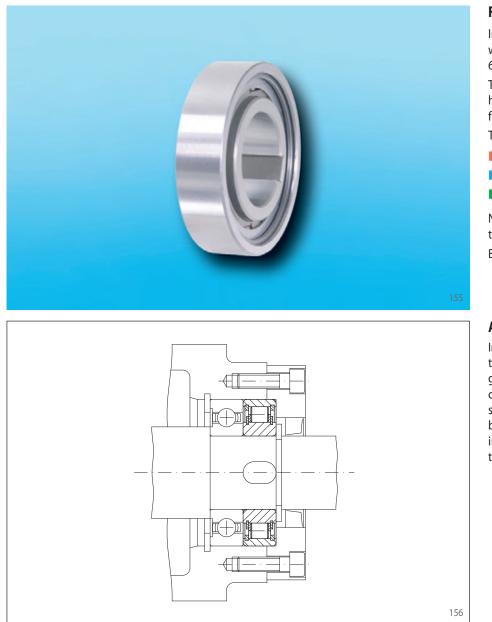
Freewheel size FCN 40, standard type:

• FCN 40 CF

Internal Freewheels FCN R

for press fit on the outer ring with rollers





Features

Internal Freewheels FCN ... R are roller freewheels without bearing support and with series 62 ball bearing dimensions.

The outer ring is pressed into the customer housing. This makes compact, space-saving fitting solutions possible.

The freewheels FCN ... R are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

Nominal torques up to 840 Nm. The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit. Bores up to 80 mm.

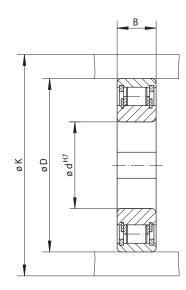
Application example

Internal Freewheel FCN 45 R as a backstop fitted to the end of the intermediate shaft of a spur gearbox in the drive of a chain conveyor. In the case of a motor stop, the conveyor must be held securely so that the conveyor goods do not pull backwards. The thin outer ring that is pressed into the housing enables a space-efficient fitting solution.

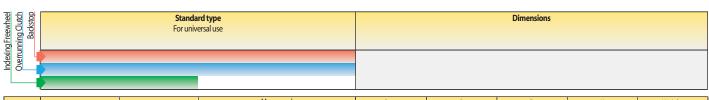
Internal Freewheels FCN ... R

for press fit on the outer ring with rollers





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			Max.s	speed	Bore	В	D	K	Weight
Freewheel Size	Туре	Nominal torque Nm	Inner ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	Outer ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	d mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FCN 8	R	3,2	4300	6700	8	8	24	28	0,02
FCN 10	R	7,3	3 500	5 300	10	9	30	35	0,03
FCN 12	R	11,0	3 2 0 0	5 000	12	10	32	37	0,05
FCN 15	R	12,0	2800	4 400	15*	11	35	40	0,08
FCN 20	R	40,0	2200	3 300	20*	14	47	54	0,12
FCN 25	R	50,0	1 900	2 900	25*	15	52	60	0,15
FCN 30	R	90,0	1 600	2 400	30*	16	62	70	0,24
FCN 35	R	135,0	1 3 5 0	2 100	35*	17	72	80	0,32
FCN 40	R	170,0	1 2 0 0	1 900	40*	18	80	90	0,40
FCN 45	R	200,0	1150	1 750	45*	19	85	96	0,45
FCN 50	R	220,0	1050	1650	50*	20	90	100	0,50
FCN 60	R	420,0	850	1 350	60*	22	110	122	0,80
FCN 80	R	840,0	690	1 070	80*	26	140	155	1,40

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. * Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

Internal freewheels FCN ... R are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer.

The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K. The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque.

The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO H7 or J6 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

Lubrication

An oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size FCN 30, standard type:

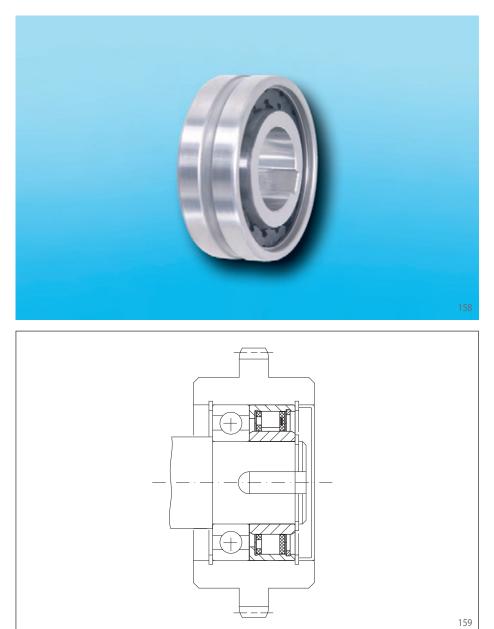
• FCN 30 R

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Internal Freewheels FDN

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags, available in three types





Features

Internal Freewheels FDN are sprag freewheels with anti-friction bearing dimensions. The freewheels FDN are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

The standard type and the type with P-grinding for increased service life and indexing accuracy do not have bearing support. In the case of the standard type, every second sprag has been replaced by a cylindrical roller; this freewheel can accept radial forces.

Nominal torques up to 2 400 Nm. The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit.

Bores up to 80 mm. Many standard bores are available.

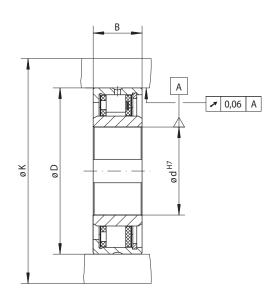
Application example

Internal Freewheel FDN 40 CFR in standard type with bearing support as an overrunning clutch on the shaft end of the main drive of a textile machine. The gear wheel is linked to an auxiliary drive. In normal operation (freewheeling operation) the inner ring overruns and the gear wheel with the pressed-in outer ring is at a standstill. During set-up, the machine is driven by the slowly running auxiliary drive via the gear wheel and the freewheel that is working in driving operation.

Internal Freewheels FDN

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags, available in three types





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ng Freewheel unning Clutch Backstop	Standard type For universal use	Standard type with bearing support For universal use	Type with P-grinding For extended service life and indexing accuracy	Dimensions
Overrui				

Freewheel	_	Nominal			support	_	Nominal	Char	Bore d		В	D	К	Weight	
Size	Туре	torque Nm	Туре	torque Nm	C N	C ₀ N	Туре	torque Nm	Stan mm	dard mm	max. mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
				INITI		IN		INITI	11011	11111			111111		ĸy
FDN 15	CFH	16	CFR	8	7 800	4 200	CFP	7	8		8	20	37	50	0,1
FDN 20	CFH	28	CFR	14	8 300	4 200	CFP	12	12		12	20	42	55	0,1
FDN 25	CFH	48	CFR	24	10700	5 600	CFP	21	15		15	20	47	60	0,1
FDN 30	CFH	75	CFR	36	12900	7 0 0 0	CFP	32	20*		20*	20	52	65	0,2
FDN 40	CFH	160	CFR	71	15000	8400	CFP	71	25	28*	28*	22	62	80	0,2
FDN 50	CFH	260	CFR	120	18400	11 300	CFP	120	30	35	35	22	72	95	0,4
FDN 65	CFH	430	CFR	200	21 400	14100	CFP	210	40	50*	50*	25	90	120	0,7
FDN 80	CFH	650	CFR	300	23800	17800	CFP	320	50	60	60	25	110	140	1,2
FDN 105	CFH	2 400	CFR	1100	48 600	45 000	CFP	1 2 0 0	60	80	80	35	130	165	3,2

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. * Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

Internal freewheels FDN in standard type and type with P-grinding are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer. The permissible run out (T.I.R.) must be observed.

The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K.The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque. The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO P6 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

The permissible operating temperature of the freewheel is -40° C to 80° C.

Lubrication

An oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided.

Example for ordering

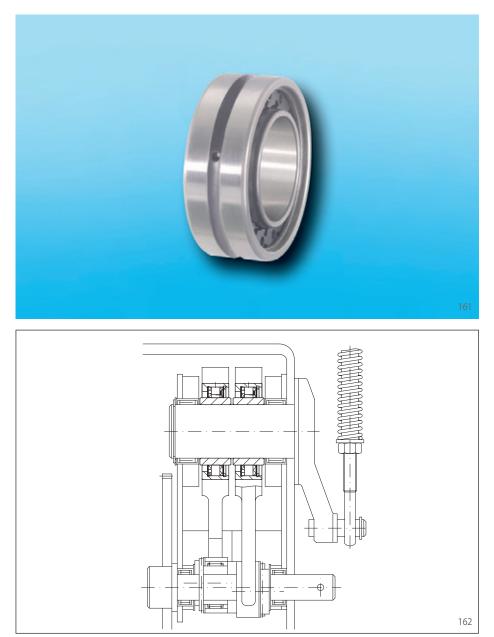
Freewheel size FDN 30, type with P-grinding with 20 mm bore:

• FDN 30 CFP, d = 20 mm

Internal Freewheels FDE

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags, available in three types





Features

Internal Freewheels FDE are sprag freewheels with anti-friction bearing dimensions. The freewheels FDE are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

The standard type and the type with P-grinding for increased service life and indexing accuracy do not have bearing support. In the case of the standard type, every second sprag has been be replaced by a cylindrical roller; this freewheel can accept radial forces.

Nominal torques up to 2 400 Nm. The torque is transmitted on the inner and outer ring by press fit.

Bores up to 95 mm.

Application example

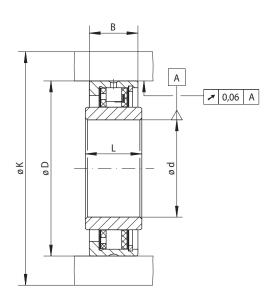
Two Internal Freewheels FDE 65 CFP, type with P-grinding, as indexing freewheels in the spring drive of a high-voltage switch. The contacts of high-voltage switches must be separated from each other within a few milliseconds upon shut down. The abrupt opening is achieved by a pretensioned spring. When this is triggered the contacts are pulled apart from each other. After the switch is switched back on, the release spring is retensioned. This is executed by a camshaft that drives two indexing freewheels. This turns the shaft of the release spring at a specified angle in small steps. The solution with indexing freewheels replaces a more expensive reduction gear. The P-grinding type ensures an increased service life and considerable indexing precision.

Internal Freewheels FDE

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags, available in three types



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 Standard type For universal use
 Standard type with bearing support For universal use
 Type with P-grinding For extended service life and indexing accuracy
 Dimensions

 Universal use
 Load rating of bearing support
 Bore
 B
 D
 K
 L
 Weight

					bearing				d	D	U	ĸ	L	weight
Freewheel Size	Туре	Nominal torque Nm	Туре	Nominal torque Nm	dynamic C N	static C ₀ N	Туре	Nominal torque Nm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FDE 12	CFH	11	CFR	6	7 600	4200	CFP	5	8	16	34	45	12.5	0,1
FDE 15	CFH	16	CFR	8	7 800	4200	CFP	7	10	20	37	50	16	0,1
FDE 20	CFH	28	CFR	14	8 300	4200	CFP	12	15	20	42	55	16	0,1
FDE 25	CFH	48	CFR	24	10700	5600	CFP	21	20	20	47	60	20	0,1
FDE 30	CFH	75	CFR	36	12900	7000	CFP	32	25	20	52	65	20	0,1
FDE 40	CFH	160	CFR	71	15000	8400	CFP	71	35	22	62	80	22	0,2
FDE 50	CFH	260	CFR	120	18400	11300	CFP	120	45	22	72	95	20	0,3
FDE 65	CFH	430	CFR	200	21 400	14100	CFP	210	55	25	90	120	28	0,6
FDE 80	CFH	650	CFR	300	23 800	17800	CFP	320	70	25	110	140	25	0,8
FDE 105	CFH	2400	CFR	1 100	48 600	45000	CFP	1 200	95	35	130	165	36	1,1

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

Mounting

Internal freewheels FDE in standard type and type with P-grinding are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer. The permissible run out (T.I.R.) must be observed.

The torque is transmitted on the inner and outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K. The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque. The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO P6 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO p6.

The permissible operating temperature of the freewheel is -40°C to 80° C.

Lubrication

An oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided.

Example for ordering

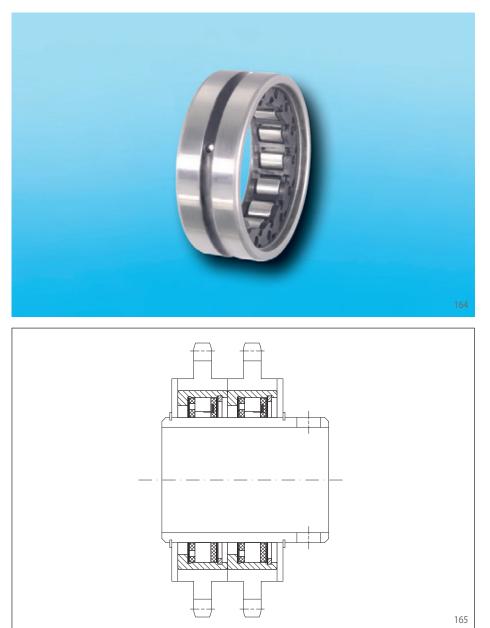
Freewheel size FDE 50, standard type with bearing support:

• FDE 50 CFR

Internal Freewheels FD

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags, available in three types





Features

Internal Freewheels FD are sprag freewheels without an inner ring. The customer's hardened and ground shaft is used as the inner track.

The freewheels FD are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

The standard type and type with P-grinding for increased service life and indexing accuracy do not have bearing support. In the case of the standard type, every second sprag has been be replaced by a cylindrical roller; this freewheel can accept radial forces.

Nominal torques up to 2 400 Nm. The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit.

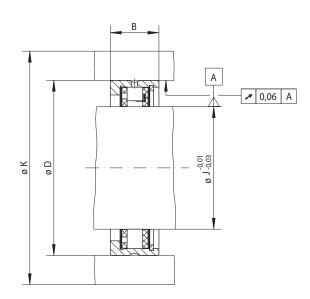
Application example

Two Internal Freewheels FD 40 CFR of standard type with bearing support as overrunning clutches in the drive of the transport rollers in a packaging distribution unit. In normal operation, the transport rollers are driven by means of the freewheels that are working in driving operation. At the withdrawal station, the arriving packages can easily slip off as the drive is overrun by the freewheel (freewheeling operation).

Internal Freewheels FD

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags, available in three types





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nning Clutch Backstop	Standard type For universal use	Standard type with bearing support For universal use	Type with P-grinding For extended service life and indexing accuracy	Dimensions
Overru				

Freewheel Size	Туре	Nominal torque Nm	Туре	Nominal torque Nm	Load ra bearing dynamic C N		Туре	Nominal torque Nm	J	B	D	K	Weight
FD 12	CFH	11	CFR	6	7 600	4200	CFP	5	12	16	34	45	0,1
FD 15	CFH	16	CFR	8	7 800	4200	CFP	7	15	20	37	50	0,1
FD 20	CFH	28	CFR	14	8 3 2 0	4200	CFP	12	20	20	42	55	0,1
FD 25	CFH	48	CFR	24	10700	5600	CFP	21	25	20	47	60	0,1
FD 30	CFH	75	CFR	36	12900	7000	CFP	32	30	20	52	65	0,1
FD 40	CFH	160	CFR	71	15000	8400	CFP	71	40	22	62	80	0,1
FD 50	CFH	260	CFR	120	18400	11300	CFP	120	50	22	72	95	0,2
FD 65	CFH	430	CFR	200	21 400	14100	CFP	210	65	25	90	120	0,3
FD 80	CFH	650	CFR	300	23800	17800	CFP	320	80	25	110	140	0,6
FD 105	CFH	2 4 0 0	CFR	1 1 0 0	48 600	45 000	CFP	1 200	105	35	130	165	0,7

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

Mounting

Internal freewheels FD in type standard and type with P-grinding are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer. The permissible run out (T.I.R.) must be observed.

The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K. The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque. The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO P6.

Please note the instructions on page 106 regarding the sprag track (shaft).

The permissible operating temperature of the freewheel is -40°C to 80° C.

Lubrication

An oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size FD 12, standard type:

• FD 12 CFH

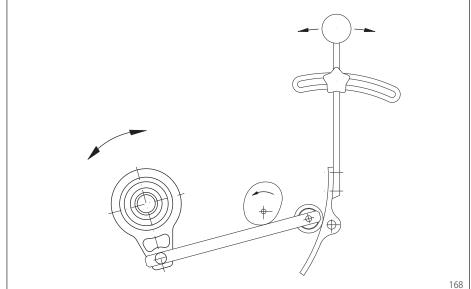
Internal Freewheels

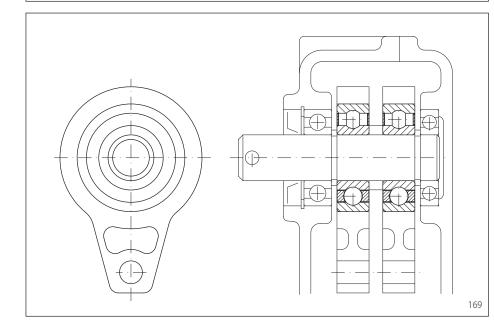
Internal Freewheels ZZ ...

with ball bearing properties









Features

Internal Freewheels ZZ ... are sprag freewheels with bearing support and ball bearing properties. The freewheels are supplied grease-filled for normal operating conditions.

The freewheel is built into the customer housing. This makes compact, space-saving fitting solutions possible.

The Internal Freewheels ZZ ... are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

Nominal torques up to 325 Nm. The torque is transmitted on the inner ring and/or on the outer ring by press fit or keyway connection. Bores up to 40 mm.

The following series are available:

Series		Torque tra			2RS- seals	Page
	Oute		lnnei b	r ring V	Seals	
	keyway	press fit	keyway	press fit		
ZZ		۰		0		91
ZZ 2RS		0			0	92
ZZ P2RS		•	0		0	93
ZZ P		۲	0			94
ZZ PP	۲		•			95

The Internal Freewheels ZZ of the sizes ZZ 6201 to ZZ 6207 have the same dimensions as the respective ball bearings of series 62.

The series ZZ 2RS and ZZ ... P2RS have 2RS seals.

Application example

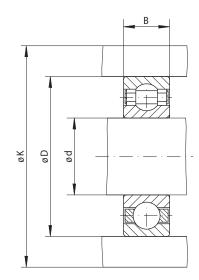
Two Internal Freewheels ZZ 6206 as indexing freewheels in the drive of the metering roller of a seed spreader. The freewheels are built in an infinitely variable oil bath gearbox. Two cam disks that are set off by 180° are arranged on the gearbox shaft. By means of lever arms, these drive the outer rings of the two adjacent Internal Freewheels, which then gradually turn the metering shaft. The infinite speed settings of the gearbox's drive shaft are executed by means of the respective pivoting of the roller support plate, so that the lever arms can execute lifts of differing amounts.

Internal Freewheels ZZ

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags and bearing support



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 Standard type For universal use
 Dimensions

 Bore
 B

 D
 K

 Weight

Freewheel Size	Nominal torque Nm	Maximum speed min ⁻¹	dynamic C N	static C ₀ N	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
77 0			2,200	860					0
ZZ 8	2,5	15000			8	9	22	27	0,02
ZZ 6201	9,3	10000	6100	2700	12	10	32	39	0,04
ZZ 6202	26,0	9400	6000	3 700	15	11	35	42	0,06
ZZ 6203	34,0	8 2 0 0	7 3 5 0	4 5 5 0	17	12	40	51	0,08
ZZ 6204	65,0	6 800	10000	6 3 0 0	20	14	47	58	0,12
ZZ 6205	80,0	5 600	11000	7 0 0 0	25	15	52	63	0,15
ZZ 6206	170,0	4000	15000	10 000	30	16	62	73	0,25
ZZ 6207	175,0	3 600	12500	7 200	35	17	72	85	0,30
ZZ 40	325,0	3 0 0 0	15500	12 250	40	22	80	94	0,50

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

Mounting

The torque is transmitted on the inner and outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K. The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque.

The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO N6 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO n6.

The permissible operating temperature of the freewheel is -40°C to 80° C.

Lubrication

The freewheels are supplied grease-filled for normal operating conditions.

However, the freewheels can also be connected to the customer's oil lubrication system; this is particularly recommended in the case of higher speeds.

Example for ordering

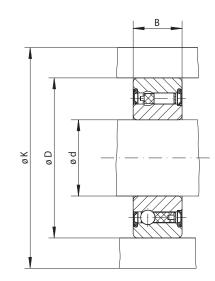
Freewheel size ZZ 6202, standard type:

• ZZ 6202

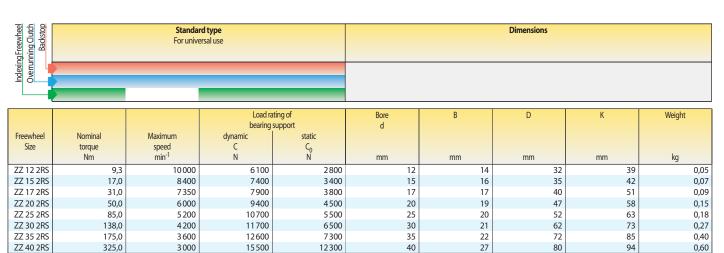
Internal Freewheels ZZ ... 2RS

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags, bearing support and sealing





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The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

Mounting

The torque is transmitted on the inner and outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K. The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque.

The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO N6 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO n6.

The permissible operating temperature of the freewheel is -40°C to 100 °C, briefly up to 120°C.

Lubrication

The freewheels are supplied grease-filled and with 2 RS seals.

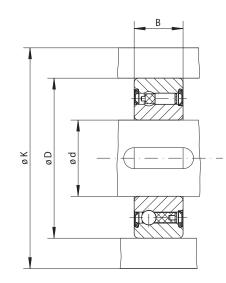
Example for ordering

Freewheel size ZZ 17 2RS, standard type: • ZZ 17 2RS

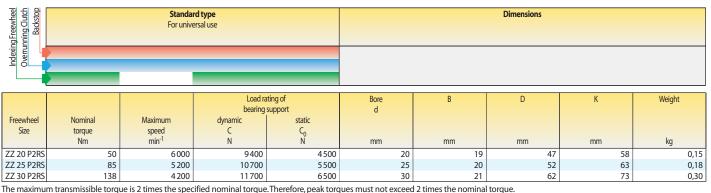
Internal Freewheels ZZ ... P2RS

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags, bearing support and sealing





172



The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the r Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

The torque is transmitted on the inner ring by keyway connection and on the outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K.The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque.

The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO N6 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO k6.

The permissible operating temperature of the freewheel is -40°C to 100 °C, briefly up to 120°C.

Lubrication

The freewheels are supplied grease-filled and with 2 RS seals.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size ZZ 25 P2RS, standard type:

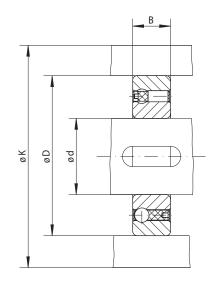
• ZZ 25 P2RS

Internal Freewheels ZZ ... P

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags and bearing support



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Overrunning Clutch Backstop Standard type Dimensions ndexing Freewheel For universal use Load rating of Bore В D Weight K bearing support d Freewheel Nominal dynamic static Maximum torque Nm Size speed C N C₀ N min⁻¹ mm mm mm mm kg ZZ 6202 P 17 8400 7400 3400 15⁴ 11 35 42 0,06 07

ZZ 6203 P	31	7 3 5 0	7 900	3800	17*	12	40	51	0,07
ZZ 6204 P	50	6 0 0 0	9400	4500	20*	14	47	58	0,11
ZZ 6205 P	85	5 200	10700	5 5 0 0	25*	15	52	63	0,14
ZZ 6206 P	138	4 200	11700	6500	30*	16	62	73	0,21
ZZ 6207 P	175	3 600	12600	7 3 0 0	35*	17	72	85	0,30
ZZ 40 P	325	3 000	15500	12300	40	22	80	94	0,50
The maximu			- 16°				+		

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque. Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

The torque is transmitted on the inner ring by keyway connection and on the outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K. The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque.

The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO N6 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO k6.

The permissible operating temperature of the freewheel is -40 $^\circ$ C to 100 $^\circ$ C, briefly up to 120 $^\circ$ C.

Lubrication

The freewheels are supplied grease-filled.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size ZZ 6203 P, standard type: • ZZ 6203 P

Internal Freewheels ZZ ... PP

for keyway connection on the outer ring with sprags and bearing support



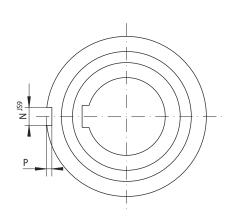
175

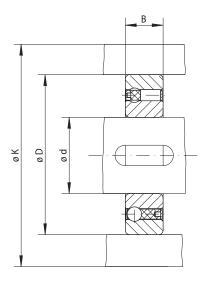
0,14

0,21

0,30

0,50





174

Backstop Standard type Dimensions Indexing Freewheel Overrunning Clutch For universal use Load rating of В D Ν Ρ Weight Bore Κ d bearing suppor Freewheel Nominal Maximum static dynamic torque Nm speed min⁻¹ Size C N C₀ N mm mm mm mm mm mm kg ZZ 6202 PP 8400 7400 3400 15* 11 35 42 0,6 0,06 17 2 ZZ 6203 PP 31 7350 7900 3800 17* 12 40 51 2 1,0 0,07 ZZ 6204 PP 50 6000 9400 4500 20* 14 47 58 3 1,5 0,11

15

16

17

52

62

72

ZZ 40 PP 325 3 0 0 0 15500 12300 22 80 The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

10700

11700

12600

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

5 200

4200

3600

* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

85

138

175

Mounting

ZZ 6205 PP

ZZ 6206 PP

ZZ 6207 PP

The torgue is transmitted on the inner and on the outer ring by keyway connection. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K. The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum guality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque.

The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO H6 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6.

The permissible operating temperature of the freewheel is - 40°C to 100 °C, briefly up to 120°C.

Lubrication

5500

6500

7300

The freewheels are supplied grease-filled.

25*

30*

35*

40

Example for ordering

63

73

85

94

Freewheel size ZZ 6205 PP, standard type: • ZZ 6205 PP

6

б

8

10

2,0

2,0

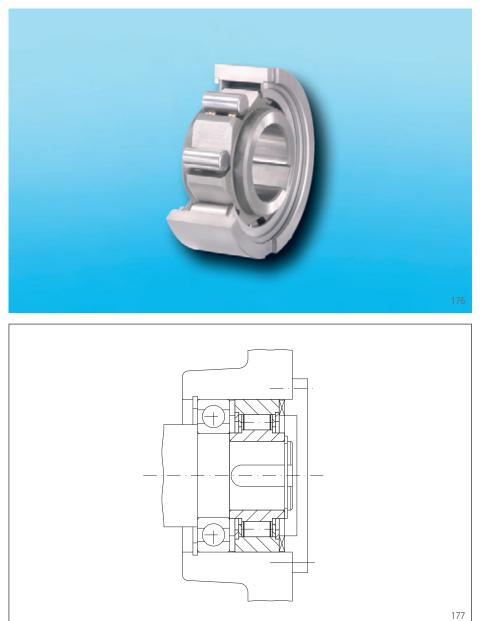
2,5

3,0

Internal Freewheels FSN

for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers





Features

Internal Freewheels FSN are roller freewheels without bearing support.

The freewheel is built into the customer housing. This makes compact, space-saving fitting solutions possible.

The freewheels FSN are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

Nominal torques up to 3 000 Nm. The faces of both sides of the outer ring are provided with grooves for torque transmission.

Bores up to 80 mm.

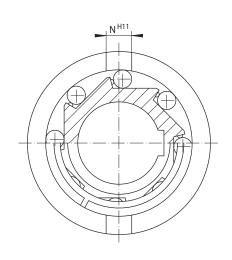
Application example

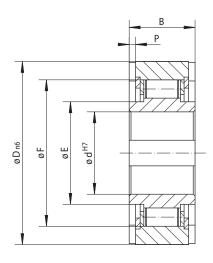
Internal freewheel FSN 50 as backstop fitted to the end of the intermediate shaft of a spur gearbox in the drive of an elevator. In the case of a motor stop, the elevator must be held securely so that the conveyor goods do not pull backwards.

Internal Freewheels FSN

for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers







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Indexing Freewheel Overrunning Clutch Backstop		Standard type For universal use				Dime	nsions				
Indexing Free Overrunning Ba											
Freewheel	Nominal	Max.s Inner ring freewheels/	peed Outer ring freewheels/	Bore d	В	D	E	F	N	Р	Weight

Freewheel Size	Nominal torque	freewheels/ overruns	freewheels/ overruns	ŭ							
	Nm	min ⁻¹	min ⁻¹	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FSN 8	11	3 0 5 0	4700	8	13	35	18,5	28	4	1,3	0,1
FSN 12	11	3 0 5 0	4700	12	13	35	18,5	28	4	1,3	0,1
FSN 15	36	2 3 5 0	3 700	15*	18	42	21,0	36	5	1,7	0,1
FSN 17	56	2100	3 300	17*	19	47	24,0	40	5	2,0	0,2
FSN 20	90	1 750	3 200	20*	21	52	29,0	45	6	1,5	0,2
FSN 25	125	1650	3 100	25*	24	62	35,0	52	8	2,0	0,4
FSN 30	210	1 400	2 200	30*	27	72	40,0	60	10	2,5	0,6
FSN 35	306	1 250	2150	35*	31	80	47,0	68	12	3,5	0,8
FSN 40	430	1 100	2050	40*	33	90	55,0	78	12	3,5	0,9
FSN 45	680	1 000	1 900	45*	36	100	56,0	85	14	3,5	1,3
FSN 50	910	900	1 750	50*	40	110	60,0	92	14	4,5	1,7
FSN 60	1 200	750	1 450	60*	46	130	75,0	110	18	5,5	2,8
FSN 70	2000	600	1 000	70*	51	150	85,0	125	20	6,5	4,2
FSN 80	3 0 0 0	500	900	80*	58	170	95,0	140	20	7,5	6,0

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. * Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

Internal Freewheels FSN are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer.

The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO H7 or G7 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

Lubrication

An oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided.

Example for ordering

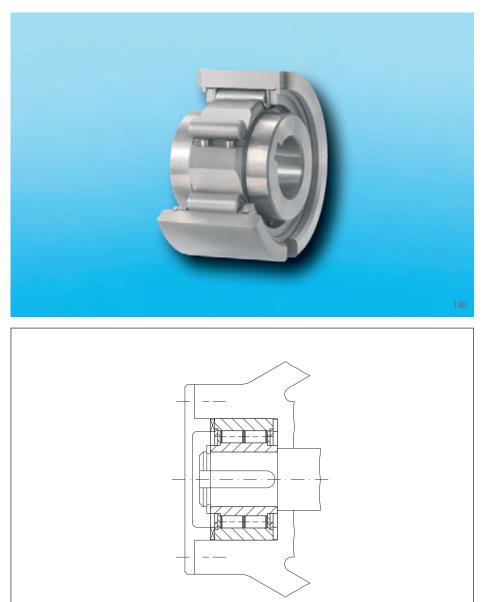
Freewheel size FSN 12, standard type:

• FSN 12

Internal Freewheels FN

for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers





Features

Internal Freewheels FN are roller freewheels without bearing support.

The freewheel is built into the customer housing. This makes compact, space-saving fitting solutions possible.

The freewheels FN are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

Nominal torques up to 3 000 Nm. The faces of both sides of the outer ring are provided with grooves for torque transmission. Bores up to 60 mm.

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Application example

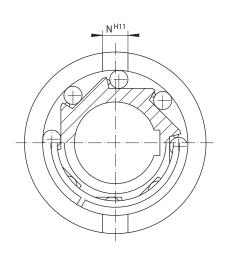
Internal freewheel FN 20 as a backstop, on the drive shaft of running gears on a chain conveyor. In normal operation, the drive shaft drives and the freewheel works in freewheeling operation. The freewheel as a backstop prevents the running gears from being able to run backwards uncontrolled in the event of a fault.

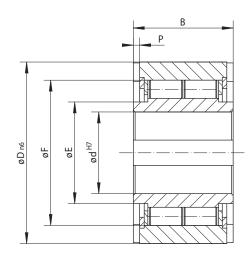
Internal Freewheels FN

for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers



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ireewheel ng Clutch Backstop	Standard type For universal use				Dime	nsions			
Indexing Fre Overrunning B									
	Max.speed	Bore	В	D	E	F	N	Р	Weight

		Max.s	speed	Bore	В	D	Ł	F	N	P	Weight
Freewheel Size	Nominal torque Nm	Inner ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	Outer ring freewheels/ overruns min ⁻¹	d mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FN 8	18	2 800	5 400	8	20	37	19	30	6	3,0	0,1
FN 12	18	2 800	5 400	12	20	37	19	30	6	3,0	0,1
FN 15	50	2 500	5 100	15	30	47	23	37	7	3,5	0,3
FN 20	112	1 900	4 350	20	36	62	35	50	8	6,5	0,6
FN 25	220	1 550	3 3 5 0	25	40	80	40	68	9	4,0	1,1
FN 30	410	1 400	3 0 5 0	30	48	90	45	75	12	5,0	1,6
FN 35	500	1 300	2850	35	53	100	50	80	13	6,0	2,3
FN 40	750	1 1 5 0	2 500	40	63	110	55	90	15	7,0	3,1
FN 45	1 0 2 0	1 100	2 400	45	63	120	60	95	16	7,0	3,7
FN 50	1 900	950	2 0 5 0	50	80	130	70	110	17	8,5	5,3
FN 55	2000	900	1 900	55	80	140	75	115	18	9,0	6,0
FN 60	3000	800	1 800	60	95	150	80	125	18	9,0	8,4

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque. Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

Lubrication

An oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size FN 45, standard type:

• FN 45

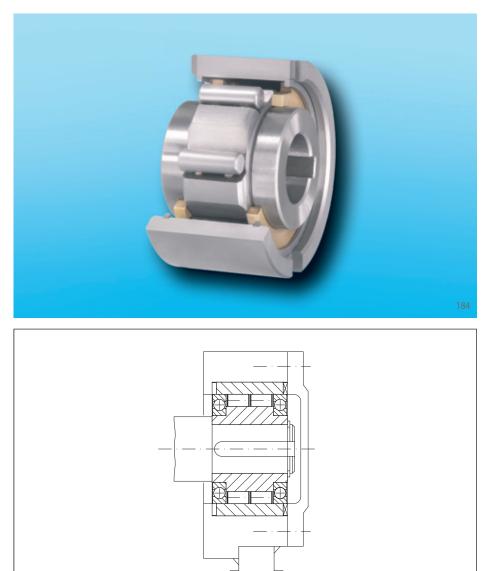
Internal Freewheels FN are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer.

The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO H7 or G7 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

Internal Freewheels FNR

for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers and bearing





Features

Internal Freewheels FNR are roller freewheels with bearing support. The freewheels of sizes 8 to 20 have a sleeve bearing. The sizes 25 to 60 have ball bearings, these enable higher speeds in freewheeling operation.

The outer ring is build into the customer housing. This makes compact, space-saving fitting solutions possible.

The freewheels FNR are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

Nominal torques up to 3 000 Nm. The faces of both sides of the outer ring are provided with grooves for torque transmission. Bores up to 60 mm.

Application example

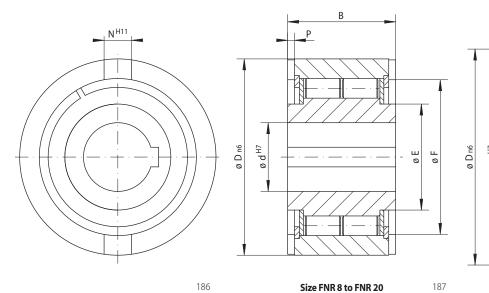
185

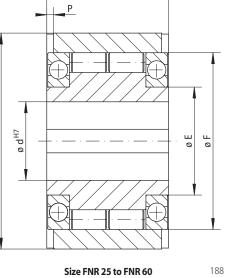
Internal Freewheel FNR 40 as an indexing freewheel for an incremental drive in the feeding device of a wire processing machine. The indexing lever is driven by a crank operation. The back and forth movement is transferred by the indexing freewheel in a gradual rotating movement of the wire feeding device.

Internal Freewheels FNR

for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers and bearing







В

ing Freewheel unning Clutch Backstop	Standard type For universal use	Dimensions
Overru		

Freewheel Size	Nominal torque	Max.s Inner ring freewheels/ overruns	speed Outer ring freewheels/ overruns	Bore d	В	D	E	F	N	Р	Weight
	Nm	min ⁻¹	min ⁻¹	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FNR 8	18	1 200	1 200	8	20	37	19	30	6	3,0	0,1
FNR 12	18	1 200	1 200	12	20	37	19	30	6	3,0	0,1
FNR 15	50	950	950	15	30	47	23	37	7	3,5	0,3
FNR 20	112	650	650	20	36	62	35	50	8	6,5	0,6
FNR 25	220	1 5 5 0	3 350	25	40	80	40	68	9	4,0	1,3
FNR 30	410	1 400	3 0 5 0	30	48	90	45	75	12	5,0	1,9
FNR 35	500	1 300	2850	35	53	100	50	80	13	6,0	2,6
FNR 40	750	1150	2 500	40	63	110	55	90	15	7,0	3,6
FNR 45	1 0 2 0	1100	2 400	45	63	120	60	95	16	7,0	4,2
FNR 50	1 900	950	2050	50	80	130	70	110	17	8,5	6,0
FNR 55	2 0 0 0	900	1 900	55	80	140	75	115	18	9,0	6,8
FNR 60	3 0 0 0	800	1 800	60	95	150	80	125	18	9,0	9,5

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. Therefore, peak torques must not exceed 2 times the nominal torque. Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

Lubrication

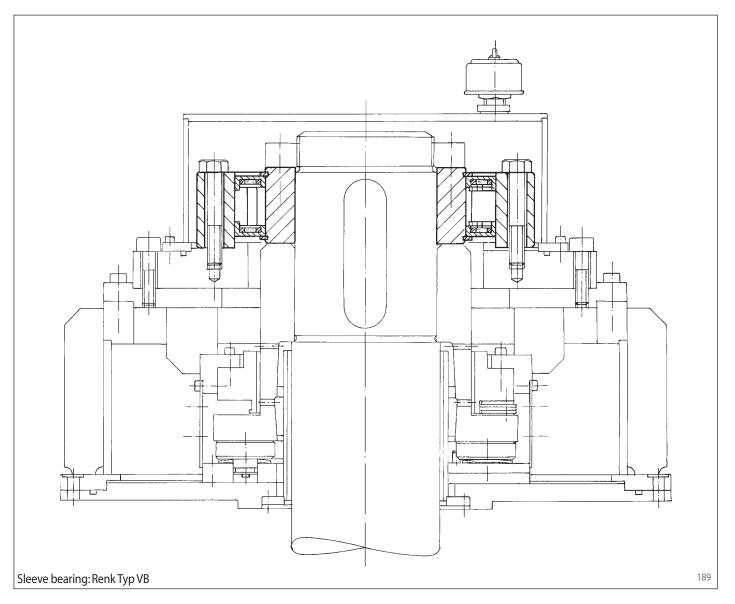
An oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided.

Example for ordering

Freewheel size FNR 20, standard type: • FNR 20

The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO H7 or G7 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.





Backstops FXM ... UX in the drive of large pumps for power stations: In order to guarantee the required operating safety, in accordance with the redundancy principle several parallel working pumps are arranged in one circuit. This also offers the possibility of adapting the feed rate to the respective requirements with the best possible use of the pump capacity.

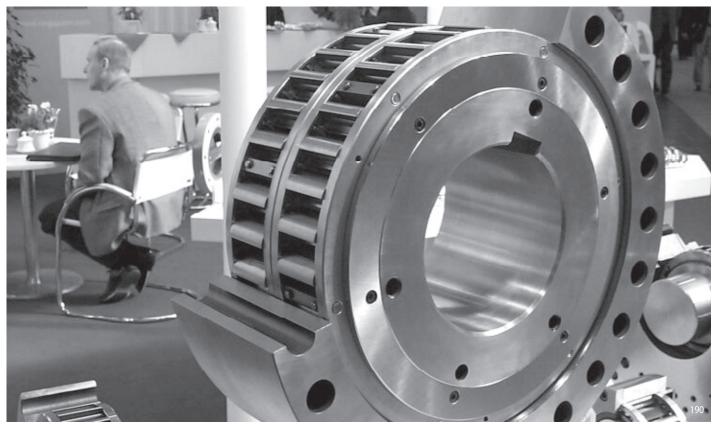
In pumps that are shut down, the backstops have the task of preventing reverse running under the back pressure of the conveyed medium and thus of preventing the pumps to act as turbines, while the other pumps of the pump group continue to operate. The reverse speeds and centrifugal forces that occur in such a case would destroy both the pump and the drive motor, incurring down time and considerable repair expense.

The backstop is located immediately above the sleeve bearing of the pump or, as shown in figure 189, above the sleeve bearing of the electric motor. Because of the function-related required sleeve bearing play and the unavoidable tolerances of neighbouring parts, the back-

stop needs a considerable misalignment capability. The backstop used with the sprag lift-off X at rotating inner ring permits T.I.R. of up to 0,8 mm.

In normal operation (freewheeling operation), because of the sprag lift-off the backstop works entirely without contact. Therefore, there is no wear on the sprags, and the service life is virtually unlimited. The existing oil mist protects the backstop from corrosion.





Backstop FXM 2.410 - 100 UX for the primary cooling water pump in a nuclear power station. Required torque 500 000 Nm. Speed 1485 min⁻¹. In service since 1996. Manufactured and tested with extensive documentation from RINGSPANN GmbH, Bad Homburg.



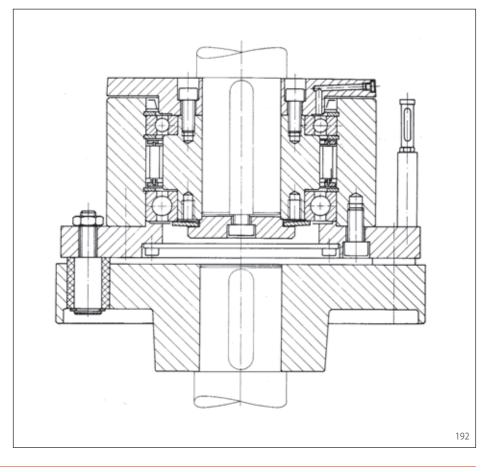
Iron ore conveyor plant in South Africa driven by three gear reducers with RINGSPANN backstops FXRT 170 SX.

Special Freewheel Designs



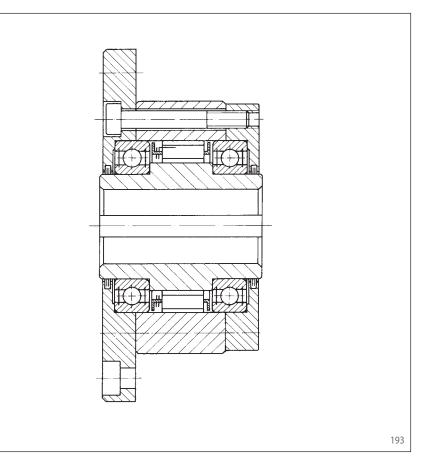
Special overrunning clutch for vertical installation, combined with a flexible pin-type coupling. The design is used in the dual drive of air pre-heaters in coal power plants.

The overrunning clutch is essential for both drives so that the respective stationary drive is not backdriven by the output side.

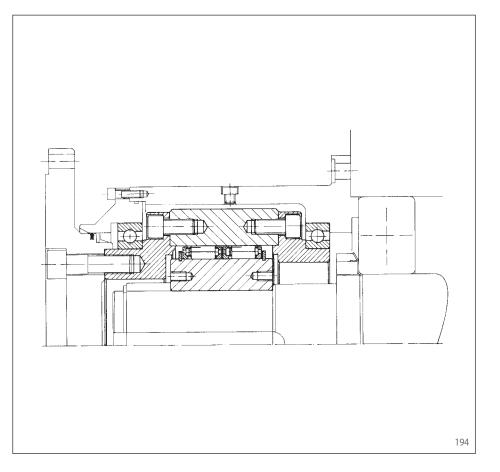


Overrunning clutch with sprag lift-off Z in special maintenance-free design.Lubrication of the sprags in the overrunning clutch is not required because of the high freewheeling speed of the outer ring.The sprags are lifted off of the stationary inner ring under the effect of the centrifugal force and thus operate without wear.

This overrunning clutch also uses life-time lubricated ball bearings and labyrinth seals; therefore, it is maintenance-free.



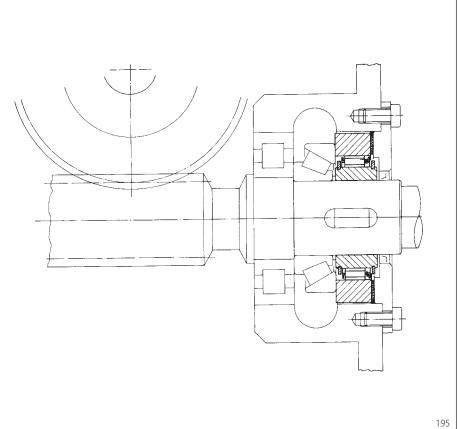
Overrunning clutch FXM 240 - 63 UX in custommade design in the auxiliary drive of a mill. In this special bearing arrangement, the ball bearings of the overrunning clutch only rotate when the mill is driven slowly via the auxiliary drive and the locked overrunning clutch. The inner ring with the mounted freewheel cage runs at high speed, but rotates without contact because of the sprag lift-off X. Hence overheating of the bearings as well as wear on the sprags is avoided.



Integrated Freewheel FON 82 SFR in a special design as a load-operated brake in a non selflocking worm gear. A load is raised or lowered via the worm wheel. The load creates an axial force and this asserts back torgue on the worm shaft. A freewheel is located on the worm shaft, the outer ring of the freewheel is connected via friction lining to the gearbox housing.

When the load is lifted, the inner ring freewheels and the freewheel runs in freewheeling operation. When the machine is brought to a standstill, the sprags of the freewheel lock and the back torgue of the load is passed into the gearbox housing via the friction lining. If the motor lowers the load, the freewheel is also locked and the motor overcomes the friction torque of the brake.

In this case, the bearing support for the outer ring is secured by means of a special freewheel cage. Beside sprags, this design also includes cylindrical rollers. These rollers provide the centering of the outer ring to the inner ring.



Bearing support

In the case of freewheels without bearing support, the design must ensure that the inner and outer ring are located concentric to one another with as little as possible play. The sprags do not have a centering effect of the outer ring to the inner ring. If the radial runout exeeds the prescriped limits, the transmissible torques will be reduced which could result in failures.

In the case of freewheels with built-in ball bearings, the customer must check these with



regard to the application related loads in accordance with the calculations from the bearing manufacturer. We will gladly supply you with documents regarding the built-in bearing types and bearing distances.

The series FDN, FDE and FD in type CFR have a bearing support to absorb radial forces. A second bearing support must be provided to absorb axial and tilting forces.

Axial forces between the inner and outer rings must not be directed via the sprags or the rollers, as this could interfere with the torque transmission. Therefore, the bearing support between the inner and outer ring must be free from axial play. The best design solution are axially pre-loaded roller bearings.

Central application of force

The forces applied to the freewheel – push rod force, drive belt etc. – should act between the bearings of the freewheel. If the effective line of the lateral force acts outside of the bearing, a

Fastening screws for connecting parts

In many freewheels in this catalogue, the customer's connecting parts are bolted to the outer ring of the freewheel. This screw connection is not comparable to a standard screw connection, e.g. like that of a VDI 2230. The torque in the freewheel is only pulsating, i.e. the circumferential force on the screw works in just one direction. The connection between the outer

Sprag track

In the case of freewheels without an inner ring (FD series), the inner sprag track is manufactured by the customer. It must be hardened and machined (grinding or hard-turned). The sprag track must then have the following characteristics: in figure 192) must be provided. Otherwise, the service life of the freewheel could be reduced. In the case of indexing freewheels, a central

rigid bearing or a pre-loaded bearing (as shown

ring and the connected part is not purely by friction, because the elastic expansion of the outer ring during torque transmission causes movement between the connected parts, until the screws locate circumferentially. Therefore, the screw connections in freewheels must be calculated for shearing. It has proven that for these fastening screws, the material quality 8.8 is sufficient. Because of the higher brittleness, screws of quality 12.9 should not be used. Tightening torques for the freewheel fastening screws should be selcted as per the values lis-

ted in VDI 2230, in each case taking into account

the existing friction values.

application of force is required in order to

achieve utmost indexing accuracy and highest

service life.

- Conicity: \leq 3 µm per 10 mm track width
- Average peak-to-valley height Rz as per DIN 4768, page 1:1,6 μ m \leq Rz \leq 6,3 μ m
- Hardness: 62 ± 2 HRc

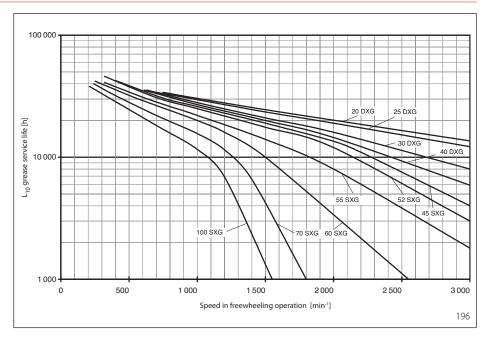
With case hardening:

Case hardening depth Eht as per DIN 50190, page 1: 1,5 ... 2 mm, hardness limit HG = 550 HV1, core strength \geq 1 100 N/mm² If other hardness processes are to be applied or if you need to deviate from the specified directives, we will gladly offer assistance in working out a solution.

To facilitate mounting when sliding on the freewheel, a lead-in chamfer of, for example, $2 \times 30^\circ$, should be provided on the sprag track.

Grease-lubricated ball bearings for Complete Freewheels BA ... XG and BC ... XG

Complete Freewheels BA ... XG and BC ... XG have grease-lubricated ball bearings. It should be noted that these ball bearings have a L₁₀ grease service life. Diagram 196 shows the dependency of the grease service life L₁₀ on the speed in the freewheeling operation. After reaching the grease service life L₁₀ the bearing must be replaced or cleaned and regreased. The specifications in the diagram are valid for stationary installations, horizontal shafts and a maximum operating temperature of 70 °C . A grease service life L₁₀ of more than 30 000 hours is not recommended. The diagram shows an excerpt from the theoretically possible range of grease service life L₁₀ (which would be practical for the majority of applications) as a function of the speed in freewheeling operation.



Transmissible torque

The calculation of the transmissible torque of a freewheel assumes that you know the geometrical associations between the clamping elements and the freewheel rings.

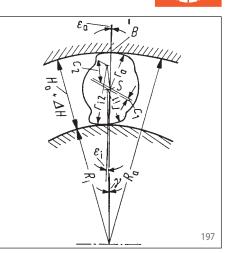
In the case of a sprag freewheel with cylindrical inner and outer ring races, the formula for the inner clamping angle (refer to figure 197) is:

$$\tan \varepsilon_{i} = \frac{Ra}{Ra-Ri} \sqrt{\frac{C^{2}-(Ri+ri-Ra+ra)^{2}}{(Ri+ri)(Ra-ra)}}$$

When calculating the transmissible torque you must also take into consideration the elastic deformations of the freewheel rings. These deformations are created by the large radial forces which the sprags exert on the rings during the locking process. For this purpose, differential equations must be solved that describe the interplay between stresses and deformations in the rings. The Hertzian surface pressure distribution on the contact points between the sprags and the tracks is represented by Fourier's series and inserted as boundary conditions in differential equations. In an iterative process, with continuously increasing forces, geometrical values, deformations and stresses are calculated and compared with the permissible limit values. The following limits must be observed:

- Hertzian pressure on the contact points
- Limit of clamping angle
- Tangential stresses in the rings
- Limit of sprag positional angle

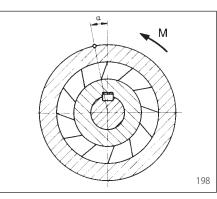
In this calculation the influence of eccentric tracks is also taken into consideration. In addition, the calculation provides the torsion spring



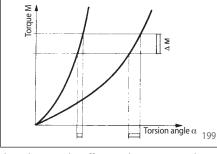
characteristic curve of the freewheel (refer to figure 199), which is particularly required for dynamic calculations of an entire installation.

Torsion spring characteristic curve

For many applications, in addition to the torque transmission, the elastic behaviour of the freewheel in a locked state (driving operation) plays a decisive role. As figure 198 shows, the outer ring and the inner ring twist (wind-up) against each other during torque transmission. The higher the transmitted torgue M the more they twist. The numerical relation between the torque M and the elastic torsional angle is represented in the torsion spring characteristic curve of the freewheel. The calculation of the torsion spring characteristic curve is also carried out using the geometrical values and the deformation equations. Figure 199 shows how important the torsion spring characteristic curve is, for example, in the application as indexing freewheel. Here, the torsion spring



characteristic curves are shown for a "soft" freewheel (flat characteristic curve) and a "stiff" freewheel (steep characteristic curve). If the driving torque M fluctuates, for example, around



the value ΔM , the effect on the torsion angle α of the freewheel with a flat characteristic curve is much greater than that of a freewheel with a steep characteristic curve. In indexed feed drives therefore, you always select freewheels with the steepest possible characteristic curve.

Actuation frequencies and actuation service life of indexing freewheels

In the case of indexing freewheels, the maximum actuation frequency and the service life depending on the actuation frequency are important selection characteristic values.

Maximum actuation frequency:

You cannot give a definite maximum permissible actuation frequency for any given freewheel, as many different influences of the entire machine construction can effect the freewheel. Of particular importance are: Type of machine, size and time course of the actuation torque and the index angle, required indexing accuracy, type of indexing freewheel, type of lubrication, drive of freewheel via inner or outer ring. This partial list shows that you cannot make a general statement regarding the maximum actuation frequency of a given catalogue freewheel. From successful applications with catalogue freewheels maximum actuation frequencies of up to 800 actuations per minute have been realized.

Actuation service life:

In the case of the actuation service life, it behaves similarly to that of the maximum actuation frequency as the influences on the freewheel are actually the same. It is not possible to calculate an exact number of actuations for any catalogue freewheel. Extensive research of the FVA (German Power Transmission Research Association) have come up with some associations. Of course, the test bench conditions are much idealised and cannot be freely transferred to the practical application conditions of indexing freewheels. In accordance with the research results, the total number of actuations of indexing freewheels is particularly dependent upon the torque and the resulting Hertzian pressure on the clamping points.

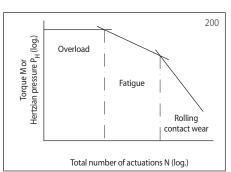


Figure 200 shows that we can differentiate between three areas: Overload, fatigue and rolling contact wear. Indexing freewheels must therefore be designed in such a way that they work in the area of rolling contact wear. This way, the total number of actuations can be in excess of 1×10^8 . With an actuation frequency of 100 actuations/minute, this corresponds to a service life of approximately 16 666 hours.

Technical Points

Maximum speeds and service life of backstops and overrunning clutches

The maximum permissible speed of freewheels that are used as backstops or overrunning clutches is primarily dependent upon the

- required service life in freewheeling operation,
- lubrication and heat disapation as well as
- the category of the freewheel.

Dependency of the maximum speed on the required freewheel duration of use

In the case of freewheels with sprags or rollers, wear will occur in the same way as it does with any other sliding machine parts. This wear increases as the relative speed of the sliding parts increases. RINGSPANN has developed different types which can reduce or even reverse these effect. The qualitative course of the service life in freewheeling operation of backstops and overrunning clutches in the various types is shown in figure 201. Refer to pages 12 and 13 for more detailed explanations on the types.

The maximum speeds given in the tables here (apart from the types with sprag lift-off X and Z as well as with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off) must always be considered in connection with the minimum required service life in freewheeling operation!

Information regarding the service life in freewheeling operation can be obtained upon request. Simply let us know the operating conditions.

The maximum speeds specified in the tables here apply for an ambient temperature of 20 °C. Other maximum speeds will apply for other ambient temperatures or special freewheel designs.

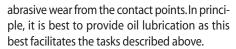
It is generally possible, by means of constructive measures that deviate from the standard design, to achieve even higher speeds. Please contact us if this is the case, preferably using the questionnaire on page 110 or 111.

Dependency of the maximum speed on the lubrication and heat disapation

With regard to the lubrication and heat disapation you must consider two key speed limits:

- Limit of maximum permissible operating temperature as well as the
- limit of lubricant life.
- Maximum permissible operating temperature:

The maximum permissible speed of a freewheel in freewheeling operation is, among others, reached if the maximum permissible operating temperature of the freewheel has been reached. Freewheels are lubricated with either oil or grease, in order to minimise the friction between the sliding parts in freewheeling operation. The lubrication also has the function of removing any occurring frictional heat and



In the case of Complete Freewheels and Internal Freewheels of series FCN ... K, FGK and ZZ ..., which form a unit made up of clamping elements, bearing support, seals and lubrication, there are predominantly four sources of heat that have a restrictive effect on the maximum permissible speed of the freewheel:

- Frictional heat of the seals
- Frictional heat of the lubricant
- · Frictional heat of the clamping elements
- · Frictional heat of the bearings

The major part of the frictional heat is disapated into the environment. The ambient conditions (ambient temperature, air speed etc.) therefore also have an influence on the operating temperature. Hence, the ambient conditions also have a speed-restricting effect on Complete Freewheels and Internal Freewheels of series FCN ... K, FGK and ZZ

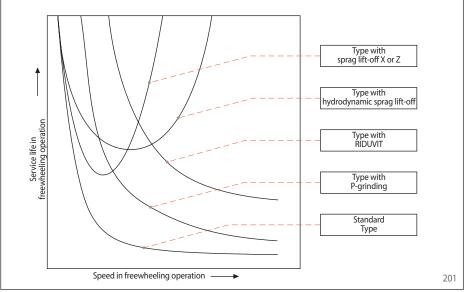
Lubricant life:

The lubricant ages because of the mechanical demands made upon it and after a certain period of use is no longer sufficiently capable of ensuring the function of reducing friction and protecting against wear. The speed of aging depends, among others, on the speed in freewheeling operation. In the event that the lubricant cannot be replaced, the lubricant life must be taken into consideration when establishing the maximum speed. Contact us for information in this regard.

Dependency of the maximum speed on the category of the freewheel

All the components of a freewheel are stressed during rotation because of the centrifugal forces. The maximum permissible component stress must be taken into consideration when establishing the permissible speeds. Furthermore, the service life of the bearings must be considered. The bearing manufacturer's directives must be adhered to. For economic reasons, the standard freewheel is designed for a maximum speed that generally suits most applications. Higher speeds can be achieved by means of special construction measures.

The maximum speeds specified in this catalogue for Basic Freewheels FBO and FGR ... SF, for Integrated Freewheels FON as well as for Internal Freewheels FEN apply for installation conditions as given with Complete Freewheels. Knowing the actual installation conditions higher speeds can be permitted under some circumstances. Please contact us if this is the case, preferably using the questionnaire on page 110 or 111.





Lubrication

For each series the standard lubrication (oil or grease lubrication) is specified on the respective catalogue pages. If a different design is required, please contact us.

The lubricants recommended in the table below for the various ambient temperature ranges have been predominantly chosen for the functioning capabilities of the sprags or the rollers when starting the machine or installation. If, after starting, the freewheel is in operation for a considerable period of time, then an operating temperature will arise in the freewheel that is generally higher than the ambient temperature. For this operating temperature you must check, if the lubrication capabilities of the oil or the basic oil contained in the grease is sufficient for any roller bearings that are built into the freewheel. In critical cases, it has proven useful to use the highly aging-resistant synthetic oil MOBIL SHC 626.

Oil lubrication

The lubrication should be carried out with a non-resinous oil with a kinematic viscosity in accordance with the lubricant table below.

For Complete Freewheels and Housing Freewheels with standard oil lubrication, the oil quantity can be established from the installation and operating instruction manuals.

Integrated Freewheels FXM, FXRV, FXRT as well as Internal Freewheels FXN can run with immersion lubrication, circulating lubrication or – in the case of operation above the sprag lift-off speed – without oil lubrication. With these series it is also permissible to use oils and greases with friction-value-reducing additives (molybdenum disulphide). If operating without oil lubrication, the sprags and the outer track must be greased prior to installation with a suitable viscous grease in accordance with the installation and operating instruction manual.

In the case of designs with Basic Freewheels, Integrated Freewheels FON and Internal Freewheels with oil lubrication, ensure that the inner track is immersed in the oil. If an immersion lubrication is not possible, an oil circulating lubrication must be provided, which will then ensures a constant oil film on the inner track.

Grease lubrication

The freewheels BA ... XG, BC ... XG, FA, FAV, FCN ...K and ZZ ... have a grease lubrication that is designed to last for the service life. It is maintenance-free and generally requires no subsequent lubrication.

In order to increase the service life of freewheels with grease lubrication, after an operating time of about two years the freewheels should be disassembled, cleaned, checked and regreased. Refer to the lubrication table for recommended greases.

Attention

Oils and greases that contain friction-reducing additives like molybdenum disulphide or the like, may only be used with our authorisation. Exception: Integrated Freewheels FXM, FXRV, FXRT as well as Internal Freewheels FXN.

Manufacturer	Oil			Grease
	For ambient temperatures from 0° C to +50° C Kinematic viscosity at 40° C, ISO-VG 46/68 [mm ² /s]	For ambient temperatures from –15° C to +15° C Kinematic viscosity at 40° C, ISO-VG 32 [mm ² /s]	For ambient temperatures from –40° C to 0° C Kinematic viscosity at 40° C, ISO-VG 10 [mm ² /s]	For ambient temperatures from –15° C to +50° C
Agip	OSO 46/68	OSO 32	OSO 10	
ARAL	VITAM GF 46/68	VITAM GF 32	VITAM GF 10	ARALUB HL2
BP	ENERGOL HLP-HM 46/68	ENERGOL HLP-HM 32	ENRGOL HLP-HM 10	ENERGREASE LS2
CASTROL	VARIO HDX	VARIO HDX	ALPHASYN T 15	
CHEVRON	HYDRAULIC OIL AW 46/68	HYDRAULIC OIL AW 32	RANDO HD 10	
ELF	ELFOLNA 46	ELFOLNA 32	ELF AVIATION HYDRAULIC OIL 20	
ESSO	NUTO H 46/68	NUTO H 32	UNIVIS J 13	BEACON 2
KLÜBER	CRUCOLAN 46/68	CRUCOLAN 32	CRUCOLAN 10	ISOFLEX LDS 18 Spezial A POLYLUB WH 2
MOBIL	D.T.E. 25/26	D.T.E. 24	AERO HF A	MOBILUX 2
SHELL	TELLUS 46/68	TELLUS 32	TELLUS T 15	ALVANIA RL2
other manufacturers	Gearbox or hydraulic oils without solid lubricants ISO-VG 46/68	Gearbox or hydraulic oils without solid lubricants ISO-VG 32; Automatic trans- mission fluids [ATF]	Gearbox or hydraulic oils without solid lubricants ISO-VG 10; note setting point! Aviation hydraulic oils ISO-VG 10	

Lubrication table

Please contact us in the case of temperatures in excess of 50° C and below -40° C.

Questionnaire for selecting RINGSPANN Backstops

Company:	Date:	
Address:	Enquiry Ref.:	
	Bhana	
Name:	Fax:	
Department:	E-mail:	
1. Where will the Backstop be used?		
1.1 Type of machine:	 1.3 Arrangement: On the shaft end 	1.4 If possible, please include specification, data sheet, sketch or drawing with con-
In the case of conveyor belts:	Diameter: mm	nection dimensions.
Angle of the steepest segment°	Length:mm	
Multiple-drive? □Yes □No If yes, number of drives	on a through shaft Diameter: mm	
1.2 Backstop location:	on a pulley	
\Box on the gearbox	on a sprocket	
\Box on the motor	elsewhere:	
🖵 elsewhere:		
2. Operating data		
2.1 Speed at the backstop location (backstop	2.2 Nominal power of motor	2.4 Maximum backdriving torque
shaft) $n_{sp} = \underline{\qquad} \min^{-1}$	$P_0 = \underline{\qquad} kW$	M _{max} =Nm
Would it be possible to arrange the back- stop on a high speed shaft? (higher	2.3 Must the backstop also take the peak torque that occurs if the drive motor is	2.5 Lifting capacity of the conveyor system P ₁ = kW
speed = lower torque = smaller backstop)	started in the locking direction of the	2.6 Efficiency of the machine between
If neccesary please give further details on	backstop (incorrectly poled drive motor)?	backstop and drive
the drawing.	If yes, the backstop must be substantially oversized.	η=
	□Yes □No	2.7 Number of stops per day:
		2.8 Daily operating time: hours
3. Installation conditions	3.2 Should the backstop be releasable?	3.6 Are there any elastic elements/componen
3.1 Open, outsideOpen, in a closed room	■ No ■ Yes, in an emergency	located between the backstop and the i
 In the machine housing 	Yes, frequently	stallation that is to be backstopped (elast
 In the machine housing Lubrication by means of oil bath 	3.3 Ambient temperature on the backstop:	couplings generate considerable pea
or oil mist in the machine housing	from°C to°C	torques at the moment of stopping)? Yes No
Connection to the central	3.5 Other (e.g. accessibility, dust susceptibility	
lubrication system is possible	and other environmental influences that	
Name of lubricant:	could be of significance):	
Kinematic viscosity: mm ² /s°C		
4. Estimated requirements		
Pieces (one-off)	Pieces/month	Pieces/yea
5. Enclosures		
Specifications Data sheet	Sketch/drawing	

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Questionnaire for selecting RINGSPANN Overrunning Clutches

Please photocopy or use the PDF-File fro	···· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Company:		
Address:		
	Phone:	
Name:		
Department:	E-mail:	
1. Where will the Overrunning Clutch be us	ed?	
1.1 Type of machine, machine group or instal- lation, in which the overrunning clutch will be used:		1.2 Arrangement of the overrunning clutch (if possible, please include specification, data sheet, sketch or drawing with connection dimensions).
 2. Operating data 2.1 In driving operation the drive of the overrunning clutch will be carried out by: Asynchronous motor direct start-up λ-Δ-start-up Other electric motor Type:	 2.3 Maximum torqueNm (Important for drives that develop their maximum torque below their nominal speed.) 2.4 Speed in driving operation: frommin⁻¹ tomin⁻¹ in freewheeling operation: (when overrunning clutch is disengaged) Primary part (driver) frommin⁻¹ tomin⁻¹ Secondary part (driven machine) frommin⁻¹ tomin⁻¹ 2.5 Should the overrunning clutch be combined with a shaft coupling? with an elastic coupling with a torsionally stiff coupling 	 2.6 If, upon start up, larger masses are to be accelerated: Moment of inertia: J = kgm² Speed of mass: n = min⁻¹ 2.7 Torque fluctuations/torsional vibrations during driving operation generate the following torque limits Minimum torque M_{min} = Nm Maximum torque M_{max} = Nm Min-/Maxtorque is not known 2.8 Daily operating time: hours (h) thereof (h) driving operation thereof (h) freewheeling operation
 3. Installation conditions 3.1 Open, outside Open, in a closed room in the machine housing Lubrication by means of oil bath or oil mist in the machine housing Connection to the central lubrication system is possible Name of lubricant: Kinematic viscosity mm²/s °C 	 3.2 Ambient temperature on the freewheel: from°C to°C 3.3 Other (e.g. accessibility, dust susceptibility and other environmental influences that could be of significance): 	 4. Estimated requirements Pieces (one-off) Pieces/month Pieces/year 5. Enclosures Specifications Data sheet Sketch/drawing

RINGSPANN GmbH

Schaberweg 30–34 D-61348 Bad Homburg Questionnaires

Questionnaire for selecting RINGSPANN Indexing Freewheels

lation, in which the indexing freewheel will be used:	Phone: Fax:
Name:	Fax: E-mail: 1.2 Arrangement of the indexing freewheel (possible, please include specification, data sheet, sketch or drawing with connection dimensions).
Department:	E-mail:
1. Where will the Indexing Freewheel be used? 1.1 Type of machine, machine group or installation, in which the indexing freewheel will be used: will be used:	1.2 Arrangement of the indexing freewheel (possible, please include specification, data sheet, sketch or drawing with connection dimensions).
1.1 Type of machine, machine group or installation, in which the indexing freewheel	possible, please include specification, data sheet, sketch or drawing with connection dimensions).
1.1 Type of machine, machine group or installation, in which the indexing freewheel will be used:	possible, please include specification, data sheet, sketch or drawing with connection dimensions).
lation, in which the indexing freewheel	possible, please include specification, data sheet, sketch or drawing with connection dimensions).
2.1 Index engls of the indexing frequence. 2.4 The	
from° to° gene 2.2 Number of actuations (indexes) per minute: from/min to/min Gene field in the second secon	ell crank Length mm draulic cylinder 2.6 Normal torque: neumatic cylinder M = Nm m disk or plate Maximum torque: her (please explain in more detail): M _{max} = Nm (including peaks) 2.7 Daily operating time: hours hours
3. Installation conditions	
 Open, in a closed room in the machine housing Lubrication by means of oil bath or oil mist in the machine housing Connection to the central 	ent temperature on freewheel: °C to°C (e.g. accessibility, dust susceptibility ther environmental influences that be of significance):
lubrication system is possible —— Name of lubricant: ——	
Kinematic viscosity:	
mm ² /s °C	
4. Estimated requirement	
Pieces (one-off)	Pieces/month Pieces/yea
5. Enclosures	

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Questionnaire for selecting RINGSPANN Housing Freewheels

Plea	ase photocopy or use	the PDF-File fro	om our Homepage	2!				
Сог	mpany:			Date:				
Ade	dress:			Enquiry Ref.:				
				Phone:				
De	partment:			E-mail:				
1.	Where will the Housing	Freewheels be us	ed?					
1.1	Type of installation:							
1.2	Type of working machine	e:						
	X →	Drive A	Housing Freewheel A	Working machine to be driven	Housing Freewheel B	Drive B	X →	
2.	Operating data		Housing Freewhe	el A	Housing Freewho	eel B		
1	In driving operation the	drive will be	Asynchronous	motor	Asynchronous	motor		
	carried out by		Direct startOther electric r	• •	Direct starOther electric	motor	∆-start up	
			Type: Combustion er	naine	Type: Combustion e			
			Туре:	No. of cylinders:	Туре:	No. of cylir	nders:	
			Turbine Other (please e)	xplain in more detail):	TurbineOther (please	evolain in more	detail):	
				·		-		
2.2	Speeds in driving operat	ion	from min	⁻¹ to min ⁻¹	from mir	n ⁻¹ to n	nin ⁻¹	
	Speeds in freewheeling c	operation	from min	⁻¹ to min ⁻¹	from mir	n ⁻¹ to n	nin ⁻¹	
2.3	Direction of rotation in d	riving operation	Anticlockwise		Anticlockwise			
	when viewed in directior		Clockwise					
2.4	To be transmitted in driv	ing operation	Power: Torque:		Power: Torque:			
			•					
2.5	Maximum torque determ rotational vibration calcu		Nn	1	Nm			
2.6	Should the Housing Free		U With elastic cou		With elastic co			
	combined with shaft cou	ipling?	Type <u>:</u> With torsionally	v stiff coupling	Type <u>:</u> With torsional	lv stiff coupling		
			Type <u>:</u>		Type <u>:</u>			
2.7	Should the Housing Free	wheel be		ectromagnetic brake	With built-in e			
	equipped with a parking		With externally		With externall			
	Selected Housing Freewl		Size		Size			
2.9	Daily operating time		ho					
				(h) driving operation (h) freewheeling operation	thereof thereof			
3.	Installation conditions		3.3 Other (e.g. acce	essibility, dust susceptibility		J	•	
3.2	Ambient temperature or		and other envi could be of sign	ironmental influences that				
	from °C to	°℃						
	Estimated requirement	s	Pieces (Pieces/month		Pieces/year	
5.	Enclosures		Specifications	Data sheet	Sketch/drawir	ng		

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RINGSPANN[®] Power Transmission





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